

2247A PORTABLE OSCILLOSCOPE OPERATORS

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Oservice

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INSTRUMENT SERIAL NUMBERS

Each instrument has a serial number on a panel insert, tag, or stamped on the chassis. The first two digits designate the country of manufacture. The last five digits of the serial number are unique to each instrument. The country of manufacture is identified as follows:

- B000000 Tektronix, Inc., Beaverton, Oregon, U.S.A.
- E200000 Tektronix United Kingdom, Ltd., London
- G100000 Tektronix Guernsey, Ltd., Channel Islands
- HK00000 Tektronix, Inc., Hong Kong
- H700000 Tektronix Holland, NV, Heerenveen, The Netherlands
- J300000 Sony/Tektronix, Japan

Certificate of the Manufacturer/Importer

We hereby certify that the 2247A OSCILLOSCOPE

2247A USCILLUSCOPE

AND ALL INSTALLED OPTIONS complies with the RF Interference Suppression requirements of Amtsbl.-Vfg 1046/1984.

The German Postal Service was notified that the equipment is being marketed.

The German Postal Service has the right to re-test the series and to verify that it complies.

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Bescheinigung des Herstellers/Importeurs

Hiermit wird bescheinigt, daβ der/die/das <u>2247A OSCILLOSCOPE</u> <u>AND ALL INSTALLED OPTIONS</u>

in Übereinstimmung mit den Bestimmungen der Amtsblatt-Verfugüng 1046/1984 funkentstört ist.

Der Deutschen Bundespost wurde das Inverkehrbringen dieses Gerätes angezeigt und die Berechtigung zur Überprufung der Serie auf Einhalten der Bestimmungen eingeräumt.

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NOTICE to the user/operator:

The German Postal Service requires that Systems assembled by the operator/user of this instrument must also comply with Postal Regulation, Vfg. 1046/1984, Par. 2, Sect. 1.

HINWEIS für den Benutzer/Betreiber:

Die vom Betreiber zusammengestelite Anlage, innerhalb derer dies Gerät eingesetzt wird, muβ ebenfalls den Voraussetzungen nach Par. 2, Ziff. 1 der Vfg. 1046/1984 genugen.

NOTICE to the user/operator:

The German Postal Service requires that this equipment, when used in a test setup, may only be operated if the requirements of Postal Regulation, Vfg. 1046/1984, Par. 2, Sect. 1.7.1 are complied with.

HINWEIS für den Benutzer/Betreiber:

Deles Gerät darf in Meβaufbauten nur betrieben werden, wenn die Voraussetzungen des Par. 2, Ziff. 1. &.1 der Vfg. 1046/1984 eingehalten werden.

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OPERATORS SAFETY SUMMARY

The safety information in this summary is for operating personnel. Warnings and cautions will also be found throughout the manual where they apply.

Terms in This Manual

CAUTION statements identify conditions or practices that could result in damage to the equipment or other property.

WARNING statements identify conditions or practices that could result in personal injury or loss of life.

Terms as Marked on Equipment

CAUTION indicates a personal injury hazard not immediately accessible as one reads the markings, or a hazard to property, including the equipment itself.

DANGER indicates a personal injury hazard immediately accessible as one reads the marking.

Symbols in This Manual



This symbol indicates where applicable cautionary or other information is to be found. For maximum input voltage see Table 6–1.

Symbols as Marked on Equipment



DANGER-High voltage.



Protective ground (earth) terminal.



ATTENTION-Refer to manual.

Power Source

This product is intended to operate from a power source that does not apply more than 250 V rms between the supply conductors or between either supply conductor and ground. A protective ground connection, by way of the grounding conductor in the power cord, is essential for safe operation.

Grounding the Product

This product is grounded through the grounding conductor of the power cord. To avoid electrical shock, plug the power cord into a properly wired receptacle before making any connections to the product input or output terminals. A protective ground connection, by way of the grounding conductor in the power cord, is essential for safe operation.

Danger Arising From Loss of Ground

Upon loss of the protective-ground connection, all accessible conductive parts, including knobs and controls that may appear to be insulating, can render an electric shock.

Use the Proper Power Cord

Use only the power cord and connector specified for your product.

The power cord must be in good condition.

Read Section 1 for power-cord and connector information.

Use the Proper Fuse

To avoid fire hazard, use only a fuse of the correct type, voltage rating and current rating as specified on the back of your product and in Table 6-1.

Do Not Operate in an Explosive Atmosphere

To avoid explosion, do not operate this product in an explosive atmosphere.

Do Not Remove Covers or Panels

To avoid personal injury, do not remove the product covers or panels. Do not operate the product without the covers and panels properly installed.

SECTION 1

INTRODUCTION

2247A Operators

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PRODUCT OVERVIEW

Description

The 2247A is a 100 MHz, four-channel, dual-sweep, portable oscilloscope for general-purpose use (Figure 1-1). A microprocessor-based operating system controls most of the functions in the instrument, including a fully integrated menu-driven voltage and time measurement system with SmartCursors⁽⁹⁾. A counter/timer (C/T) is integrated into the trigger system to provide many automated counting and timing measurements with high accuracy. Other features include single-button automatic front-panel setup and a menu-driven store/recall setup function. A menu-driven service mode provides for configuring of certain menu and readout displays, internal calibration, and servicing diagnostics.

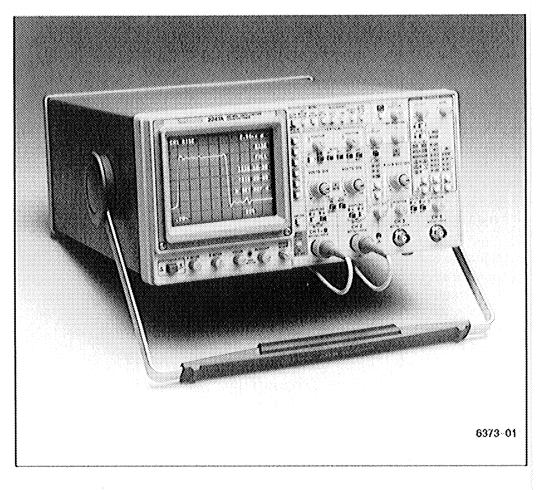


Figure 1-1. The 2247A Oscilloscope.

The vertical deflection system has four input channels. Two channels have 11 basic deflection factors from 2 mV to 5 V per division, and two channels have two basic deflection factors of 0.1 V and 0.5 V per division. Basic deflection factors can be extended with attenuator probes. VOLTS/DIV readouts are switched to display the correct vertical scale factors when properly coded probes are connected to the vertical input connectors.

The horizontal deflection system provides single, dual, or delayed sweeps from 0.5 s to 20 ns per division (delayed sweep, 5 ms to 20 ns per division). The trigger system provides stable triggering over the full bandwidth of the vertical deflection system.

Alphanumeric crt readouts of the vertical and horizontal scale factors are displayed at the bottom of the screen. On-screen vertical and horizontal cursors provide accurate voltage, time, frequency, and phase measurements; measurement values are displayed at the top of the crt.

Measurement features include voltage, time, frequency, and phase, counter/timer measurements, and risetime/falltime or propagation delay. Voltage measurements include positive peak, negative peak, peak-to-peak, and average dc levels, measured over the entire display or a selected portion (gated measurements).

Counter/timer measurements include frequency, period, width, totalize, frequency ratio, gated frequency, gated period, gated width, gated events, delta time, one-over-delta time, phase, rise/fall time, and propagation delay, using an internal or external frequency standard. Counter/timer measurements can be averaged to increase the number of displayed digits, and measurement trigger points can be indicated with cursors on screen.

Positionable cursors allow absolute voltage, voltage difference, time difference, frequency, and phase measurements. SmartCursors[®] visually track voltage measurements, trigger levels and ground and may be selectively displayed with the waveforms. Time, frequency, and phase measurements referenced to the trigger event or between two userselected events are available in ALT and B horizontal modes.

By pressing a single button (AUTO SETUP), the front-panel controls can be set up to produce a usable waveform display based on the voltage and time characteristics of the input signals.

The Store/Recall system lets you store and recall up to 20 different frontpanel setups. Stored setups can be arranged in sequences as required for specific applications.

Standard Accessories

The following items are standard accessories shipped with the 2247A instrument:

- 2 Probes, 10X, 1.5 meter, with accessories
- 1 Power cord
- 1 Power cord clamp
- 1 Operators manual
- 1 Reference guide
- 1 CRT filter, blue plastic (installed)
- 1 Fuse, 2A, 250 V, slow-blow
- 1 Accessory pouch, ziploc

See Section 8 "Options and Accessories" for part numbers and further information about standard accessories and a list of the recommended optional accessories. For more information on accessories and ordering assistance, contact your Tektronix representative or local Tektronix Field Office.

PREPARATION FOR USE

Safety

Refer to the Operators Safety Summary at the front of this manual for power source, grounding, and other safety information about the use of the instrument. Before connecting the 2247A to a power source, read this section and the Safety Summary.

Line Fuse

E CAUTION

This instrument can be damaged if the wrong line fuse is installed.

Verify the proper value of the power-input fuse with the following procedure.

- 1. Press in the fuse-holder cap and release it with a slight counterclockwise rotation.
- 2. Pull the cap (with the attached fuse inside) out of the fuse holder.
- 3. Verify proper fuse value.
- 4. Install the proper fuse and reinstall the fuse-holder cap.

Line Voltage and Power Cord

The 2247A operates on line voltages from 90 to 250 V with line frequencies ranging from 48 to 440 Hz. No line voltage selecting is necessary. Instruments are shipped with the power cord that was requested on the order. The power cord must match the power-source outlet; if it does not, contact your Tektronix representative or local Tektronix Field Office. See Figure 1–2 for optional power cords available.

Plug Configuration	Option	Power Cord/ Plug Type	Line Voltage	Reference Standards b			
	U.S. Std.	U.S. 120V	120V	ANSI C73.11 NEMA 5-15-P IEC 83 UL 198.6			
	A1	EURO 220V	220V	CEE(7), II, IV, VII IEC 83 IEC 127			
	A2	UKª 240V	240V	BS 1363 IEC 83 IEC 127			
- Ca	A3	Australian 240V	240∨	AS C112 IEC 127			
	Α4	North American 240V	240∨	ANSI C73.20 NEMA 6-15-P IEC 83 UL 198.6			
	A5	Switzerland 220V	220∨	SEV IEC 127			
^a A 6A, type C fuse is also installed inside the plug of the Option A2 power cord.							
^b Reference Standards Abbreviations: ANSI-American National Standards Institute							
AS—Standards Association of Australia BS—British Standards Institution CEE—International Commission on Rules for the Approval of							
Electrical Equipment IEC—International Electrotechnical Commission NEMA—National Electrical Manufacturer's Association							
SEV—Schweizervischer Elektrotechnischer Verein UL—Underwriters Laboratories Inc.							

Figure 1-2. Optional power cords.

The detachable three-wire power cord has a three-contact plug for connection to the power source and the protective ground. The power cord is held to the rear panel by a clamp. The protective ground contact on the plug connects (through the power cord protective-ground conductor) to the accessible metal parts of the instrument.



For electrical-shock protection, insert this plug into a powersource outlet that has a properly grounded protective-ground contact.

Instrument Cooling

To prevent instrument damage from overheated components, make sure the internal airflow is not blocked. Before turning on the power, check that the ventilation holes on the bottom and side of the cabinet are not covered.

Start-up

At power on, the instrument does a self-diagnostic check. If the instrument does not turn on and operate normally, turn power off then on again. If the instrument still does not turn on properly, refer the instrument to a qualified service person. TRIGGER MODE LEDs may be flashing to indicate the circuit location of a start-up error; you should report this information to the service person.

When the instrument is turned on, a self-cal routine may run to set the voltage- and timing-measurement constants. The power-on self cal runs only if the stored constants have been lost, possibly due to a dead memory back-up battery. The following warning message will be displayed for 5 seconds: "WARNING PROBABLE BATTERY FAILURE TURN OFF AND ON TO VERIFY". If the message reappears after having turned the power off and on, have the battery checked and/or replaced by a qualified service person. The instrument can still be used for accurate measurements by running the SELF CAL MEASUREMENTS routine from the SERVICE MENU after the instrument has warmed up for at least 20 minutes.

To run the SELF CAL MEASUREMENTS routine, press the top and bottom menu-item select buttons. Press down-arrow button to underline SELF

CAL MEASUREMENTS. Press RUN to start the routine, then QUIT or CLEAR DISPLAY to return to the normal oscilloscope mode.

Repackaging for Shipment

Save the original shipping carton and packing material in case it is ever necessary to reship the instrument by a commercial transport carrier. If the original materials are unfit or not available, then repackage the instrument using the following procedure.

- 1. Use a corrugated cardboard shipping carton with a test strength of at least 275 pounds and an inside dimension at least six inches greater than the instrument dimensions.
- 2. If instrument is being shipped to a Tektronix Service Center, enclose the following information: owner's address, name and phone number of a contact person, type and serial number of the instrument, reason for returning, and a complete description of the service required.
- 3. Completely wrap the instrument with polyethylene sheeting or equivalent to protect the outside finish and keep harmful substances out of the instrument.
- 4. Cushion instrument on all sides with three inches of padding material or urethane foam, tightly packed between the carton and the instrument.
- 5. Seal the shipping carton with an industrial stapler or strapping tape.
- 6. Mark the address of the Tektronix Service Center and your own return address on the shipping carton.

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SECTION 2

CONTROLS, CONNECTORS, AND INDICATORS

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CRT, Power, and Display

Refer to Figure 2-1 for location of items 1 through 9.



POWER Switch-Turns on or off instrument power. Press for ON or OFF.

At least one VERTICAL MODE button will light when the power is turned on. The front-panel setup existing when the power is turned off will return when the power is turned on again.



A INTEN Control—Adjusts the brightness of the A trace.

B INTEN Control-Adjusts the brightness of the B Delayed sweep trace and the intensified zone on the A trace.



FOCUS Control-Adjusts the focus of the crt displays (traces, readout, and cursors).

TRACE ROTATION Control—Aligns the crt trace with the horizontal graticule lines. This is a screwdriver adjustment.



READOUT Control—Adjusts the brightness of the crt readout display (includes all alphanumerics and cursors).



SCALE ILLUM Control-Adjusts the illumination level of the graticule.

NOTE

Life of the graticule illumination lamps can be increased by setting the SCALE ILLUM control for the minimum intensity needed for viewing, and turning off scale illumination when not needed.

BEAM FIND Button—Locates off-screen and overscanned displays when the button is held in. Limits the vertical and horizontal deflection within the display area and unblanks the CRT.

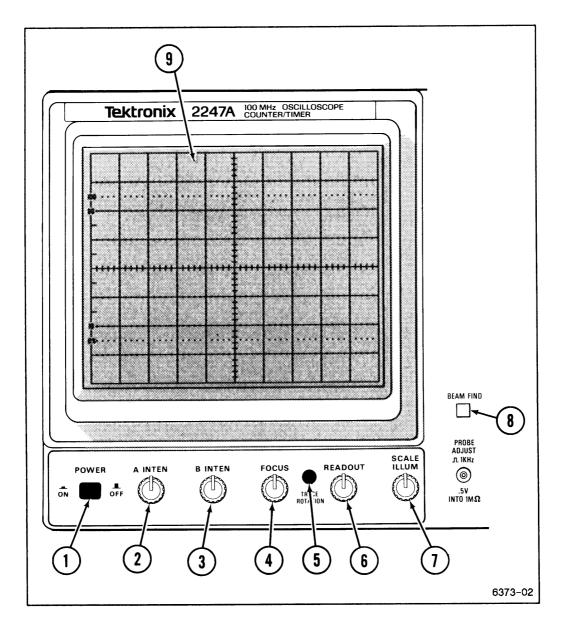


Figure 2-1. CRT, power, and display controls.

) CRT—Displays waveforms and readouts in an 80 mm vertical by 100 mm horizontal graticule area.

Internal graticule lines provide parallax-free viewing of trace and graticule lines. 0%, 10%, 90% and 100% points marked at the left edge of the graticule aid in making rise- and fall-time measurements.

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Vertical

Refer to Figure 2-2 for location of items 10 through 17.



CH 1 and CH 2 POSITION Controls—Adjust vertical position of the Channel 1 and Channel 2 waveform displays.

11) MODE Buttons—Select the vertical channels for display (CH 1, ADD channels 1 and 2, CH 2, CH 3, and CH 4). The CHOP/ALT MODE button selects method for switching input channels on the display (chopped or alternating).

Except for CHOP/ALT modes, pressing an unlit mode button turns on the mode, and pressing a lit button turns off the mode. CHOP is selected when the CHOP/ALT button is lit; ALT is selected when the button is not lit.

CH 1, CH 2, CH 3, and CH 4—Select vertical channels for display. At least one of the channels or ADD is always on and cannot be turned off until another channel is first turned on.

CHOP/ALT—In the CHOP mode the display chops between selected input channels at a rate of about 625 kHz. In the ALT mode, the selected channels are displayed in sequence (alternating at the end of each sweep).

ADD—Displays the algebraic sum of the Channel 1 and Channel 2 input signals. The ADD display is in addition to any other selected channel displays. In the ADD mode, a plus sign (+) is displayed between the Channel 1 and Channel 2 VOLTS/DIV readouts.

NOTE

In ADD mode when AUTO LEVEL TRIGGER MODE or CHOP VERTICAL MODE is selected, the algebraic sum of Channel 1 and Channel 2 displays provides the internal signal source for the trigger system when the trigger source is VERT. (12)

Channel 1 and Channel 2 VOLTS/DIV Switches—Select calibrated deflection factors for Channel 1 and Channel 2 from 2 mV per division to 5 V per division in a 1-2-5 sequence of 11 steps.

The switches are detented, continuous-rotation controls with no end stops. The VOLTS/DIV readouts reflect attenuation factors of coded attenuator probes connected to the vertical inputs.

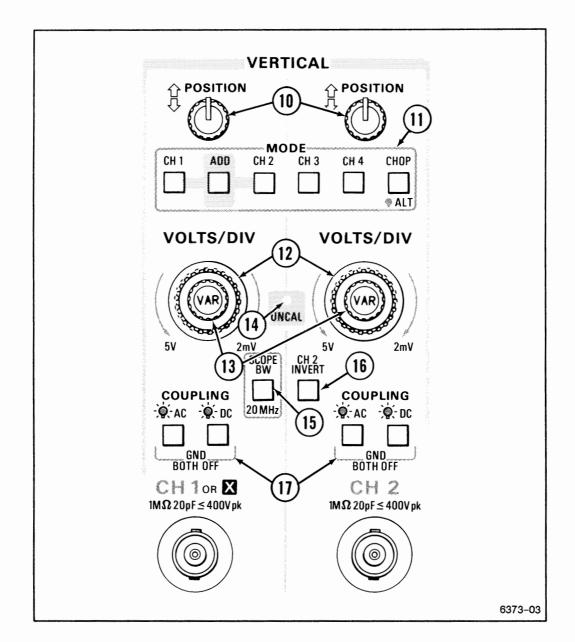


Figure 2-2. CH 1 and CH 2 vertical controls and indicators.

13) CH 1 AND CH 2 VOLTS/DIV VAR Controls—Allows the CH 1 and CH 2 vertical deflection factors to be increased up to at least 2.5 times.

Vertical deflection factors are greater than the VOLTS/DIV switch setting when the UNCAL indicator is lit and a greater-than symbol (>) is displayed to the left of the associated VOLTS/DIV readout.

NOTE

Normally the VOLTS/DIV settings are calibrated when the VAR control is in the fully clockwise (detent) position. However, if a front-panel setup had been recalled from the Store/Recall Setup memory, it is possible for the VOLTS/DIV settings to be calibrated or uncalibrated with the VOLT/DIV VAR control in any position. When the controls are rotated, normal variable operation returns.



UNCAL Indicator—Lights when either CH 1 or CH 2 VOLTS/DIV settings are uncalibrated (variable function in effect).

SCOPE BW Button—Reduces the bandwidth of the vertical deflection system and trigger system to 20 MHz when the button is lit. The full bandwidth is available when the SCOPE BW button is not lit.

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CH 2 INVERT Button—Inverts the Channel 2 input signal when the INVERT button is lit.

The Channel 2 input signal In ADD mode and the Channel 2 trigger signal pickoff are also inverted. A down-arrow symbol is displayed between the Channel 1 and Channel 2 VOLTS/DIV readout when the INVERT mode is on.

COUPLING Buttons—Select the method of coupling input signals to the Channel 1 and Channel 2 attenuators.

GND—Disconnects the input signal and grounds the input of the associated vertical attenuator to provide a zero (ground) reference voltage display.

The COUPLING switch is in the ground position when the AC and the DC buttons are not lit. A ground symbol (m) is displayed to the right

of the associated VOLTS/DIV readout. The ground symbol is also displayed after the value readout of any of the VOLTMETER measurements.

AC—Capacitively couples the input signal to the vertical attenuator when the AC button is lit.

Turning on AC Coupling turns off DC Coupling. AC Coupling blocks the dc component of the input signal. The lower -3 dB frequency limit is 10 Hz or less when using either a 1X probe or properly terminated coaxial cable; it is 1 Hz or less using a compensated 10X probe. With AC Coupling selected, an AC symbol (\sim) is displayed to the right of the associated VOLTS/DIV readout. An AC symbol is also displayed after the value readout of any Peak or Peak-to-Peak voltage measurement.

NOTE

When AC Coupling is selected for DC voltmeter measurements an error message "SELECT DC COUPLING" is displayed.

DC—Couples dc and all frequency components of the input signal to the vertical attenuator when the DC button is lit.

Turning on DC coupling turns off AC coupling. With DC Coupling selected, a DC symbol (\dots) is displayed to the right of the associated VOLTS/DIV readout. Input resistance is 1 M Ω to ground.

Refer to Figure 2-3 for location of items 18 through 23

(18) CH 1 OR X and CH 2 Input Connectors—Connect signals to the inputs of Channel 1 and Channel 2 vertical attenuators.

Input connectors are BNC type with an outer contact ring for recognizing attenuation factors of coded attenuator probes. A signal connected to the CH 1 OR X input connector produces the horizontal deflection (X-Axis) in the X-Y horizontal mode. Any of the vertical signal channels or ADD can provide vertical deflection (Y-Axis) for an X-Y display.

19) PROBE ADJUST Connector—Outputs a 0.5 V square-wave signal (at about 1 kHz into a 1 M Ω load) for compensating voltage probes and checking the vertical deflection accuracy.

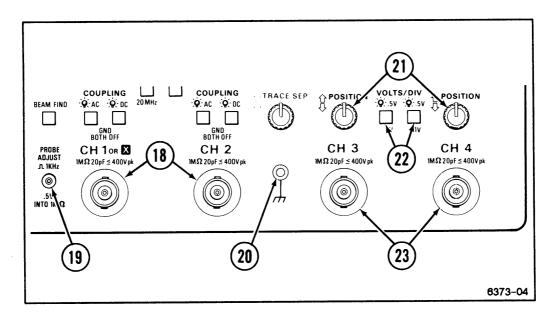


Figure 2–3. Vertical connectors and CH 3 and CH 4 controls.

- 20 Auxiliary Ground Jack—Provides an auxiliary chassis ground connection (banana jack) between the equipment under test and the 2247A.
 -) Channel 3 and Channel 4 POSITION Controls—Adjust vertical position of Channel 3 and Channel 4 signal displays.
 -) Channel 3 and Channel 4 VOLTS/DIV Switches—Select two basic deflection factors for Channel 3 and Channel 4, 0.5 volt/division (button lit) or 0.1 volt/division (button not lit).

The VOLTS/DIV switch setting displayed in the crt readout reflects the attenuation factor of coded attenuator probes that are connected to the vertical inputs.

23 CH 3 and CH 4 Input Connectors—Connect signals to the inputs of the Channel 3 and Channel 4 vertical attenuators. Input coupling is dc only.

The input connectors are BNC with probe-coding ring contacts (the same as Channel 1 and Channel 2). The limited choice of deflection factors for the Channel 3 and Channel 4 inputs makes them useful for digital and trigger signals.

21

22

Horizontal

Refer to Figure 2-4 for location of items 24 through 31.



POSITION Control—Adjusts the horizontal position of the waveform displays on the crt.

X10 MAG Switch—Magnifies the A and B sweeps by a factor of 10 and extends the fastest sweep speed to 2 ns per division. The center portion of an unmagnified sweep display will be within 0.5 division of the center of a magnified sweep display. No action occurs in X-Y mode.

When X10 MAG is on, a X10 symbol is displayed next to the SEC/DIV readouts. The readouts reflect correct display sweep speeds for the X10 MAG displays and the unmagnified displays.

26 MODE Buttons (Up-Arrow and Down-Arrow) and Indicators—Select the operating mode of the horizontal deflection system. Pressing the Up-/Down-Arrow buttons selects the horizontal deflection mode as shown by the MODE lights. Not all Menu Measurement modes are compatible with all horizontal deflection modes. See Table 3-1, Behavior for Horizontal MODE Changes, in Section 3.

A—Selects A sweep horizontal deflection. The A sweep speed is determined by the A SEC/DIV switch setting as displayed in the crt readout. Whenever A MODE is selected, the A/B SELECT switch is set to A Trigger.

ALT—Alternates between A sweep (with an intensified zone representing B sweep) and B delayed sweep. Both A and B SEC/DIV switch settings are displayed in the crt readout, but only the B can be adjusted. Whenever ALT MODE is selected, the A/B SELECT switch is set to B Trigger.

The B sweep speed cannot be set slower than the A sweep speed; attempting to do so forces the A sweep speed to follow the B sweep speed. To increase the A sweep speed in the ALT MODE, set the Horizontal MODE to A, adjust the SEC/DIV switch to a faster A sweep setting, and reset the Horizontal MODE switch to ALT. The B sweep speed and the length of the intensified zone are determined by the B SEC/DIV switch setting.

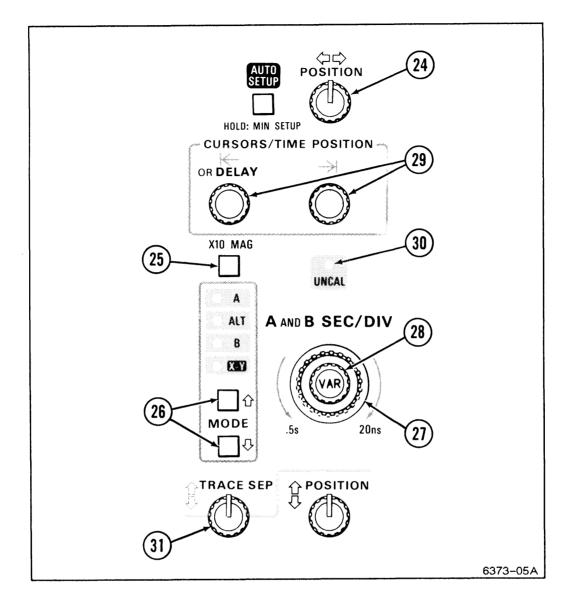


Figure 2-4. Horizontal controls and indicators.

B-Select B sweep horizontal deflection. The B sweep speed is determined by the B SEC/DIV switch setting as displayed in the crt readout. Whenever B MODE is selected, the A/B SELECT switch is set to B Trigger.

The start of the B sweep in RUNS AFTER mode (or the arming of the B Trigger in any triggered mode) is delayed from the start of the A sweep by a time determined by the setting of the \leftarrow OR DELAY control. The B SEC/DIV switch setting and the Delay Time Position

setting are displayed in the crt readout. A greater-than sign (>) is displayed in front of the Delay Time readout if the B Trigger MODE is not RUNS AFTER.

X-Y-The signal applied to CH 1 OR X input connector produces the horizontal (X-Axis) deflection. Signals applied to any vertical input connector or ADD may be selected to provide the vertical deflection (Y-Axis).

The X-Y displays are horizontally positioned by the Horizontal POSITION control and vertically positioned by the associated vertical channel POSITION control.

A AND B SEC/DIV Switch—Selects the horizontal deflection rate (sweep speed) for both the A sweep and the B sweep in a 1-2-5 sequence. Calibrated sweep speeds are obtained with the A and B SEC/DIV VAR control in the detent (fully clockwise) position. The A SEC/DIV switch setting is set only from the A Horizontal MODE and the B SEC/DIV switch is set only from the ALT or B Horizontal MODE.

NOTE

The B sweep speed can never be slower than the A sweep speed. When the two sweep speeds are the same, they are "locked." At this point A will follow B to slower SEC/DIV settings (in ALT or B) and B will follow A to faster settings (in A).

A SEC/DIV—The calibrated A sweep speed is selected only in A Horizontal MODE from 0.5 s per division to 20 ns per division (X10 MAG off).

B SEC/DIV—The calibrated B sweep speed is selected either in ALT or B Horizontal MODE from 5 ms per division to 20 ns per division (X10 MAG off).

A and B SEC/DIV VAR Control—Provides continuously variable, uncalibrated A and B sweep speeds to at least 2.5 times slower than the calibrated SEC/DIV setting.

The VAR control extends the slowest A sweep speed to at least 1.25 sec per division. The UNCAL indicator is lit and a greater-than sign (>) is displayed before each SEC/DIV readout value when the sweep speeds are greater than the SEC/DIV settings.

NOTE

Normally the SECIDIV settings are calibrated when the VAR control is in the fully clockwise (detent) position. However, if a front-panel setup had been recalled from the Store/Recall Setup memory, it is possible for the SECIDIV settings to be calibrated or uncalibrated with the SEC/DIV VAR control in any position. When the controls are rotated, normal variable operation returns.



CURSORS/TIME POSITION Controls—Sets the reference and delta cursors on the display.

NOTE

The reference and delta cursors will only track together as long as the reference delay plus the delta delay is less than 10 times the A SECIDIV setting (10 horizontal graticule divisions). The cursors cannot be positioned left of the 1st or right of the 11th vertical graticule lines.

I← OR DELAY—This control has the following functions:

- Positions the reference and delta cursors together in a cursor measurement mode. (Volts measurement in A, ALT, B, or X-Y Horizontal MODES; TIME measurement in A or B Horizontal MODES.)
- 2. Positions the reference and delta delays together in the TIME measurement modes in the ALT or B Horizontal MODE.
- 3. Sets the B sweep delay time in the ALT or B Horizontal Mode in DELAY measurement mode.
- 4. Positions the intensified zone for GATED VOLTMETER and GATED C/T measurements.
- 5. Selects the character to be altered in the ALTER LABEL menu of Store/Recall.
- \rightarrow —This control has the following functions:
- 1. Positions the delta cursor in the cursor measurement mode.

- 2. Sets the B sweep delta delay in TIME measurement mode when in the ALT or B Horizontal MODES.
- 3. Sets the width of the intensified zone for GATED VOLTMETER and GATED C/T measurements.
- 4. Changes the setup number or characters in Store/Recall.

NOTE

The reference and delta cursors will only track together as long as the reference delay plus the delta delay is less than 10 times the A SECIDIV setting (10 horizontal graticule divisions). Cursors cannot be positioned left of the 1st or right of the 11th vertical graticule lines.



UNCAL Indicator—Lights when the A AND B SEC/DIV settings are uncalibrated (variable function in effect).

) **TRACE SEP Control**—Positions the B sweep trace vertically with respect to the A sweep trace when ALT Horizontal MODE is selected.

Trigger

Refer to Figure 2-5 for location of items 32 through 38.

32 A/B SELECT Button—Directs the MODE, SOURCE, CPLG, SLOPE, and LEVEL controls and Trigger lights (TRIG'D and READY) to either the A or B Trigger system (A, when lit; B, when not lit).

Either A or B trigger can be selected for any Horizontal MODE; however, A/B SELECT is preset to A when A Horizontal MODE is selected, and B when ALT or B Horizontal MODE is selected. No change occurs when switching from B to X-Y Horizontal MODE.

For dual-channel C/T measurements, this button cycles through three trigger sources: A, B source 1, and B source 2. The button is lit when A is selected and unlit for either B source. If no menu is being displayed, the second-from-top readout line will show which of the three trigger sources is selected, along with slope, as shown below:

FREQ RATIO

A source:	TRIG SELECT: A SLOPE: ↑
B source 1:	TRIG SELECT: B chx SLOPE: 1
B source 2:	TRIG SELECT: B chy SLOPE:↑

Chx is the numerator channel, and chy is the denominator channel (CH 1, CH 2, CH 3, CH 4, or ADD may be selected for either channel). \uparrow is an up-arrow if positive trigger slope or a down-arrow if negative trigger slope.

 $[\]leftarrow SEC \rightarrow \downarrow, \leftarrow 1/SEC \rightarrow \downarrow, \leftarrow PHASE \rightarrow \downarrow$ (when run in ALT or B horizontal mode)

A source:	TRIG SELECT: A SLOPE: 1
B source 1:	TRIG SELECT: B SLOPE:↑
B source 2:	TRIG SELECT: B \triangle SLOPE: \uparrow

PROP DELAY

A source:	TRIG SELECT: A SLOPE:↑
B source 1:	TRIG SELECT: B START SLOPE:↑
B source 2:	TRIG SELECT: B STOP SLOPE: ↑



SLOPE Button—Selects the slope (positive- or negative-going) of the trigger source signal that triggers either the A sweep, the B sweep, or the C/T. (Button lit = positive-going; button not lit = negative-going.)

34 HOLDOFF Control—Varies holdoff time between the end of one A sweep and the start of the next A sweep.

The HOLDOFF control can increase the minimum holdoff time by at least 10 times. Adjusting this control can improve triggering stability of aperiodic signals (i.e., complex digital waveforms).

35) LEVEL Control—Sets the amplitude level on the trigger signal at which either the A sweep, the B sweep, or the C/T is triggered. When a sweep is triggered, the TRIG'D indicator is lit. During C/T measurements, the TRIG'D indicator is unlit for B trigger.

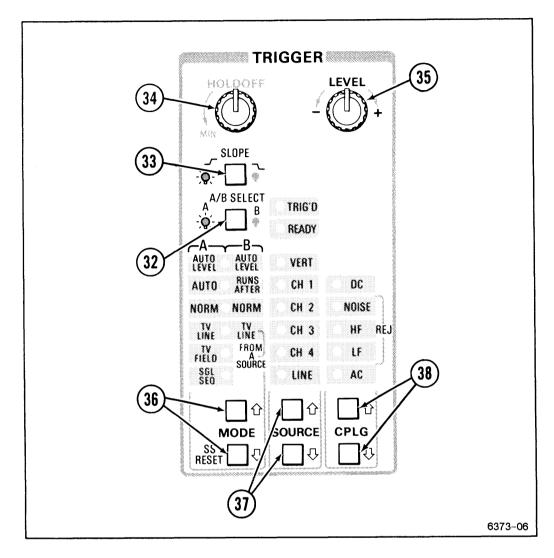


Figure 2-5. Trigger controls and indicators.

Adjusting the LEVEL control fully counterclockwise in AUTO LEVEL Trigger MODE causes the trigger to reacquire and sets the trigger level to the 10% point of the trigger signal; adjusting to the clockwise stop will cause a reacquisition to the 90% level. In either case, the limits of the Trigger LEVEL control will be the 10% and 90% levels of the trigger signal.

(36) MODE Buttons (Up- and Down-Arrows) and Indicators—Select the operating modes of the A and B trigger systems. Pressing the Up-/Down-Arrow buttons selects the operating modes as shown by the Trigger MODE lights. Selections available for the A Trigger (A/B SELECT button lit) are: AUTO LEVEL, AUTO, NORM, TV LINE, TV FIELD, and SGL SEQ. Selections for the B Trigger (A/B SELECT button not lit) are: AUTO LEVEL, RUNS AFTER, NORM, TV LINE FROM A SOURCE. For RISE, FALL, and PROP DELAY measurements, B Trigger MODE selection is not allowed, and B Trigger MODE lights are off.

If TV Sync Trigger Slope has been preset in the Configuration menu (see Service Menu Features in section 3), the A SLOPE is set to the preset slope when TV LINE or TV FIELD A Trigger MODE is selected. Whenever A Trigger MODE is set to a TV Trigger MODE, B Trigger SLOPE will automatically be set to match A Trigger SLOPE if TV LINE B Trigger MODE is selected. After A SLOPE has been preset, if A Trigger MODE is then taken out of a TV Trigger MODE, A SLOPE is set back to its previously selected (non-preset) value. If, while doing this, B Trigger MODE was still in TV LINE, the B SLOPE will be set automatically to match A SLOPE. If B SLOPE was set to match A SLOPE because B Trigger MODE was TV LINE, then setting B Trigger MODE to any other mode will cause B SLOPE to be set back to its previously selected (non-preset) value.

After the A SLOPE has been preset, it may then be altered as usual, and B SLOPE will automatically be set to match it if B Trigger MODE is TV LINE. If TV Sync Trigger Slope has not been preset in the Configuration menu, the A SLOPE will stay at its prior setting.

A Trigger Modes

AUTO LEVEL—Automatically sets the range of the Trigger LEVEL control to the 10% and 90% levels of the A Trigger source signal and sets the Trigger LEVEL either to the 10%, 50%, or 90% level of the A Trigger source signal, depending on the position of the Trigger LEVEL control.

The auto-level range is reset when triggering is lost, when the Trigger LEVEL control is rotated to either end stop, or when AUTO LEVEL Trigger MODE is selected again. AUTO LEVEL mode is useful for quickly locating and maintaining an appropriate triggering level.

The A sweep free-runs to produce a baseline trace when the A Trigger source signal amplitude is too low or the triggering-source frequency is less than 10 Hz.

AUTO—Triggers the same as the NORM Trigger MODE when an adequate trigger signal is applied. However, the A sweep free-runs when the A Trigger source signal amplitude is too low or the frequency is less than 10 Hz or the Trigger LEVEL is not appropriate. The triggering level changes only when the Trigger LEVEL control is adjusted to a new level setting.

NORM—Triggers the A sweep when the A Trigger LEVEL control is set within the peak-to-peak limits of an adequate trigger signal. When the A sweep is not triggered, no baseline trace is displayed.

TV LINE—Starts the A sweep at the beginning of a video signal line. SLOPE polarity must match the composite sync polarity to obtain TV LINE triggering on the horizontal sync pulse.

TV FIELD—Starts the A sweep at the beginning of a video signal field. SLOPE polarity must match the composite sync polarity to obtain TV FIELD triggering.

SGL SEQ (Single Sequence)—Sets up the A sweep for singlesequence operation. Each additional press of the down-arrow MODE button, when in single-sequence mode, resets the sweep and makes it ready to accept a trigger. As in NORM trigger MODE, the set triggering level changes only when the TRIGGER LEVEL control is adjusted to a new level setting.

When triggered, the sweep runs to produce a single sweep of each trace as required by the setting of the Vertical MODE and Horizontal MODE switches. Each displayed sweep in the sequence requires a distinct A sweep triggering event. The READY light remains on until the final trace in the sequence is completed. The readout and cursors can be set to turn on briefly at the end of the sequence when using a camera (factory settings default mode), or they can be set to remain on by changing the instrument configuration from the CONFIGURE menu (see "Service Menu Features" in Section 3).

B Trigger Modes

AUTO LEVEL—Sets the range of the Trigger LEVEL control to the 10% and 90% levels of the B Trigger source signal, sets the Trigger LEVEL, and triggers the B sweep and C/T.

NOTE

The B sweep operates in RUNS AFTER mode when the trigger-source signal amplitude is too low or the frequency is below 10 Hz. Switch to NORM triggering if the repetition rate is too slow for autoleveling. The A sweep must be running (free-running or triggered) for B sweep to trigger.

Once set, autoleveling is repeated only if triggering is lost, if the Trigger LEVEL control is rotated to either end stop, or if AUTO LEVEL Trigger MODE is reselected. AUTO LEVEL MODE is useful for quickly locating an appropriate triggering level.

RUNS AFTER—Starts the B sweep immediately after the delay time selected by the \leftarrow OR DELAY control.

NORM—The B sweep is triggered when an adequate trigger signal is received after the delay time condition has been met. When there is no trigger signal, there is no B sweep trace.

TV LINE FROM A SOURCE—Starts the B sweep at the beginning of the video signal line received after the delay time has been met.

NOTE

SLOPE polarity defaults to the A Trigger SLOPE. This must match the composite sync polarity (same as A Trigger SLOPE) to obtain correct triggering on the horizontal sync pulse.

37) SOURCE (Up-Arrow and Down-Arrow) Buttons and Indicators—Select the trigger source for either the A or the B Trigger system as directed by the A/B SELECT button. Pressing the Up-/Down-Arrow SOURCE buttons selects the trigger source (for A or B trigger system) as shown by SOURCE lights. For the Counter/Timer system, all measurement sources are selected from the SET MEAS'MT CHANNEL menus; the B trigger SOURCE lights stay off. VERT-Selects the trigger signal from the displayed waveforms.

The TRIGGER MODE and VERTICAL MODE switch settings determine the trigger signal source selection. When VERT is selected, one or more of the SOURCE lights will be on to indicate the trigger signal source. See Table 2-1 for VERT Trigger SOURCE selections.

CH 1—The signal applied to the CH 1 OR X input connector is the source of the trigger signal.

Trigger and Vertical Modes	ADD Mode	Trigger Source Selected
AUTO LEVEL	On	Algebraic sum of CH 1 and CH 2 input signals.
or CHOP	Off	Lowest numbered vertical channel displayed.
NON- AUTO LEVEL and ALT	On or Off	Alternates between displayed vertical channels in the following order: CH 1, CH 2, CH 3, CH 4, and ADD.

Table 2-1 VERT Trigger SOURCE

CH 2—The signal applied to the CH 2 input connector is the source of the trigger signal.

CH 3—The signal applied to the CH 3 input connector is the source of the trigger signal.

CH 4—The signal applied to the CH 4 input connector is the source of the trigger signal.

LINE—The triggering signal is obtained from a sample of the ac power-source waveform. This trigger source is useful when the

displayed waveform frequency is time related to the ac power-source frequency.

8) CPLG (Up-Arrow and Down-Arrow) Buttons and Indicators—Select the method of coupling the input trigger signal to the A or B trigger system as directed by the A/B SELECT button. Pressing the Up-/Down Arrow buttons selects the trigger coupling as shown by the CPLG lights.

DC—Couples dc and all frequency components of a triggering signal to the trigger circuitry.

DC coupling is useful for most signals, but it is especially useful for providing a stable display of low-frequency or low-repetition-rate signals.

NOISE REJ (Noise Reject)—Couples all frequency components of the input signal to the trigger circuitry but increases the peak-to-peak signal amplitude required to produce a trigger event.

NOISE REJ coupling is useful for improving stability when the trigger signal is accompanied by low-level noise.

HF REJ (High Frequency Reject)—Attenuates high-frequency triggering signal components above 50 kHz.

HF REJ coupling is useful for providing a stable display of lowfrequency components of complex waveforms and eliminates highfrequency interference from the trigger signal.

LF REJ (Low Frequency Reject)—Attenuates low-frequency triggering signal components below 100 kHz and blocks the dc component of the trigger signal.

LF REJ coupling is useful for producing stable triggering on the highfrequency components of complex waveforms and rejecting lowfrequency interference or power supply hum from the trigger signal.

AC—Attenuates trigger signal frequency components below 50 Hz and blocks the dc component of the signal.

AC coupling is useful for triggering on ac waveforms that have a large dc offset.

Rear Panel

Refer to Figure 2-6 for location of items 39 through 42.

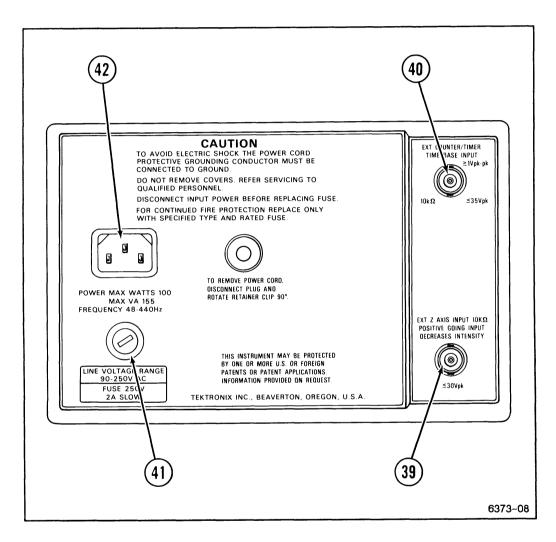


Figure 2-6. Rear panel.

39) EXT Z-AXIS INPUT Connector—Connects external signals to the Z-Axis amplifier for intensity modulating the crt display.

Signals applied to the EXT Z-AXIS INPUT do not affect display waveshape. Signals with fast rise times and fall times provide the most abrupt intensity change. The active region threshold level is 1.8 V. A Z-Axis voltage above the threshold voltage of 3.8 V produces noticeable modulation. The Z-Axis signals must be

time-related to the displayed signal to obtain a fixed intensitymodulated crt display.

EXT COUNTER/TIMER TIME BASE INPUT Connector—Connects an external reference oscillator signal to the Counter/Timer. This signal must be 1, 5, or 10 MHz ±2%, with at least 1 Volt p-p amplitude. The Counter/Timer will automatically switch to this signal, when present, and provide an indication in the readout.

Fuse Holder—Contains the primary power fuse.

Power Cord Receptacle—Connects the ac power source to the instrument power supply.

The power cord protective-ground connection is connected to the exposed metal parts of the instrument. The power cord must be connected to a properly grounded source for electrical-shock protection.

Menu System Controls

Refer to Figure 2-7 for location of items 43 through 49.

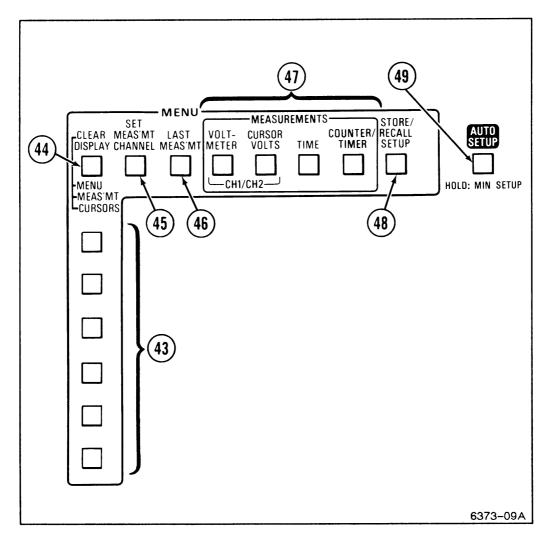
43) Menu Item Select Buttons—Select items from the list displayed on the right side of a displayed menu. A Menu Item Select button that has no corresponding menu item does nothing when pressed. The menu display will clear when the item is selected (unless the SERVICE mode CONFIGURE menu is set for: KEEP MENU ON WHEN ITEM SELECTED? YES). The factory settings default is NO.

You can access the Service Mode by pressing the top and bottom Menu Item Select buttons at the same time. This should only be done when no other menu is displayed, as unwanted selections on the displayed menu could occur. See "Service Menu Features" in Section 3 for using the operational modes of the SERVICE MENU.



CLEAR DISPLAY—Clears displayed menus, measurement functions, and cursor functions in the following order:

- 1. Menu display (Service, Measurement, and Store/Recall Setup menus).
- 2. Measurement function (including TRACK MEASMT cursors if displayed).
- 3. TRACK TRIG LVL and TRACK *h*.





SET MEAS'MT CHANNEL—Displays menus for setting measurement-source channels for active measurement modes.

There are two one-page menus available; one for voltmeter and rise/fall measurements, and one for single-channel Counter/Timer measurements. Two-channel measurements, such as delta time, frequency ratio, and propagation delay, have two-page menus. Each menu lists all valid input channels that can be selected for that measurement mode.

If the SET MEAS' MT CHANNEL button is pressed for an invalid mode, one of the following messages will be displayed for two seconds:

- 1. SELECT A MEASUREMENT—When no measurement mode is active.
- 2. NO MEAS CHANNEL NEEDED—When a selected measurement mode (such as cursor time) does not require a measurement channel to be set.

When a SET MEAS'MT CHANNEL menu is displayed, changing the Horizontal MODE, except between ALT and B, clears the menu.

46) LAST MEAS'MT—Recalls the last active measurement mode to the display and resets the measurement channel. If the last active measurement mode is already displayed when the LAST MEAS'MT button is pressed, only the measurement channel is reset.

The measurement channel for VOLTMETER, CURSOR VOLTS, and RISE or FALL measurement modes is set to CH 1, if CH 1 is displayed, otherwise to CH 2. If neither CH 1 nor CH 2 is displayed, CH 1 will be turned on and will be the measurement channel.

The measurement channel for single-channel Counter/Timer measurements is set to the lowest number displayed channel (may be set to CH 1, CH 2, CH 3, CH 4, or ADD).

Measurement channels for time measurement modes (ALT and B Horizontal modes) and dual-channel Counter/Timer measurements are set to the lowest number displayed channel for the delay time (or B source 1) and the next lowest number displayed channel for the delta-delay time, (or B source 2) if more than one channel is displayed. Both are set to the same channel when only one channel is displayed. CH 1 is considered the lowest numbered channel, and ADD is considered the highest numbered channel.

NOTE

When the memory-backup battery is dead or has just been replaced, the last measurement is initialized to \vdash SEC \rightarrow at power on. The battery must be replaced by a qualified service person.

Measurement Select Buttons—Calls up Measurement selection menus. Measurements are selected from the list of menu items at the right side of the menu display.

VOLTMETER CH1/CH2—Displays the voltmeter menu. The selected measurement mode is shown by an underlined menu item. Tracking cursors (measurement, ground, trigger level) may be displayed to show the measurement points on the displayed signal (see CURSORS).

CURSOR VOLTS—Calls up the menu for selecting cursor volts measurement modes. The first page of the menu lets you select positionable cursors; page 2 is for selecting the auto-tracking SmartCursors[®].

TIME—Calls up the menu to select the type of timing measurement to be made. Menu choices are listed on the right side of the screen.

COUNTER/TIMER—Calls up the menu to select the type of counter/ timer measurement to be made. Menu choices are listed on the right side of the screen.

B) STORE/RECALL SETUP Button—Calls up store and recall menus that let you store and recall up to 20 front-panel setups. When you press the STORE/RECALL button, the STORE/RECALL menu (factory settings default) or the RECALL ONLY menu is displayed depending on how you set the SERVICE mode CONFIGURE menu. See "Service Menu Features" in Section 3 to set CONFIGURE menu.

AUTO SETUP Button—Press to automatically set up the front-panel controls to produce a usable crt display. Setups are based on the characteristics of the applied signals.

The voltage and frequency characteristics of the input signal must be within the limits of the 2247A specifications.

In addition, applied signals must be large enough to insure a stable trigger In NOISE REJECT at 2 mV/div and be within the dynamic range of the vertical and trigger system at 5 V/div. The input signal must be DC or periodic within the frequency range of 50 Hz to 100 MHz.

Auto-setup action for each front-panel control is shown in the Appendix of this manual in Table A-1. In addition to the action shown In Table A-1, any selected measurement is re-initialized as if it were manually selected.

NOTE

MIN SETUP as described below is only available on instruments Serial Numbered B020100 or above.

MIN SETUP—Pushing and holding the Auto-Setup button until instrument operation returns enters the MIN SETUP function. This sets up the front-panel controls as the Auto-Setup does but leaves many of the controls unchanged from what the user has previously set. MIN SETUP action for each front-panel control is shown in Appendix A. For the most complete, Accurate, and legible service manuals For obsolete test equipment





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INTRODUCTION

This section is divided into two subsections: BASIC OPERATION and MENU SYSTEM OPERATION. BASIC OPERATION provides some general information about the readout displays, graticule, and signal connections; MENU SYSTEM OPERATION provides detailed information on the menus and functions available under menu control.

BASIC OPERATION

This subsection contains the basic operating information and techniques that should be considered before attempting any measurements. For location and function of instrument controls, connectors, and indicators see "Controls, Connectors, and Indicators," Section 2 of this manual.

Graticule

The graticule is internally marked on the crt face to provide parallax-free viewing and enable accurate measurements (see Figure 3-1). The graticule is marked with eight vertical and ten horizontal major divisions. Major divisions are further divided into five subdivisions of 0.2 division each, marked along the center vertical and horizontal graticule lines. Percentage marks for rise-time and fall-time measurements are marked on the left side of the graticule. Vertical deflection factors and horizontal timing are calibrated to the graticule so that accurate measurements can be made directly from the crt.

The waveform displays are calibrated to the crt graticule markings for making quick and very accurate measurements of waveform parameters. Voltage measurements are done by counting the vertical graticule divisions and partial divisions occupied by the portion of the display being measured and then multiplying by the VOLTS/DIV setting. Time measurements using the graticule markings are done in a similar manner. Count the number of horizontal graticule divisions and partial divisions occupied by the portion of the waveform being measured and multiply by the SEC/DIV setting.

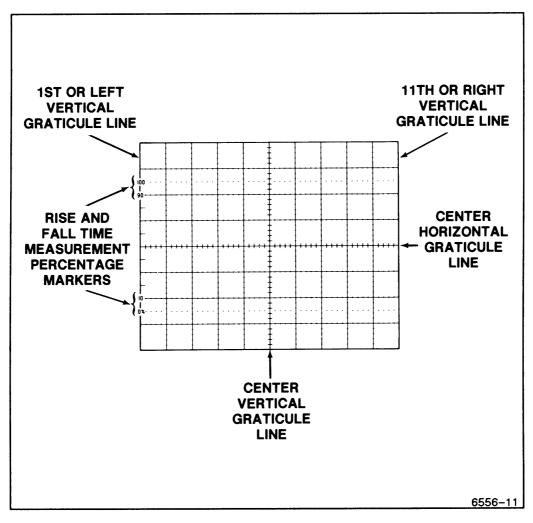


Figure 3-1. Graticule measurement markings.

To improve the accuracy of the estimate, position the display to take advantage of the 0.2 division minor graticule markings on the center graticule lines. Also position one of the measurement points of the waveform as precisely as possible on one of the major graticule marks to be used as a measurement reference point.

Readout Display

The crt readout display indicates how the instrument controls are set up. No physical markings are on the rotating switches and control knobs to indicate the control setting. A key to the location and type of readout information displayed is illustrated in Figure 3–2.

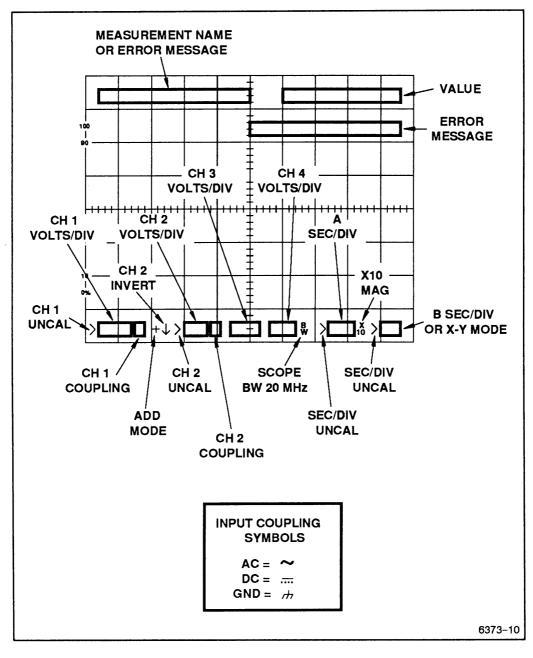


Figure 3-2. Readout display locations.

Connecting Input Signals

Grounding

The most reliable signal measurements are made when the 2247A and the unit under test are connected by a common reference (ground lead) in addition to the single lead or probe. The ground lead of the probe provides the best grounding method for signal interconnection and ensures the maximum amount of signal-lead shielding in the probe cable. A separate ground lead (with a banana plug) can also be connected from the unit under test to the 2247A ground jack on the front panel.

Probes

A probe provides the most convenient way to connect an input signal to the oscilloscope. The standard 10X probes supplied with the 2247A are shielded against electromagnetic interference and have a high input impedance for low circuit loading. The subminiature probe bodies are designed for probing circuitry with closely spaced leads.

SCALE FACTOR SWITCHING. The VOLTS/DIV scale factors, displayed on the crt, reflect the probe attenuation factor when Tektronix coded probes are used.

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS. To get the best waveform fidelity, keep probe ground and signal leads as short as possible.

Misadjusted probe compensation can cause measurement error. Check and adjust probe compensation whenever a probe is moved to a different channel or oscilloscope. For the probe compensation adjustment procedure, see Section 4, "Operator Checks and Adjustments."

For detailed operating considerations and probe maintenance, see the instruction sheet supplied with the probe.

Coaxial Cables

Signal input cable can greatly affect the accuracy of a displayed waveform. To maintain original frequency characteristics of the input signal, use only high-quality, low-loss coaxial cables. Coaxial cables must be terminated at both ends in their characteristic impedance to prevent signal reflections within the cable. Use suitable impedance-matching devices.

External Triggering

Any of the four vertical channels in the 2247A can be used as a source of A and B trigger signals. When you need a trigger signal source different from the one derived from displayed signals, you can use any free vertical input channel. CH 1 and CH 2 can "condition" a wide range of signals to produce triggers over the full vertical deflection range from millivolts to hundreds of volts. CH 3 and CH 4 have two basic attenuation factors (0.1 and 0.5 volts per division), making them especially useful for triggering on and viewing digital signal levels.

Auto Setup

Pressing the AUTO SETUP button automatically sets up the front-panel controls based on the characteristics of the applied signal. The voltage amplitude, sweep settings, trigger parameters, vertical and horizontal positioning, and trace intensities are preset to produce a usable waveform display. The waveform is horizontally centered and vertically positioned within the crt display. The voltage and frequency characteristics of the input signal must be within the limits of the 2247A specifications given in Section 6.

Auto-setup action for each front-panel control is shown in Appendix A.

Min Setup

MIN SETUP is only available on instruments Serial Numbered B020100 or above.

Pressing and holding the Auto-Setup button until the instrument returns to normal operation initiates the MIN SETUP function. This automatically sets up the front-panel controls but leaves many of the controls unchanged from what the user has set.

MIN SETUP action for each front-panel control is shown in Appendix A.

MENU SYSTEM OPERATION

This subsection provides operating details of the measurement menus, service menus, and Store/Recall Setup menus.

Introduction

Pressing one of the menu call-up buttons causes a list of menu items to be displayed on the right-hand side of the CRT beside a group of six Menu Item Select buttons (see Figure 3-3). Pressing the menu button next to a menu item on the display selects that function (i.e., to another menu page, a measurement selection, a measurement source channel, service feature, store/recall setup features, or menu off). When a measurement mode, measurement source channel, or service feature in the menu list is selected, that label is underlined.

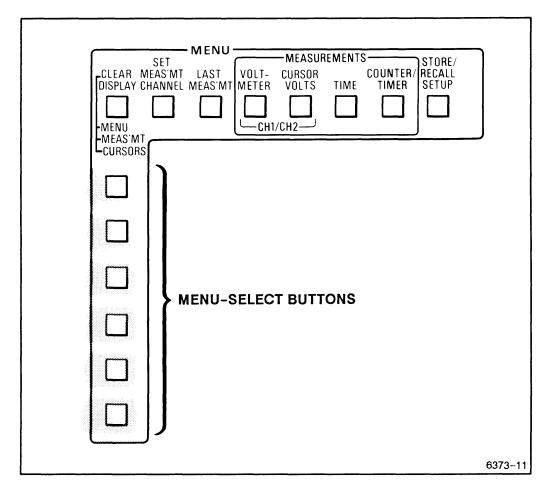


Figure 3-3. Menu buttons.

Normally, the menu display turns off after a measurement function is selected (if not configured to remain on), and the name and value of a selected measurement function appears in the top line of the CRT readout. However, when it is possible to make more than one selection from the menu list (or if the menu is configured to remain on), the display menu will

remain on for making further choices until the CLEAR DISPLAY button is pressed or MENU OFF selected (if a menu choice). The service menu can be turned off by selecting QUIT from the menu or pressing the CLEAR DIS-PLAY button.

Clearing the Menu and Cursors Display

The CLEAR DISPLAY button clears displayed menus, turns off measurement functions (including TRACK MEASMT cursors), and turns off the TRACK TRIG LVL and TRACK m cursors. Depending on what menus and measurements are displayed at the time, you may have to press the CLEAR DISPLAY button as many as three times to completely clear the display.

If a menu is on, pressing the CLEAR DISPLAY will remove the menu and return the display to a normal operating mode. Measurement functions are turned off with the second press (or the first press if no menu is displayed). Finally, the TRACK TRIG LVL and TRACK \dot{m} cursors are canceled with a third press (or the first press if no menu is displayed and no measurement function is active).

Setting Measurement Channel

Press SET MEAS'MT CHANNEL button to call up one of the menus for setting the measurement channel(s). There are one-page menus available for voltmeter and rise/fall measurements and single-channel C/T measurements, and two-page menus for all the measurements that can have two different measurement channels. Each menu lists input channels that can be selected for the active measurement mode.

If the SET MEAS'MT CHANNEL button is pressed for an invalid mode, one of the following messages will be displayed in the top line for about two seconds.

SELECT A MEASUREMENT—When no measurement mode is active.

NO MEAS CHANNEL NEEDED—When a selected measurement mode (such as cursor time) does not require a measurement channel setting.

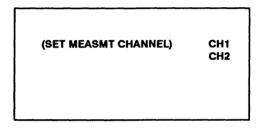
When a SET MEAS'MT CHANNEL menu is displayed, switching between A and ALT Horizontal MODES normally clears the menu and turns off the active measurement mode.

Pressing a menu button next to a vertical channel number selects that choice as the source channel for the measurement. For Channel 1 or

Channel 2 Voltmeter measurements, the selected source channel need not be displayed and is not automatically turned on when selected. It is possible therefore to view a Channel 1 display and have the Channel 2 voltage measurement value displayed by the readout (and vice versa).

When setting the measurement channel for $\leftarrow VOLTS \rightarrow |$ or $\not m VOLTS \rightarrow |$, or for RISE, FALL, PROPDLY, or gated C/T measurements, or when setting delay-time and delta-time channels, a vertical channel that is selected in the menu is turned on if not previously selected and it remains displayed when deselected as the measurement source channel. Any vertical channel traces turned on that are not wanted in the display must be turned off using the VERTICAL MODE buttons.

The following illustrations show all the possible menus that may be called up when the SET MEAS'MT CHANNEL button is pressed depending on the measurement mode in effect.



Voltmeter Measurement Channel Menu; also used to select RISE/FALL measurement source.

(SET COUNTER CHANNEL)	•
	CH2
	СНЗ
	CH4
	ADD

Single-Channel C/T Measurement Channel Menu.

(SET DELAY TIME CHANNEL) CH1	(SET ATIME CHANNEL) CH1	
CH2	CH2	
CH3	CH3	
CH4	CH4	
ADD	ADD	
(TO ACHANNEL MENU)	(BACK TO DELAY CHANNEL MENU)	

Delay-Time and Delta-Time Measurement Channel Menus

		MENU)	
(TO /SOURCE CHANNEL MENU)		(BACK TO SOURCE/ CHANNEL	
	ADD		ADD
	CH4		CH4
	CH3		СНЗ
-	CH2		CH2
(SET SOURCE/ CHANNEL)	CH1	(SET /SOURCE CHANNEL)	CH1

Frequency Ratio Measurement Channel Menus

(TO STOP CHANNEL MENU)		(BACK TO START CHANNEL MENU)	
	ADD		ADD
	CH4		CH4
	CH3		СНЗ
	CH2		CH2
(SET START CHANNEL)	CH1	(SET STOP CHANNEL)	CH1

Propagation Delay Measurement Channel Menus

Recalling the Last Measurement Mode

When an active measurement has been cleared, either by pressing the CLEAR DISPLAY button or changing the Horizontal MODE, it may be reactivated without using the Measurement Menu to reselect it. Press LAST MEAS'MT to recall the last selected measurement mode if no measurement mode is active. The LAST MEAS'MT button may also be used to reinitialize an active measurement mode. A press of the button cancels the active measurement and then recalls it in its initialized state. This feature is useful for returning VOLTS cursors and, under some conditions, TIME cursors or delays to their initialized positions after they have been adjusted away.

The measurement channel for VOLTMETER, CURSOR VOLTS, and RISE or FALL measurement modes is set to CH 1, if CH 1 is displayed, otherwise to CH 2. If neither CH 1 nor CH 2 is displayed, CH 1 will be turned on and will be the measurement channel.

The measurement channel for single-channel C/T measurements is set to the lowest number displayed channel (can be CH1, CH2, CH3, CH4, or ADD).

Measurement channels for TIME measurement modes (ALT and B Horizontal modes) and dual-channel C/T measurements are set to the lowest

number displayed channel for the delay time (or B source 1), and the next lowest number displayed channel for the delta-delay time, (or B source 2) if more than one channel is displayed. Both are set to the same channel when only one is displayed. CH1 is considered the lowest numbered channel, and ADD is considered the highest numbered channel.

NOTE

The last measurement is initialized to $|\leftarrow$ SEC \rightarrow at power on when the memory-backup battery is dead or has just been replaced. If the battery is dead, refer the instrument to a qualified service person to have it replaced.

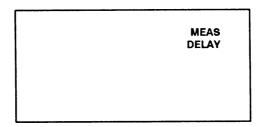
Channel 1 and Channel 2 Voltmeter

Press VOLTMETER CH1/CH2 button to display the first page of menu choices. The selected measurement mode is shown by an underlined menu item. Tracking cursors (measurement, ground, or trigger level) may be displayed to show the measurement points on the displayed signal (see Conditions for Cursor Display).

If a single channel (CH 1 or CH 2) is selected for display, it becomes the default measurement source channel. When neither channel is being displayed when a Voltmeter measurement is selected, or recalled by the LAST MEAS'MT button, CH 1 is turned on as the default channel. If both CH 1 and CH 2 are being displayed, the default measurement source channel upon each initialization is also CH 1. Use the SET MEAS'MT CHANNEL function to assign CH 2 as the measurement channel. Turn off the CH 1 display if CH 2 is the desired default measurement source channel. If both CH 1 and CH 2 are turned off while the Voltmeter measurement is active, the error message "VOLTMETER SOURCE: CH 1 OR 2 ONLY" will be displayed and the voltmeter measurement will be canceled.

Only one active measurement is allowed at a time. The name of the active measurement and measured value are displayed at the top of the screen. A measurement is canceled with no message when the Horizontal Mode is changed to a mode incompatible with the active measurement mode. See Table 3-1 in "Behavior for Horizontal MODE Changes" for compatible modes.

If a +PEAK, -PEAK, or PK-PK Volts measurement is selected when horizontal mode is either ALT or B, Cursor Knob Allocation Menu 1 is displayed.



Cursor Knob Allocation Menu 1

If MEAS is selected from this menu, the Voltmeter measurement is performed on an area of the A sweep that is intensified by the B sweep display. The Voltmeter measurement is, in effect, gated by the B sweep, with the gating interval starting approximately at B sweep start \pm (0.5 division + 20 ns) and ending approximately 11 divisions from B sweep start. If measurement tracking cursors are enabled, they will track with the B sweep display. The I- OR DELAY knob will control the B delayed sweep position, even though the DELAY time is not displayed. When a Volts measurement is selected when B Trigger MODE is not RUNS AFTER, an error message "USE RUNS-AFTER-DELAY TRIG MODE" will be displayed, and the Volts measurement will not start up. If B Trigger MODE is changed while a Volts measurement is running, the Voltmeter measurement is canceled, without a message, and the DELAY measurement runs.

If DELAY is selected, the \vdash OR DELAY knob will control the B delayed sweep position, and the DELAY measurement runs, displaying the delay time value In the top line of the readout.

If horizontal mode is changed to A when the above menu is displayed, the menu will disappear, but the selected Volts measurement will continue running, with the measurement tracking cursors tracking the A sweep (as in the normal, nongated version of the Volts measurement).

(VOLTMETER)

+ PEAK -PEAK PK-PK SELF CAL (TO GATED MEASMT MENU) (VOLTS PG 2)

GATED + PEAK GATED -PEAK GATED PK-PK

(BACK TO PREVIOUS MENU)

Voltmeter and Gated Voltmeter Selection Menus

DC

Voltmeter Measurements Page 1

DC-Measures the average DC level of the measurement channel waveform.

+PEAK—Measures the most positive (screen-relative) voltage in the applied waveform.

-PEAK-Measures the most negative (screen-relative) voltage in the applied waveform.

PK-PK-Measures the peak-to-peak voltage of the applied waveform.

SELF CAL—Self characterizes the vertical system. SELF CAL may be performed at any time. Suggested times are: after a warmup period, whenever the ambient operating temperature changes by $\pm 15^{\circ}$ C, and just prior to making any voltmeter measurements requiring the best possible accuracy.

(TO GATED MEASMT MENU)—Selects the gated-measurement menu.

Voltmeter Measurements Page 2, Gated Measurements

The oscilloscope must be properly triggered for gated measurements. If there is no trigger signal in NORM Trigger MODE, the message "LO REP RATE – STILL TRYING" will be displayed. If there is no trigger signal in AUTO LEVEL or AUTO Trigger MODE, the readout value will be unstable and meaningless.

Gated Voltmeter measurements are made within the gated (intensified) region on the displayed waveform. The position of the gated zone is set using the \vdash OR DELAY control, and the width is set using the \rightarrow control. Gated measurements are not allowed in SGL SEQ Trigger MODE; active gated measurements will be canceled if SGL SEQ Trigger MODE is selected. If a gated voltage measurement is selected after switching to SGL SEQ TRIGGER MODE, the message "NOT ALLOWED IN SSEQ" is displayed for about two seconds.

GATED +**PEAK**—Measures the most positive (screen-relative) voltage in the gated (intensified) portion of the waveform.

GATED -PEAK-Measures the most negative (screen-relative) voltage in the gated (intensified) portion of the waveform.

GATED PK-PK—Measures the peak-to-peak voltage in the gated (intensified) portion of the waveform.

(BACK TO PREVIOUS MENU)—Returns the first page of the Voltmeter menu.

Cursor Volts Measurements

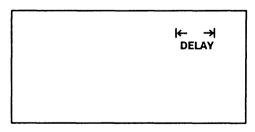
Press CURSOR VOLTS to display the measurement choices of menu 1. Select (TO AUTO TRACKING MENU) to obtain the auto tracking SmartCursor[®] choices.

(ΤΟ Αυτο Τ	RACKING MENU)	SELF CAL TIME MEASMTS (BACK TO PREVIOUS MENU) (MENU OFF)
(CURSOR VOLTS)	к– volts → ⋔ volts→	(CURSORS - PG 2) TRACK MEASMT TRACK TRIG LVL TRACK 加

Cursors VOLTS and Auto Tracking Menus

If \vdash VOLTS \rightarrow | or $\not m$ VOLTS \rightarrow | is selected when the Horizontal MODE is either ALT or B, Cursor Knob Allocation Menu 2 is displayed, and the measurement is performed on the B sweep display.

If $|\leftarrow \rightarrow|$ is selected in the Cursor Knob Allocation menu, the $|\leftarrow$ OR DELAY knob will control the $|\leftarrow$ Volts cursor position and the $\rightarrow|$ knob will control the $\rightarrow|$ Volts cursor position in the $|\leftarrow$ VOLTS $\rightarrow|$ measurement; the $\rightarrow|$ knob will control the $\rightarrow|$ Volts cursor position in the $h \vee$ VOLTS $\rightarrow|$ measurement (the $|\leftarrow$ OR DELAY knob has no effect).



Cursor Knob Allocation Menu 2

If DELAY is selected, the DELAY measurement runs, displaying the delay time value in the top line of the readout; the \leftarrow OR DELAY knob will control B delayed sweep position, and the \rightarrow knob has no effect. If $\leftarrow \rightarrow$ is reselected, the previously selected Cursor Volts measurement is restarted.

If the Horizontal MODE is changed to A when the above menu is displayed, the menu will disappear, but the selected Volts cursor measurement will continue.

 $|\leftarrow VOLTS \rightarrow|$ —Measures the equivalent voltage difference between two horizontal cursors in either A Horizontal MODE or X-Y Horizontal MODE. Both cursors are positioned by the $|\leftarrow$ OR DELAY control and the delta cursor is positioned by the $\rightarrow|$ control. When the VOLTS cursors measurement is first turned on (or recalled as a last measurement mode), the peak voltages of the source channel signal are measured, and one SmartCursor[®] is placed at the most positive peak and the other is placed at the most negative peak.

m VOLTS \rightarrow — Measures the equivalent voltage between the independent cursor and ground. A ground tracking cursor marks the ground position of the selected waveform display in either A Horizontal MODE or X-Y Horizontal MODE. The ground tracking cursor follows the ground level of the source channel waveform as it is positioned vertically. When initialized, the independent SmartCursor[®] is placed on the most positive signal peak.

(TO AUTO TRACKING MENU)—Select the tracking cursor choices of page 2.

All of the tracking cursor selections may be underlined, but only two cursors (of either type—tracking or measurement) may be displayed at a time. If TRACK MEASMT is selected and a Channel 1 or Channel 2 Voltmeter measurement is active, the TRACK m cursor is not displayed when TRACK TRIG LVL is also active. If the measurement-tracking cursor is turned off, the ground tracking cursor will return to the display.

The CLEAR DISPLAY button may be used to turn off the MENU, MEASUREMENT, and TRACK TRIG LVL and TRACK \not{m} cursors in a priority scheme of three levels. MENU first, MEASUREMENT second, and TRACK TRIG LVL and TRACK \not{m} cursor last. The highest level being displayed is turned off each time the CLEAR DISPLAY button is pressed.

TRACK MEASMT—Press to enable or disable the Channel 1 or Channel 2 Voltmeter measurement-tracking cursors (SmartCursors[®]) that show the waveform-measurement points). The state of the TRACK MEASMT feature does not affect the positionable m VOLTS \rightarrow I cursor operation. The CLEAR MENU button will not turn off the TRACK MEASMT feature; it only turns off the present display of the TRACK MEASMT cursor when it turns off the active measurement mode. The next time a Channel 1 or Channel 2 VOLTMETER measurement mode is selected, the TRACK MEASMT cursor or cursors will again be displayed.

TRACK TRIG LVL—Press to enable or disable the Trigger Level tracking cursor. See "Conditions for Cursors Display" in this section for conditions required to display the Trigger Level tracking cursors.

TRACK \not{m} —Press to enable or disable the ground level tracking cursor. The TRACK \not{m} cursor follows the VERTICAL MODE in that it follows the lowest displayed channel of either CH 1 or CH 2.

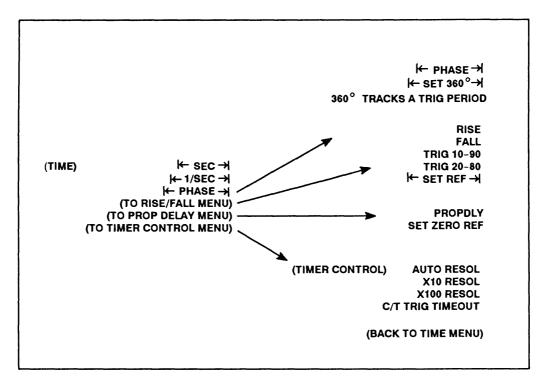
SELF CAL TIME MEASMTS—Self characterizes the horizontal system. SELF CAL may be performed at any time. Suggested times are: after a warmup period, whenever the ambient operating temperature changes by $\pm 15^{\circ}$ C, and just prior to making any time measurements requiring the best possible accuracy.

(BACK TO PREVIOUS MENU)—Returns the first page of the Cursors menu.

(MENU OFF)—Clears the menu from the display.

Time Menus

Press the TIME button to call up the time measurement choices. A selected TIME measurement mode is underscored when the menu is displayed. Only one active measurement at a time is allowed. Making a selection removes the menu (unless SERVICE mode CONFIGURE menu is set to keep menu on when measurement selected). The selected measurement type and value are displayed at the top of the screen.



Time Measurement Menus

In A Horizontal MODE, cursors are always used to make $[\leftarrow SEC \rightarrow]$, $[\leftarrow 1/SEC \rightarrow]$, and $[\leftarrow PHASE \rightarrow]$ measurements. If one of these three measurements is selected while in ALT horizontal mode, the C/T will be used to measure the time difference from the reference delay (A sweep start to B sweep start), to the delta delay (A sweep start to B delta sweep start); intensified zones appear in the A sweep trace in ALT horizontal mode to indicate these time intervals. The $[\leftarrow OR DELAY control knob$ $positions both delay times (reference and delta) together, and the <math>\rightarrow$ control knob positions the independent delta delay.

In \models SEC \rightarrow I, \models 1/SEC \rightarrow I, and \models PHASE \rightarrow I measurements made in ALT Horizontal MODE (and when C/T is used in B Horizontal MODE), all B Trigger modes may be selected, and couplings, levels, and slopes may be controlled. B Trigger SOURCE LEDs are turned off (use the SET MEAS'MT CHANNEL menu to alter the measurement channels). The B Trigger light remains off during C/T measurements. However, indication of proper triggering is shown with a steadily blinking "Ct" character in the top line of the readout. In \models PHASE \rightarrow I in A Horizontal MODE, if 360° TRACKS A TRIG PERIOD is used, the "Ct" character stays on continuously (no blinking), the A Trigger light indicates when a proper A Trigger is obtained. If a proper external frequency reference source is plugged into the rear-panel EXT COUNTER/TIMER TIMEBASE INPUT connector, the "Ct" character will have the "ET" character above it.

 $|\leftarrow$ SEC→| —Press to measure the equivalent time difference between the two vertical cursors displayed in the A Horizontal MODE or the two time delays in ALT or B Horizontal mode. The position of both cursors or both delays is controlled by the $|\leftarrow$ OR DELAY control; the position of the delta cursor or the delta delay is controlled by the →| control. The measured time difference between the two cursors or delays is displayed in the crt readout. When Horizontal MODE is ALT or B, the C/T is used to measure the time interval between the two delays (cursors can be used in B Horizontal MODE). When the C/T is used, all B trigger modes are available (the selected mode is the same for both B delay and B delta triggers).

If the Horizontal MODE is X-Y, pressing the $|\leftarrow$ SEC $\rightarrow|$ button causes the message "USE A ALT OR B MODE" to be displayed for two seconds. Changing the Horizontal MODE to X-Y after $|\leftarrow$ SEC $\rightarrow|$ has been activated will cancel the measurement with no message.

 $|\leftarrow 1/\text{SEC} \rightarrow|$ —Measures the time difference in frequency units (hertz) between the cursor positions in A Horizontal MODE or between the delay-time setting and the delta-delay time setting in either ALT or B Horizontal MODE. When Horizontal MODE is ALT or B, the C/T measures the delta time interval and displays the equivalent frequency (cursors can be used in B Horizontal MODE). When the C/T is used, all B Trigger modes are available, as in $|\leftarrow \text{SEC} \rightarrow|$. Measurement points are the left ends of the two intensified zones in ALT Horizontal MODE.

← PHASE→ -- Calls up a lower level menu for phase measurement operation.

Cursor positioning for delay and delta time setting are identical to the $|\leftarrow$ SEC \rightarrow I mode. The value displayed for the phase-measurement readout has units of degrees and is calculated by the following formula:

Phase (in degrees) =
$$\frac{(\text{time difference})}{(\text{reference time})} \times 360$$

When selecting the \leftarrow PHASE \rightarrow measurement, a second menu is displayed to permit the user to set the 360 degree phase measurement reference.



Phase Measurement Set Reference menu

To set a new reference manually, press $|\leftarrow$ SET 360° \rightarrow | and position the cursors to the new reference value using the $|\leftarrow$ OR DELAY and \rightarrow | control knobs. After setting the new reference, press $|\leftarrow$ PHASE \rightarrow | to continue the phase measurement.

If 360° TRACKS A TRIG PERIOD is selected (underlined), the C/T will ignore the fixed reference (set with \leftarrow SET 360° \rightarrow I) and automatically measure the A trigger period for each phase measurement cycle, and use this as the 360 degree reference. This feature is useful when phase measurements are being performed on signals of varying frequency, and/or highest possible measurement accuracy is desired. The 360° TRACKS A TRIG PERIOD function toggles on or off each time its button is pushed, and can be used while making phase measurements in either A Horizontal MODE (using cursors) or ALT or B Horizontal MODES.

If $|\leftarrow \text{SEC} \rightarrow |$, $|\leftarrow 1/\text{SEC} \rightarrow |$, or $|\leftarrow \text{PHASE} \rightarrow |$ measurement is selected while in B Horizontal MODE, Cursor Knob Allocation menu 2 (shown previously in this section under "Cursor Volts Measurements") is displayed, and the user can choose one of two possible modes (the selected measurement will start up using the previously selected mode):

If $|---\rightarrow|$ is selected in this menu, the cursor knobs will control the two time cursor positions as in A horizontal mode, except that these cursor positions are scaled to the B sweep time/div setting. The |-- OR DELAY control knob positions both cursors (reference and delta) together, and the -- control knob positions the independent delta cursor.

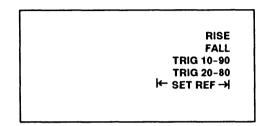
If DELAY is selected, the C/T is used to measure the time intervals, as explained above for ALT horizontal mode (except that no intensified zones are displayed in B horizontal mode). The \vdash OR DELAY control knob positions both delay times (reference and delta) together, and the \rightarrow control knob positions the independent delta delay.

If horizontal mode is changed from B back to ALT when Cursor Knob Allocation menu 2 is displayed, this menu will disappear, and the measurement will continue, using the C/T to make the measurement.

The following error messages are possible for \models SEC \rightarrow , \models 1/SEC \rightarrow , and \models PHASE \rightarrow , in the modes where the C/T is used:

Message	Reason
NO A SWEEP	No A sweep was detected after timeout (ALT or B Horizontal MODE).
NO B SWEEP	No B sweeps were detected at all (ALT or B Horizontal MODE).
NO B TRIG	No triggered B delay sweep was detected (ALT or B Horizontal MODE).
NO B Δ TRIG	No triggered B delta sweep was detected (ALT or B Horizontal MODE).
NO A TRIG	No A trigger detected after timeout (PHASE in A Horizontal MODE with 360° tracking enabled).
>10GHz	1/delta time value greater than 10 gigahertz.
<0.01Hz	1/delta time value less than 0.01 hertz (timeout disabled).
>100s	Delta time value greater than 100 seconds (timeout disabled).
A PER >100s	A trigger period greater than 100 seconds (PHASE with 360° tracking enabled, timeout disabled).

(TO RISE/FALL MENU) — selects the rise/fall measurement menu. In this menu, the top two items are the actual measurements. Only one of these two may be selected at a time. When a measurement is selected, the peaks of the signal are automatically measured, the trigger levels are set (as described below), and the measurement starts.



Rise/Fall menu

The next two menu items determine how the rise/fall trig levels are set; only one of these two may be selected (underlined when selected). When TRIG 10-90 is selected, the rise or fall measurement will trigger at the 10% and 90% points between the positive and negative peaks of the waveform. Selecting TRIG 20-80 will cause the measurement to use the 20% and 80% points.

The \leftarrow SET REF \rightarrow item toggles on (underlined) or off each time its button is pushed. When on, the $\leftarrow 0\%$ and $100\% \rightarrow$ cursors will appear for manual adjustment of the rise/fall reference levels. When toggled back off again, the rise/fall measurement will resume, using these new levels to calculate and set the 10% - 90% (or 20% - 80%) trigger levels.

RISE measures the rise time of either CH 1 or CH 2. When this measurement is first selected, the peaks of the signal are measured and stored as the 0% and 100% reference levels. Then the 10% and 90% trigger levels are calculated and set from the reference levels, and the time interval is measured and displayed. During RISE/FALL measurements, all B Trigger mode, source, and coupling LEDs are turned off, and these parameters may not be set. The B Trigger level may not be adjusted; when A is selected, the usual modes, slopes, couplings, and level may be controlled. B Trigger SLOPE is also not settable. B SLOPE LED will be on if doing a RISE measurement and off if doing a FALL measurement.

FALL measurements are the same as RISE, except that the fall time is measured.

The following error messages are possible during RISE and FALL measurements:

Message	Reason
NO A SWEEP	No A sweep was detected after timeout.
NO START	No start trigger was detected.
NO STOP	No stop trigger was detected.
NO RISE	No rising edge was seen by C/T during a rise time measurement, after timeout.
NO FALL	No falling edge was seen by C/T during a fall time measurement, after timeout.
>100s	Time interval greater than 100 seconds (timeout disabled).
CHANGE A CPLG	A Trigger CPLG set to NOISE REJ (not allowed, because this would cause incorrect measurement triggering).
INCREASE SIGNAL AMPLITUDE	Source signal's pk-pk amplitude is too low for accurate rise/fall measurement; should be at least 4 divisions.
MEAS SOURCE INPUT IS GROUNDED	This message is shown if the source coupling is set to GND.
MEAS SOURCE VAR OUT OF DETENT	Trigger levels cannot be computed correctly unless attenuator is calibrated.

NOTE

For RISE and FALL measurement, if the measurement channel is the same as the A Trigger channel, the A Trigger level is automatically adjusted to try to guarantee that the measurement will trigger properly, as follows:

If A Trigger SLOPE is ____ and measurement is RISE, A Trigger level is set near the 10% level (as determined by the RISE measurement's peak acquisition).

If A Trigger SLOPE is \frown and measurement is FALL, A Trigger level is set near the 90% level (as determined by the FALL measurement's peak acquisition).

If A Trigger SLOPE is \neg and measurement is RISE or if A Trigger SLOPE is $_$ and measurement is FALL, A Trigger level is set near the 50% level.

If the RISE/FALL measurement's peak acquisition should set the 10% and 90% levels incorrectly (e.g., if the signal being measured has severe overshoot), the A Trigger level may be set incorrectly as well, causing loss of A sweep. If this happens when A Trigger MODE is AUTO LEVEL, the A sweep will be regained but the RISE/FALL measurement may not be triggering properly. In this case (if the signal overshoot isn't too bad), the \leftarrow SET REF \rightarrow function can be selected to manually set the 0% and 100% levels.

NOTE

RISE and FALL time measurements may have trouble triggering on signals that are around 50 MHz or higher. If this happens, try changing A Trigger SLOPE and/or A Trigger LEVEL.

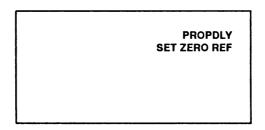
TRIG 10-90 is the default when RISE or FALL is first called up. When selected, the C/T will set the trigger levels at the 10% and 90% points between the 0% and 100% reference levels.

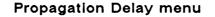
TRIG 20-80 may be selected after a RISE or FALL measurement has been started up. When selected, the trigger levels are recomputed for the 20% and 80% points between the 0% and 100% reference levels. Selecting either TRIG 10-90 or TRIG 20-80 does not cause another

peak acquisition to occur. Instead, the old 0% and 100% reference levels are used.

 $|\leftarrow$ SET REF \rightarrow | may only be selected after a rise or fall measurement has been started up. When selected, the RISE/FALL measurement halts, the message "ADJUST REF CURSORS" is displayed, and the $|\leftarrow 0\%$ and 100% \rightarrow | cursors appear. The $|\leftarrow$ and \rightarrow | cursor-positioning knobs may then be adjusted until the desired 0% and 100% reference levels are set. To restart the RISE/FALL measurement, either press the $|\leftarrow$ SET REF \rightarrow | menu button again or press the RISE or FALL menu button. The new 10%/90% (or 20%/80%) levels will be calculated and set, and the RISE/FALL measurement will continue.

(TO PROP DELAY MENU)—selects the propagation delay menu. In this menu, PROPDLY is the actual measurement.





PROPDLY measures propagation delay between two trigger sources. When first selected, the peaks of each B Trigger source are acquired and the trigger levels are set; then the measurement starts. B Trigger MODE is not settable, and the B Trigger MODE LEDs are turned off, as are the B Trigger SOURCE LEDs. B Trigger SLOPE and CPLG are settable. B Trigger LEVEL may be set manually after the measurement starts. The triggering range is the same as in B NORM Trigger MODE. The following error messages are possible:

Message	Reason
NO A SWEEP	No A sweep was detected after timeout.
NO START	No start trigger was detected.
NO STOP	No stop trigger was detected.
>100s	Time interval greater than 100 seconds (timeout disabled).

SET ZERO REF is a measurement modifier that toggles on (underlined) or off whenever this menu item button is pushed. When turned on, an initial propagation measurement is made by the C/T, and saved as a zero reference. Thereafter (until toggled off), all propagation delay measurements will have this zero reference value subtracted from them. This is useful for zeroing out delay mismatches between channels and probes.

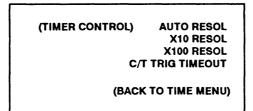
NOTE

For PROPDLY measurement, if the START measurement channel is the same as the A Trigger channel, than A Trigger level is automatically adjusted to try to guarantee that the measurement will trigger properly, as follows:

If A Trigger SLOPE is the same as the measurement's B START slope, the A Trigger level is set near the B START trigger level.

If A Trigger SLOPE is and B START SLOPE is , or if A Trigger SLOPE is , and B START SLOPE is , A Trigger level is set near the 50% level.

(TO TIMER CONTROL MENU)—selects a menu that allows resolution magnifiers to be selected for the C/T-based versions of the time measurements. Only one of the three resolution magnifiers may be selected at a time. The selected resolution magnifier gets underlined. See the C/T Control Menu discussion for a description of resolution magnifier operation.



Timer Control menu

Each press of the C/T TRIG TIMEOUT item button toggles this function on and off. Timeout mode gets underlined when it is toggled on. Toggling timeout mode in this menu also changes it in the (C/T CONTROL) menu. The (TIMER CONTROL) menu stays up, unless (BACK TO TIME MENU) is selected. See the C/T Control Menu discussion for the description of this function.

Counter/Timer

Press the COUNTER TIMER button to call up the C/T measurement choices.

In the (CTR/TIMER) menu, selecting a measurement will cause the menu to disappear (if menus are configured to clear after selection). Selecting TOTALIZE causes the totalize RESET label to appear by the top menu item button (if menus are configured to disappear). While the totalize measurement is running, the RESET label will stay on screen in the absence of any other menu. Canceling the totalize measurement will also cancel the RESET label. The RESET function is momentary, so the label never gets underlined. If another menu is called up then canceled, the RESET label reappears.

C/T Measurement Menu Page 1

(CTR/TIMER)	FREQ	RESET
	PERIOD	
	WIDTH	
	TOTALIZE	
	FREQ RATIO	
(TO GATED M	EASMT MENU)	

Counter/Timer Menu

Totalize Reset Menu

For these measurements, all B trigger modes operate as usual for triggering the C/T. B source LEDs are turned off. The measurement source channels can be altered in the SET MEAS'MT CHANNEL menu. All B coupling modes may be used, and B slope may be changed to control which edge polarity triggers the C/T. The B trigger light remains off during C/T measurements. However, indication of proper triggering is shown with a steadily blinking "Ct" character in the top line of the readout. If an external frequency reference source is plugged into the rear-panel EXT C/T REFERENCE INPUT BNC, the "Ct" character will have the "ET" character above it.

In TOTALIZE, the "Ct" character stays on continuously, and B AUTO LEVEL MODE only works when measurement is first selected. After that, no indication is given if B trigger is lost. However, B AUTO LEVEL MODE may be reselected to acquire a new trigger level.

FREQ-Measures the frequency of the selected source channel.

PERIOD—Measures the period of the selected source channel.

WIDTH-Measures the width of the selected source channel.

TOTALIZE—Displays a running count of trigger edges from the selected source channel.

NOTE

The totalize count is reset to zero whenever a front panel switch/button is moved/pushed.

The following error messages may be displayed for the above measurements:

Message	Reason(s)
"NO B TRIG"	No start trig was detected after timeout. No stop trig was detected after timeout.
"<0.01Hz"	Frequency of measured signal less then 0.01 Hertz (timeout disabled).
">100s"	Period or width of measured signal greater then 100 seconds (timeout disabled).
">9999999999"	Totalize count greater than 9999999999.

FREQ RATIO—Measures the frequencies of the two source channels and displays their ratio. Possible error messages:

Message	Reason(s)
"NO CHx TRIG"	No start trig was detected after timeout, while trying to measure chx frequency.
	No stop trig was detected after timeout, while trying to measure chx frequency.
"NO CHy TRIG"	No start trig was detected after timeout, while trying to measure chy frequency.
	No stop trig was detected after timeout, while trying to measure chy frequency.

- "CHx<0.01Hz" Frequency of chx signal less then 0.01 Hertz (timeout disabled).
- "CHy<0.01Hz" Frequency of chy signal less then 0.01 Hertz (timeout disabled).
- ">999999999" Frequency ratio greater than 99999999.

(TO GATED MEASMT MENU)—Causes (CTR/TIMER PG 2) menu to appear.

Gated C/T Measurement Menu Page 2

When the (CTR/TIMER PG 2) menu is up, selecting a measurement will start the measurement, but leave the menu up. The selected measurement item is underlined.

GATED FREQ—Measures the frequency of that portion of the selected source channel that appears inside the intensified zone.

GATED PERIOD—Measures the period of that portion of the selected source channel that appears inside the intensified zone.

GATED WIDTH—Measures the width of that portion of the selected source channel that appears inside the intensified zone.

GATED EVENTS—Displays an averaged count of the number of trigger edges from the source channel that occur inside the intensified zone.

These error messages are possible for gated measurements, in addition to those shown above for the nongated versions:

Message	Reason(s)
"NO A TRIG"	No A sweep was detected after timeout, in gated measurements.
">9999999999"	Gated event count greater than 9999999999.
(TO C/T appear.	CONTROL MENU)-Causes (C/T CONTROL) menu to

(CTR/TIMER PG 2) GATED FREQ	(C/T CONTROL) INTENSIFY GATE
GATED PERIOD	INTENSIFY CTR
GATED WIDTH	AUTO RESOL
GATED EVENTS	X10 RESOL
(BACK TO PREVIOUS MENU)	X100 RESOL
(TO C/T CONTROL MENU)	C/T TRIG TIMEOUT
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	

Gated C/T Menu

C/T Control Menu

C/T Control Menu

(Descriptions are applicable for timer control menu also; however, INTEN-SIFY GATE and INTENSIFY CTR are not available in that menu.)

The C/T control menu contains measurement modifier functions that can increase the versatility of C/T measurements. The first two menu items are applicable only to gated C/T measurements. Only one of these two items can be selected at a time.

INTENSIFY GATE—When a C/T measurement is first called up, this item is selected by default. When selected, an intensified zone will appear on the A sweep display of the channel that the C/T is measuring. The position and width of this intensified zone can be altered in the same manner as in gated Volts measurements. The C/T will only measure trigger edges that occur somewhere inside this zone.

INTENSIFY CTR—When this is selected, the gate signal generated by the C/T hardware will control the position and width of the intensified zone, thus providing an unambiguous display of what the C/T is actually measuring.

The next three menu items allow the selection of a resolution magnifier. Only one of the three may be selected at a time. All C/T measurements except FREQ RATIO and TOTALIZE can utilize resolution magnifiers. A C/T measurement must have been previously selected before a resolution magnifier selection will have any effect.

AUTO RESOL—This is the default setting when a C/T measurement is first called up. The C/T uses a fixed measurement time interval (approximately 320 milliseconds, or 1 period of the trigger signal, whichever is larger, for single channel measurements; approximately 600 milliseconds for dual channel measurements). The resolution of the measurement is then calculated, and as many fully-resolved digits as possible are displayed.

X10 RESOL—When selected, the C/T will make one trial measurement using the fixed measurement time interval, and calculate and display as many fully-resolved digits as possible. Based on the results of this measurement, it is determined whether or not another digit of resolution is possible. It is possible if:

1. The number of digits displayed after the trial measurement is at least 1 less than the maximum number of digits displayable for that measurement, and:

2. If PERIOD measurement, the units of the least-significant digit (LSD) are larger than 100 attoseconds (100 X 10^{-19} sec), or if any other time-interval measurement, the units of the LSD are larger than 1 picosecond (10^{-12} sec).

If it is not possible, the message "NOT POSSIBLE --->" is displayed to the left of the X10 RESOL menu label for approximately one second, then the X10 RESOL label is deselected and the AUTO RESOL label is selected (underlined), and the measurement proceeds in auto resolution mode.

If the selected mode is possible, the measurement time interval required to get one more fully-resolved digit is calculated. If this time is greater than 5 seconds, the message "MEASMT TIME XXXXs" is displayed to the left of the X10 RESOL label, where XXXX is this measurement time interval in seconds. If this time interval is greater than 9999 seconds, the message "MEASMT TIME >9999s" is displayed instead. The measurement then proceeds using this new measurement time interval.

X100 RESOL—When selected, the C/T will make one trial measurement using the fixed measurement time interval, and calculate and display as many fully-resolved digits as possible. Based on the results of this measurement, it is determined whether or not two more digits of resolution are possible. It is possible if:

1. The number of digits displayed after the trial measurement is at least 2 less than the maximum number of digits displayable for that measurement, and:

2. If PERIOD measurement, the units of the least-significant digit (LSD) are larger than 1 femtosecond (1 \times 10⁻¹⁵ sec), or if any other time-interval measurement, the units of the LSD are larger than 10 picoseconds (10 \times 10⁻¹² sec).

If it is not possible, the message "NOT POSSIBLE \longrightarrow " is displayed to the left of the X100 RESOL menu label for approximately one second, then the X100 RESOL label is deselected and the X10 RESOL

label is selected (underlined). If the trial measurement results do not allow X10 RESOL mode either, "NOT POSSIBLE \rightarrow " is displayed by the X10 RESOL label for one second, the mode is automatically switched to AUTO RESOL, and the measurement proceeds in auto resolution mode. If X10 RESOL mode is possible, the measurement will proceed as described above for X10 RESOL mode.

If X100 RESOL mode is possible, the measurement time interval required to get two more fully resolved digits is calculated. If this time is greater than 5 seconds, the message "MEASMT TIME XXXXs" is displayed to the left of the X100 RESOL label, where XXXX is this measurement time interval in seconds. If this time interval is greater than 9999 seconds, the message "MEASMT TIME >9999s" is displayed instead. The measurement then proceeds using this new measurement time interval.

C/T TRIG TIMEOUT—This is the last item in the C/T control menu. Each time the menu button for this item is pressed, the item is either selected (underlined) or deselected (not underlined). When selected (the default setting when a C/T measurement is first called up) the C/T will wait for approximately 400 milliseconds to receive a start trigger, or, if a start trigger has been received, the C/T will wait that long for a stop trigger (C/T measurements start and stop synchronously with the trigger signal being measured). If the C/T times out while waiting for a trigger edge, an appropriate error message is displayed (see earlier section on C/T error messages). To measure a signal with a duration longer than 400 milliseconds, C/T TRIG TIMEOUT can be toggled off. This allows signals to be measured that have durations up to 100 seconds (actually, 99.999999 seconds).

Conditions for Cursors Display

The following information is an aid in understanding the order in which the menu measurement cursors are displayed.

Measurement Cursors

One or two measurement cursors may be displayed if any one of the following conditions is met:

VOLTMETER CH1/CH2—TRACK MEASMT is underlined and measurement source channel is on and the VOLTS/DIV VAR control in detent.

CURSOR VOLTS—Measurement source channel must be on and VOLTS/DIV VAR control in detent.

TIME—Horizontal MODE is in A or Horizontal MODE is ALT or B and $|\leftarrow \rightarrow|$ is selected.

Track Trig Lvl Cursors

If less than two cursors are currently displayed, trigger level cursor(s) for the B Trigger C/T measurement source(s) will be displayed if:

TRACK TRIG LVL is underlined, and

the Horizontal Mode is valid for selected C/T measurement, and

the Trigger Mode and Coupling are valid.

If less than two cursors are currently displayed, trigger level cursor for the A Trigger will be displayed if:

TRACK TRIG LVL is underlined and the Horizontal Mode is A or ALT, and

the Trigger Mode, Source, and Coupling are valid, and

the A trig source channel is not the same as the C/T measurement channel while a C/T measurement is running and displaying a B trig cursor.

If less than two cursors are currently displayed, a trigger level cursor for the B Trigger will be displayed if:

TRACK TRIG LVL is underlined, and

the Horizontal Mode is ALT or B, and

the Trigger Mode, Source, and Coupling are valid.

Track I Cursors

If one or no measurement or trigger level cursor is displayed, up to two ground cursors (not more than two cursors total) may be displayed if the following conditions are met:

TRACK m is underlined and CH 1 and/or CH 2 VERTICAL MODE is selected.

Trigger-source channel (CH 1 and/or CH 2) VOLTS/DIV VAR control is in detent.

Behavior for Horizontal Mode Changes

If the Horizontal MODE is changed to a mode that cannot be used for the active measurement, that measurement will be canceled without a message being displayed. Returning to a mode that may be used and pressing the LAST MEAS' MT button will restore the canceled measurement mode (if no other measurement selection is made first). See Table 3-1 for compatible and incompatible modes.

Gated-voltage measurements will not run in SGL SEQ Trigger MODE. Any gated Volts measurement that is active will be canceled If SGL SEQ Trigger MODE is selected. If a gated-voltage measurement is selected while SGL SEQ is also selected, the message "NOT ALLOWED IN SSEQ" is displayed for two seconds (only if readout is configured to remain on in SGL SEQ). +PEAK, -PEAK and PK-PK will not run in ALT or B Horizontal MODE unless B Trigger MODE is RUNS AFTER.

Measurement Mode	Compatible Horizontal Modes	Incompatible Horizontal Modes
ا← VOLTS→I, ℎVOLTS→I	A, ALT, B, XY	
I← SEC →I, I← 1/SEC →I, I← PHASE →I	A, ALT, B	X-Y
DC	A, X-Y	ALT, B
+PEAK, -PEAK, PK-PK	A, ALT, B, X-Y	
GATED +PEAK, GATED -PEAK, and GATED PK-PK	A	ALT, B, X-Y
FREQ, PERIOD, WIDTH, TOTALIZE, and FREQ RATIO	A	ALT, B, X-Y
GATED C/T (FREQ, PERIOD, WIDTH, and EVENTS)	A	ALT, B, X-Y
RISE/FALL and PROP DELAY	A	ALT, B, X-Y

Table 3-1

Behavior for Horizontal MODE Changes

Measurement Compatibility and Error Messages

Channel 1 or Channel 2 Voltmeter measurements, except DC, cannot be made when the signal is larger than the range of the B trigger level. The displayed error message is "OUCH—TURN VOLTS/DIV CCW."

NOTE

When making DC measurements, overranged signals will not cause an error message to be displayed but can display incorrect voltage readings. To obtain accurate DC readings keep the waveform within the graticule limits.

The Channel 1 or Channel 2 Voltmeter measurement of DC cannot be made with the Input COUPLING set to AC; the displayed error message is "CH 1 (or CH 2) — SELECT DC COUPLING." If GND Input COUPLING is in use, a ground symbol is displayed after the readout value.

NOTE

A maximum of eight waveforms are allowed to be displayed when making Voltmeter measurements of DC, +Peak, -Peak, or Peak-to-Peak measurements while in Horizontal ALT Mode.

The ADD mode waveforms will not be displayed while making voltage measurements if Vertical Channels 1 through 4 are being displayed with their Delayed waveforms (Horiz ALT Mode selected).

For +PEAK, -PEAK, and PK-PK measurements, the ac symbol (\sim) will be displayed for AC Input COUPLING, and the ground symbol will be displayed for GND Input COUPLING. The symbols will be displayed after the readout units.

A question mark (?) will be displayed in front of the measurement value any time the measurement is uncertain. This can happen in ALT or B MODE +PEAK, -PEAK, and PK-PK measurements.

The following measurements cannot occur when the VOLTS/DIV VAR control for the channel being measured is not in the detent position: +PEAK, -PEAK, PK-PK, DC, GATED +PEAK, GATED -PEAK, GATED PK-PK, \vdash VOLTS \rightarrow , and \not VOLTS \rightarrow . The displayed error message is "MEAS SOURCE VAR OUT OF DETENT."

The following measurements cannot occur when the SEC/DIV VAR control Is out of the detent position: \leftarrow SEC \rightarrow I, \leftarrow 1/SEC \rightarrow I, \leftarrow PHASE \rightarrow J, and \leftarrow SET 360° \rightarrow I. The displayed error message is "VAR SECS/DIV OUT OF DETENT."

When in ALT or B Horizontal MODE, no C/T measurement is running, and the B Trigger MODE is not RUNS AFTER, a greater-than symbol (>) will appear before the delay-time readout. The readout value displayed is the delay time between the A trigger and the time a B trigger can be accepted by the trigger system. A question mark (?) will appear in front of the delay time readout for delay measurements when the DELAY time is set to 0.25 division or less from the beginning of the sweep.

If the oscilloscope in not triggered when a gated voltage measurement mode is selected, the following error message is displayed: "LO REP RATE - STILL TRYING."

This can happen if the selected trigger channel has no trigger signal applied in NORM Trigger MODE or if the Trigger LEVEL control is not set to obtain a triggered display. An improperly triggered display in either AUTO LEVEL or AUTO Trigger MODE will cause the measurement readout value to be unstable, but no error message will be displayed.

Measurements in Single Sequence Mode

The following measurements run continuously during SGL SEQ Trigger MODE: DC, +PEAK, -PEAK, PK-PK, \leftarrow VOLTS \rightarrow , and \notm VOLTS \rightarrow]. The following run continuously in the A Horizontal MODE (with cursors): \leftarrow SEC \rightarrow], \leftarrow 1/SEC \rightarrow], and \leftarrow PHASE \rightarrow]. Of the C/T measurements, only TOTALIZE runs continuously in SGL SEQ mode.

For all other C/T measurements, including $\not\leftarrow$ SEC \rightarrow I, $\not\leftarrow$ 1/SEC \rightarrow I, and $\not\leftarrow$ PHASE \rightarrow I in ALT or B Horizontal MODES, one measurement cycle will be performed and the result held in the readout display (if readout is configured to remain on in SGL SEQ mode) each time SGL SEQ Mode is reentered.

The readout and/or cursors are displayed briefly during SGL SEQ Mode for making a photographic record (or they may be configured to remain on—see the discussion on Configure Menu in the "Service Menu Features" part of this section). The displayed readout is the value of the measurement at the instant it is displayed.

GATED +PEAK, GATED -PEAK, and GATED PK-PK measurements are not available during single sequence mode and will be canceled if active when SGL SEQ is selected.

B Trigger AUTO LEVEL acquisitions do not occur when the A Trigger MODE is SGL SEQ.

Service Menu Features

Most of the items in the SERVICE MENU are for diagnostics, troubleshooting, and calibration. However, there are four menu selections that are also for operational use: CONFIGURE, SELF CAL MEASUREMENTS, MAKE FACTORY SETTINGS, and LOAD STORE/RECALL SETUPS. Press the top and bottom menu-item select buttons to display the SERVICE MENU.

SERVICE MENU/		
DIAGNOSE	t	MENU
CONFIGURE		Ļ
SELF CAL MEASUREMENTS		
INTERNAL SETTINGS MENU/		
EXERCISER MENU/		QUI

Service Menu

Press the buttons opposite the displayed up- and down-arrows to move the displayed underline to the desired menu item of CONFIGURE, SELF CAL MEASUREMENTS, or INTERNAL SETTINGS MENU. Press RUN or SELECT. At any point in the CONFIGURE routine, select END to return the display to the SERVICE MENU. Select QUIT from the INTERNAL SETTINGS MENU or the main SERVICE MENU to return to the oscilloscope mode.

Configure Menu

The operating-mode features in the CONFIGURE menu seldom need to be changed.

CONFIGURE	
KEEP MENU ON WHEN MEAS SELECTED? YES	RECALL ONLY? (IN STORE/RECALL)
NO	KEEP MENU ON WHEN S/R SELECTED?
RUNNING	
	KEEP READOUT ON IN SQL SEQ?
	INITIALIZE TIME CURSORS/DELAYS?
	PRESET TV TRIG SLOPE FOR -SYNC?
	PRESET TV TRIG SLOPE FOR + SYNC?

Configure Menu and questions

Select CONFIGURE from the SERVICE MENU and answer YES or NO to each of the displayed questions. For each answer, YES or NO will be underlined to indicate how the instrument is presently configured. After YES or NO is selected, the next configuration choice is displayed. After answering the last question, the SERVICE MENU display returns. To exit from the CONFIGURE menu without answering the remaining question(s), press the END button or the CLEAR DISPLAY button. The CONFIGURE items are listed as follows:

KEEP MENU ON WHEN MEAS' MT SELECTED? (Factory Settings default is NO.) Selecting NO clears the measurement menu items from the display after a measurement function is selected. Measurement cursors remain displayed. The AUTO TRACKING MENU remains on after a selection has been made.

Selecting YES allows a measurement menu to remain displayed after a function is selected. The measurement menu items can be removed at any time by pressing the CLEAR DISPLAY button once.

RECALL ONLY (IN STORE/RECALL)? (Factory Settings default is NO.) Selecting NO displays the Store/Recall Setup menu when the STORE/RECALL SETUP button is pressed. From the Store/Recall Setup menu you can store, edit, and recall front-panel setups.

Selecting YES displays the Recall Only menu when the STORE/RECALL SETUP button is pressed. From the Recall Only menu you can easily step through all of the stored front-panel setups.

KEEP MENU ON WHEN S/R SELECTED? (Factory Settings default is NO.) Selecting NO clears the menu from the display when some store/recall setup functions are selected.

Selecting YES keeps the Store/Recall Setup menu on the screen when using the store/recall setup functions. The menu can be removed at any time by pressing the CLEAR DISPLAY button once.

KEEP READOUT ON IN SGL SEQ? (Factory Settings default is NO.) Selecting NO will keep the readout off in Single-Sequence Trigger Mode. This mode is useful for single-sequence waveform photography. The readout is displayed briefly after the sequence is completed to expose the film, then cleared to prevent overexposure.

Selecting YES keeps the readout on when in the Single-Sequence Trigger Mode. This mode lets you view any of the measurements that continue to be made during SGL SEQ trigger mode even if no waveform is being displayed. The front panel control settings may also be made in SGL SEQ without having to select a different Trigger Mode to see the readouts as the controls are changed. The measurement readout is especially useful for the Voltmeter measurements because the signal on the selected input channel is continually monitored. (GATED Voltmeter measurements are not permitted in SGL SEQ Trigger MODE.)

INITIALIZE TIME CURSORS/DELAYS? (Factory Settings default is YES.) If YES is selected, with the following conditions:

 \leftarrow SEC → I, \leftarrow 1/SEC → I, or \leftarrow SET 360°→ I is selected, and none of the following conditions is true:

more than one channel is selected and the Horizontal MODE is not "A", or

A Trig MODE is VERT and Vertical MODE is ADD, or

more than one channel is selected and the A Trig MODE is VERT, or

Horizontal MODE is B and cursors have been selected,

the cursors or delays will be initialized as follows:

If the reference delay is appropriate to the measurement mode, it will be set inside a window that extends from 0.25 division after sweep start to one period of the trigger signal left of the 10th division after sweep start, if this window exists. If there is no window, it will be left at its original position. If the reference cursor is appropriate to the measurement mode, it will be set as specified for the reference delay with the assumption that the sweep start is at the left graticule line.

The delta cursor or delta delay, as appropriate to the measurement, will be set one period of the trigger signal to the right of the reference cursor or delay, if possible; if not possible, it will remain unchanged.

Cursors and delays may remain unchanged if:

- (1) there is no A trigger, or
- (2) the trigger source channel's signal has a repetition rate slower than 20 Hz or faster than 100 MHz.

Under the conditions of 1 and 2 above, a question mark may appear before the measurement value and remain until the \rightarrow I or \leftarrow knob is moved. The user should, however, always inspect the display to determine that the cursors or intensified zones mark appropriate places on the waveform. There are waveforms, such as very narrow pulses or multiple crossings of the trigger level within one period, that can cause erroneous initialization with no question mark.

When LAST MEAS'MT is selected and the last measurement was $|\leftarrow$ SEC \rightarrow or $|\leftarrow$ 1/SEC \rightarrow , or the last action was $|\leftarrow$ SET 360° \rightarrow , cursors or delays will be reinitialized as above if configured to initialize time measurements and the instrument's mode is appropriate.

Accuracy of the cursor or delay placement is as specified for the selected measurement.

PRESET TV TRIG SLOPE FOR -SYNC? (Factory Settings default is YES.) Selecting YES will cause the trigger slopes to preset to "-" when TV trig mode is selected, and the configure menu is exited. If NO is selected, a second question is presented:

PRESET TV TRIG SLOPE FOR +SYNC? (Factory Settings default is NO.) Selecting YES will cause the trigger slopes to preset to "+" when TV trig mode is selected, and the configure menu is exited. If NO is selected, the scope will not use a preset slope when a TV trig mode is selected.

When the final question is answered, the SERVICE MENU display returns.

Self Cal Measurements

This selection does a self-characterization of the vertical channels 1 and 2 and the horizontal timing. The SELF CAL MEASUREMENTS routine stores calibration constants that set the accuracy of the internal measurement system. Voltage or time measurements can be calibrated separately by selecting the SELF CAL item from the VOLTMETER or TIME Measurement Menus.

NOTE

CALIBRATE MEASUREMENTS or SELF CAL can be performed anytime after a 20-minute warmup to ensure the accuracy stated in Section 6.

Internal Settings Menu

The INTERNAL SETTINGS MENU consists of MAKE FACTORY SETTINGS, LOAD STORE/RECALL STORED SETUPS, and ADJUST VERTICAL OUTPUT. All INTERNAL SETTINGS menu items, except ADJUST VERTICAL OUTPUT, are for use by the operator. To return to the main SERVICE MENU, press the up-arrow key to underline INTERNAL SETTINGS MENU and press the button again to display the SERVICE MENU. To return to the oscilloscope mode, select QUIT from the INTERNAL SETTINGS MENU or SERVICE MENU, or press the CLEAR DISPLAY button.

MAKE FACTORY SETTINGS—Sets the front-panel controls and menu configurations as described in Appendix B.

INTERNAL SETTINGS MENU/	
MAKE FACTORY SETTINGS	† MENU
LOAD STORE/RECALL SETUPS	Ļ
ADJUST VERTICAL OUTPUT	
	QUIT

Internal Settings Menu

LOAD STORE/RECALL SETUPS—Loads eight factory front-panel setups into the Store/Recall memory. The setups are stored in memory locations 01 through 08, and all previously stored setups in locations 01 through 20 will be deleted. When you select this item, a message will be displayed that will give you the choice to continue or not continue with the loading of the factory setups. Don't select YES unless you are sure that you want to delete all of your previously stored setups.

ADJUST VERTICAL OUTPUT—This menu item is to be used by a service technician during calibration and troubleshooting. It is not an operational function.

Store/Recall Setup Features

The menu-driven Store/Recall Setup system allows you to store and recall up to 20 front-panel setups. Front-panel setups are user installed and named, and may be arranged in groupings of measurement setups (sequences) for performing a variety of repetitive tests. Figure 3-4 illustrates a typical beginning arrangement of tests and sequences with the factory setups installed.

There are three different configurations that may be selected to permit different accesses to the STORE/RECALL SETUP features. The first is the Recall Only menu for use after the setups have been installed and no further changes are to be routinely made.

The Recall Only menu lets you recall the test sequences to perform a series of repetitive tests. Only the name and number of the stored record are displayed along with up and down arrows for selecting higher or lower numbered setups in a test sequence. If more than one sequence of setups Is stored, a menu item (NEXT SEQ) also appears which allows you to change sequences. See the "Recall Only Menu" discussion.

When configured for full access to the STORE/RECALL SETUP feature, stored setups can be recalled, altered, deleted, or arranged in sequences. This configuration is used when first installing the setups and arranging the sequences. The Store/Recall menu remains displayed after a selection is made so that it is convenient to use for making the initial front panel setups or making extensive changes to existing setups.

		NO.	TEST NAME	STATUS
	(01	ADJUST FLAT TOP	blank
Factory		02	AUTO TO 100 MHZ	blank
Setups		03	SELECTABLE TIME	blank
		04	MANUAL Δ VOLTS	blank
SEQ 1	1	05	SET CURSORS	blank
		06	ADJUST CH1 V/D	blank
		07	SELECT DELAY	blank
User Added	5	08	MATCH EDGES	END SEQ
Setups	ſ	09	CH1 FREQ	blank
SEQ 2	$\boldsymbol{\prec}$	10	CH2 FREQ	blank
	\mathbf{x}	11	XY CH2 VS CH1	END SEQ
	J	12	CH1 FALL TIME	blank
SEQ 3		13	CH2 RISE TIME	END SEQ
	7	14		DELETED
		15		
Empty		16		
Setup	\prec	17		
Memories		18		
		19		
	C	20		
			not accessed when s user added and seque	

Figure 3-4. Typical Store/Recall Setup sequencing.

The Store/Recall Setup menu with access to Recall Only operates the same as the Store/Recall Setup menu except that the menu display is cleared when the STORE or RECALL item is selected. The first choice in the menu when configured in this manner is SEQUENCE, and, when selected, accesses the Recall Only menu for sequencing the setups. This configuration is useful for making minor changes to existing setups before beginning a measurement series.

Factory Stored Setups

When the 2247A is shipped from the factory, the Store/Recall Setup memory contains eight stored front-panel setups. These factory setups are stored in setup locations 01 through 08. The setups may be recalled and used for demonstration and training, or they may be used as a basis for setups which suit your specific applications. Appendix C lists the front-panel settings for each factory setup. The factory stored setups can be restored to the Store/Recall Setup memory if desired. See "Service Menu Features", "Internal Settings Menu", "LOAD STORE/RECALL SETUPS" in this section.

NOTE

Restoring the factory-stored setups to the STORE/RECALL memories erases any user-added setups. A warning message to this effect is displayed when the feature is used.

Recall Only Menu

The Recall Only menu is displayed when the CONFIGURE menu has been appropriately set and there is at least one setup stored in the store/recall memory. The Recall Only menu is used when a number of front panel settings for making a series of measurements have been stored in the correct sequences and no changes to the stored setups are wanted. When configured for Recall Only, the simplified recall only menu will appear when the STORE/RECALL SETUP button is pressed.

A second way to reach the Recall Only menu is from the STORE/RECALL menu when the SEQUENCE choice is displayed in the list. The SEQUENCE choice is given in the Store/Recall menu when the oscilloscope is configured for a menu to be cleared after a selection has been made in the Store/ Recall menu. A press of the SEQUENCE menu-select button displays the recall only menu for sequencing through the front-panel setups for a series of measurements. As with all menus, the Recall Only menu can be removed from the display by pressing the CLEAR DISPLAY button.

To configure the oscilloscope to access the Recall Only menu:

- 1. Press the top and bottom Menu-Select buttons to display the SERVICE MENU.
- 2. Call up the CONFIGURE menu (see the "Configure Menu" discussion in "SERVICE MENU" for the details of how the CONFIGURE menu operates).

3. Follow this step to permit the Recall Only menu to be called up directly with the STORE/RECALL SETUP button. This configuration allows no access to the STORE features of the STORE/RECALL SETUP function. Use step 4 if you want to be able to select the Recall Only menu from the Store/Recall Setup menu.

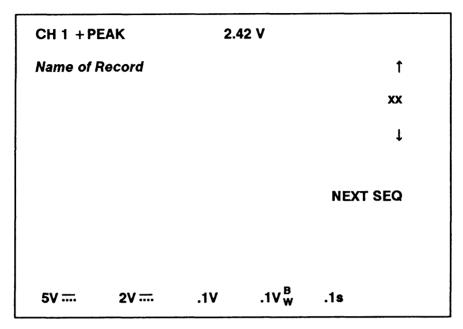
a. Set:

KEEP MENU ON WHEN MEAS SELECTED	YES or NO
RECALL ONLY? (IN STORE/RECALL)	YES
KEEP MENU ON WHEN S/R SELECTED?	NO

- **b.** Press the CLEAR DISPLAY button to exit the SERVICE MENU.
- **c.** Press the STORE/RECALL SETUP button to display the Recall Only menu.
- 4. Follow this step to permit access to the Store/Recall menu with the ability to select the Recall Only menu for sequencing. The SEQUENCE choice appears as the first choice in the Store/Recall menu but access to the STORE function is allowed. This configuration is most useful when making changes to a sequence before a measurement series is started.
 - a. Set:

KEEP MENU ON WHEN MEAS SELECTED	YES or NO
RECALL ONLY? (IN STORE/RECALL)	NO
KEEP MENU ON WHEN S/R SELECTED	NO

- **b.** Press the CLEAR DISPLAY button to exit from the SERVICE MENU.
- c. Press the STORE/RECALL SETUP button.
- d. Press the SEQUENCE button to display the Recall Only menu.



RECALL ONLY menu

The descriptions of the readout locations and menu items are from top to bottom as follows:

Active Measurement—Indicates the name of the active measurement and the measurement value (top line of readout).

Up-Arrow Button (↑)—Recalls front-panel settings for the next record in the current sequence. If the current record is the last in the sequence (status END or the highest numbered record stored), the next record recalled will be the first record of the current sequence. A sequence starts with either 01 or the first record past a previous record with an END SEQ status.

xx—Recalls the currently displayed record number (xx). The record number will start at 01 when the RECALL ONLY menu is displayed by pressing the STORE/RECALL SETUP button. If the menu is displayed by selecting SEQUENCE from the Store/Recall, the record number will start at the same number as displayed on the Store/Recall Setup menu.

Down-Arrow Button (\downarrow)—Recalls the front-panel settings for the previous record in the current sequence. If the displayed record is the first in a sequence, pressing the down-arrow button will recall the current record.

NEXT SEQ—Changes the current record number to the first step of the next sequence. If presently in the last sequence, pressing NEXT SEQ will change the current record number to 01. This item will not appear if there is only one sequence defined.

Active Front Panel Settings—Indicates the VOLTS/DIV and SEC/ DIV settings for the currently active setup (bottom line of readout).

Store/Recall Setup Menu

To configure the oscilloscope to access the full features of the Store/Recall Setup menu when the STORE/RECALL SETUP button is pressed, perform the following procedure:

- 1. Press the top and bottom Menu-Select buttons to display the SERVICE MENU.
- 2. Call up the CONFIGURE menu (see the "Configure Menu" discussion in "SERVICE MENU" for the details of how the CONFIGURE menu operates).
- 3. Set:

KEEP MENU ON WHEN MEAS SELECTED	YES or NO
RECALL ONLY? (IN STORE/RECALL)	NO
KEEP MENU ON WHEN S/R SELECTED?	YES

- 4. Press the CLEAR DISPLAY button to clear the CONFIGURE menu and return to the normal operating mode.
- 5. Press the STORE/RECALL SETUP button to display the menu.

CH1 + PEAP	<			
Name of Re	cord		RECALL	NEXT
SETUP: XX			F	RECALL
Status of Re	cord		STORE	
			ſ	DELETE
SELECT SE	TUP		INSER	Τ ΝΕΧΤ
WITH → CC	WITH → CONTROL			ABELS
5V .	2V	.1V	.1V ^B _W .1s	

STORE/RECALL Setup menu display

The descriptions of the readout locations and menu items are from top to bottom as follows:

Active Measurement Display—Indicates the measurement that is currently active (if one is). The measurement value is not displayed.

Name of Record—Name given to the currently displayed record. This is a user-assigned name and it may be altered (see the ALTER LABELS function).

SETUP: xx—Display the setup number from 01 through 20 of the setups. The setups may be scrolled through by rotating the \rightarrow control.

Status of Record—Indicates the status (blank, EMPTY, END SEQ, or DELETED) of the currently displayed record. The status readout is blank when a front-panel setup is stored at the location and there is no other status to report. EMPTY appears only when there are no stored front-panel setups. END SEQ marks the last setup of a sequence. The END SEQ status is set using the ALTER LABELS function. DELETED appears only on the last setup location, after the DELETE function has been used or a record has been overwritten with the STORE function.

SELECT SETUP WITH \rightarrow CONTROL—This message tells you to rotate the \rightarrow control to select a different stored setup number.

RECALL NEXT—Recalls front-panel settings for the next record in the current sequence. If the current record is the last in the sequence (status END SEQ or the highest numbered record stored), the menu item label becomes RECALL FIRST, and, when pressed, the first record of the current sequence will be recalled. A sequence starts with either 01 or the first setup past a previous setup with an END SEQ status.

SEQUENCE—Displayed in place of RECALL NEXT when "NO" is selected for both the "KEEP MENU ON WHEN S/R SELECTED" and "RECALL ONLY? (IN STORE/RECALL)" in the CONFIGURE menu. When SEQUENCE is pressed, the RECALL ONLY MENU is displayed. See "Recall Only Menu" in this section.

RECALL—Recalls front-panel settings from the current setup number. If the SETUP number location is blank, there are no stored records. A "NOTHING STORED" message is displayed if RECALL is selected, and the front-panel settings remain unchanged.

STORE—Stores present front-panel settings only at the displayed setup number. The setup name or status of a setup memory are not overwritten by a recalled front-panel setup and must be altered appropriately using the ALTER LABELS function after storing a new setup. Use this function for initially storing at location 01 or for replacing the front-panel settings in any setup number. In most cases, the last setup replaced by the STORE function can be recovered if necessary; see "Recovering A Deleted Setup" in this section.

DELETE—Deletes the contents of the current setup number. The number of each setup above the deleted one is reduced by one. In most cases, the last setup deleted can be recovered if necessary; see "Recovering A Deleted Setup" in this section.

INSERT NEXT—Creates a new record of the current front-panel setup and inserts it after the displayed setup number. All setup numbers above the current number are increased by one. The name and status of the new record will be blank and must be entered using the ALTER LABEL function. INSERT NEXT is used storing new front-panel setups in sequence. To change a previously stored setup use the STORE function.

NOTE

If there are already 20 records stored, inserting another record will delete record 20. A message "INSERTION WILL CAUSE LOSS OF STEP 20" will be displayed. Selecting "INSERT" will delete the existing record 20 and replace it with a new one. Selecting "ABORT" will keep the existing record 20 and not save the new record. If record 20 is displayed, selecting "INSERT" will cause a message "NO MORE STEPS" to be displayed.

Active Front Panel Settings—Indicates the VOLTS/DIV and SEC/ DIV settings for the currently active setup (bottom line of readout).

ALTER LABELS—Calls up the ALTER LABELS menu to name or alter a currently displayed name or setup status.

<u>,</u>	
ALTER LABELS	
Name of Record	ERASE NAME
SETUP: <u>xx</u>	
Status	TOGGLE STATUS
I← MOVES	
-→ ALTERS CHAR	RETURN

ALTER LABELS menu

The descriptions of the readout locations and menu items of the ALTER LABELS menu are from top to bottom as follows:

Name of Record—Name given to the currently displayed record. A name given to a record can consist of up to 15 characters. The characters available in order are: a space, letters from A to Z, numbers from 0 to 9, a period, and eight special characters ((,), <, >, =, ?, /, Δ).

Characters are selected by placing the underline within the Name of Record brackets < > with the $|\leftarrow$ OR DELAY control. To select a character over the underline, rotate the \rightarrow control until the desired character is displayed, then move the underline to the right with the $|\leftarrow$.OR DELAY control. Repeat the selection procedure until the name of the record is completed.

SETUP: xx—Displays the setup number from 01 through 20 of the displayed record as on page 1 of Store/Recall Setup menu. When the number is underlined with the \leftarrow OR DELAY control, the displayed record can be changed with the \rightarrow control. This allows specific records to be reviewed and altered.

Status of Record—Indicates the status (EMPTY, END SEQ, DELETED, or blank) of the currently displayed record. EMPTY appears only when there are no stored front-panel setups. END SEQ is the end-of-sequence indication. DELETED appears on the last record when it is a record saved from a STORE or DELETE function. A record with the "DELETED" status cannot be modified. Attempting to do so will display an error message: "CANNOT MODIFY DELETED STEP".

 \leftarrow **MOVES** —This message tells you to rotate the \leftarrow OR DELAY control to move an underline through menu-display fields that can be changed by rotating the \rightarrow control.

 \rightarrow ALTERS CHAR—This message tells you to rotate the \rightarrow control to change the information in the selected (underlined) field.

ERASE NAME—Erases the name currently displayed.

TOGGLE STATUS—Toggles status of record between blank and END SEQ. Select END SEQ to mark a record as the last in a sequence.

RETURN—Returns to the Store/Recall Setup menu.

Recovering A Deleted Setup

A setup deleted by a STORE or DELETE function is saved in the store/ recall memory for recovery. Only the last deleted setup may be recovered. Recovery must be done before the STORE or DELETE functions are used again. Also, a setup should be recovered before using the INSERT NEXT function when there are already 19 or more stored setups. A setup that is deleted by the STORE function when 20 setups are stored is not saved and cannot be recovered.

TO RECOVER A DELETED SETUP:

- 1. Select the Store/Recall Setup menu.
- 2. Rotate the → control clockwise until the last record is displayed. That record will have a status of "DELETED."
- 3. Press RECALL to recall the front-panel settings for the deleted record.
- 4. Decide where you want to store the deleted setup. You can replace an existing setup using the STORE function, or you can insert a new setup with the INSERT NEXT function.
 - a. To replace an existing setup, rotate the → control to the setup number that is to be replaced and press the STORE button.
 - b. To insert a new setup, rotate the → control to the setup number that is to precede the new setup and press the INSERT NEXT button.
- 5. Press ALTER LABELS button.
- 6. Alter the name and status of the new setup as desired. See "ALTER LABELS" description in this section.

Storing Setups in Sequences

Front-panel setups are stored in the Store/Recall memory and numbered starting at 01. A total of 20 setup records can be stored and recalled. Stored setups can be recalled individually by setup number, or sequentially within marked sequences. A sequence is defined as starting at setup number 01 or the first record after one marked with a status of END SEQ and ending with the next record with a status of END SEQ or the last stored record.

To store a sequence of front-panel setups, perform the following procedure:

1. Set CONFIGURE in the Service Menu for the following:

KEEP MENU ON WHEN MEAS SELECTED	YES or NO
RECALL ONLY? (IN STORE/RECALL)	NO
KEEP MENU ON WHEN S/R SELECTED?	YES

- 2. Press the STORE/RECALL SETUP button to call up the Store/Recall Setup menu.
- 3. Rotate the → control to review the stored setups. Determine whether there are enough EMPTY locations to store all of the setups in your sequence. There are a total of 20 locations available. It is a good idea to use only 19 and leave the 20th open so that the system will have a place to store the last deleted file for recovery when necessary.

If there are not enough locations available to store your setups, you can use DELETE to remove unneeded setups or you can use the STORE function to "write" over them.

- 4. Set the front-panel controls as desired for the first setup in your sequence. Set all controls the way you want them; even the intensity control settings can be stored for recall. You can set the front-panel controls in several ways: setting the individual controls manually, inputting the desired signals and pressing the AUTO SETUP button, or by recalling and modifying an already stored setup.
- 5. Rotate the \rightarrow control to the setup location that is to precede or start the first setup in the sequence.
- 6. Press INSERT NEXT (or STORE, if the current setup location is to be "written" over).
- 7. Press ALTER LABELS to call up the ALTER LABELS menu and give the desired name to your setup. Also make sure that the status is blank for all of the setups in the sequence, except the last one, and that one should be END SEQ. END SEQ is used to mark the last setup in a sequence using the ALTER LABELS function.
- 8. Press RETURN to display the Store/Recall Setup menu.
- **9.** Repeat the above process of inserting or storing (writing over) until all the setups in your sequence are stored in memory.
- 10. If your sequence did not begin at setup location 01, use the ALTER LABELS menu to alter the status of the setup just preceding your first setup in the sequence to END SEQ.

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SECTION 4

OPERATOR CHECKS AND ADJUSTMENTS

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Introduction

The checks and adjustments in this section are for the operator and involve using only controls and adjustments on the outside of the instrument. Internal adjustments must be made by a qualified service person.

Before operating the instrument for the first time and before connecting the power, refer to Section 1 "Preparation for Use" to prepare the instrument for the initial start-up.

Verify that the POWER switch is OFF (out position). Plug the power cord into a power-source outlet that supplies a voltage within the operating range of the instrument's power supply.

NOTE

If you notice an improper indication or instrument malfunction during these procedures, refer the instrument to a qualified service person.

Initial Setup

The following procedure may be used to set up front-panel controls when the instrument is first turned on or when a signal is not being applied to the input connectors.

- 1. Press in the POWER switch button (ON) and let the instrument warm up (20 minutes is recommended for maximum accuracy).
- 2. Set the instrument front-panel controls to obtain a baseline trace:

Vertical Controls

VERTICAL MODE POSITION VOLTS/DIV VOLTS/DIV VAR Channel 1 COUPLING CH 1 Center the trace 1 V Calibrated detent GND

Horizontal Controls

MODE	Α
POSITION	Center the trace
X10 MAG	Off
A SEC/DIV	0.1 ms
SEC/DIV VAR	Calibrated detent

Trigger Controls

HOLDOFF	MIN
A/B SELECT	Α
MODE	AUTO LEVEL
SOURCE	VERT
CPLG	DC

Display

A INTEN	Desired brightness
FOCUS	Best trace definition
READOUT	Desired brightness
SCALE ILLUM	Desired brightness

MENU System Controls

MEASUREMENT MODES,	All off (Press
TRACKING CURSORS,	CLEAR DISPLAY
MENUS and	three times to
STORE/RECALL	ensure all off.)

Auto Setup Function

The Auto Setup function can be used to automatically set up the frontpanel controls to produce a usable display of the applied signal.

1. Connect signal(s) to be displayed to the appropriate input connector(s).

For triggering to be set up properly when the AUTO SETUP button is pressed, connect the trigger-source signal to the lowest numbered channel that will be turned on.

2. Set:

VERTICAL MODEAs desired (see NOTE)Horizontal MODEAs desiredVertical COUPLINGAs desired

3. Press the AUTO SETUP button.

NOTE

Normally, the Auto Setup of the display is sufficient for measurement purposes. If further waveform enhancement is needed, use the appropriate front-panel controls to adjust the display. For Auto Setup action see Appendix A.

Trace Rotation Adjustment

1. Perform the "Initial Setup" procedure. Position the trace vertically to align it with the center horizontal graticule line and check that the trace is parallel with the graticule line.

NOTE

Normally, the trace will be parallel to the center horizontal graticule line, and the TRACE ROTATION adjustment will not be needed.

2. If necessary, adjust the TRACE ROTATION to make the baseline trace parallel to the center horizontal graticule line. Use a small straight-blade screwdriver or alignment tool.

Probe Low-Frequency Compensation

Misadjustment of probe compensation is a possible source of measurement error. The attenuator probes are equipped with compensation adjustments. To ensure the best measurement accuracy, always check probe compensation before making measurements.

1. Connect the two supplied 10X probes to the CH 1 and CH 2 BNC input connectors.

- 2. Connect the probe tips to the PROBE ADJUST connector and the probe ground leads to scope ground.
- 3. Set:

VERTICAL MODE	CH 1 & CH 2
Horizontal MODE	А

- 4. Press AUTO SETUP button.
- 5. Set the CH 1 VOLTS/DIV setting to 0.1 V (10 mV with probe disconnected) and vertically center the PROBE ADJUST square-wave signal.
- 6. Check the square-wave signal for overshoot and rolloff (see Figure 4-1). If necessary, use the special adjustment tool supplied in the probe accessory package to adjust the low-frequency compensation for a square front corner on the square wave displayed.
- 7. Press the CH 2 VERTICAL MODE button to turn CH 2 on in the display, and press the CH 1 Mode button to remove the CH 1 trace from the display.
- 8. Set the CH 2 VOLTS/DIV setting to 0.1 V (10 mV with probe disconnected) and vertically center the PROBE ADJUST square-wave signal.
- 9. Repeat Steps 5 and 6 for the second probe on the CH 2 BNC input connector.

NOTE

Refer to the instruction manual supplied with the probe for more detailed information about the probes and the adjustment procedure.

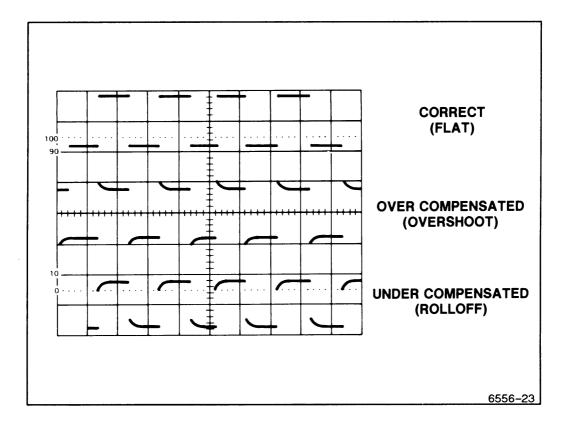


Figure 4-1. Probe compensation.

Vertical Deflection Check

The PROBE ADJUST square-wave signal may be used to check the Channel 1 and Channel 2 vertical deflection system in the following procedure:

- 1. Connect the two 10X probes (supplied) to the CH 1 and CH 2 input connectors.
- 2. Connect both probe hook tips to the PROBE ADJUST connector.
- 3. Set:

VERTICAL MODE	CH 1
Horizontal MODE	А

- 4. Press AUTO SETUP button.
- 5. Set CH 1 and CH 2 VOLTS/DIV switches to 0.1 V for the attached 10X probes.

- 6. Set the bottom of the trace of the PROBE ADJUST square-wave signal to a convenient horizontal graticule line with the Vertical POSITION control.
- 7. Check for a five-division display of the PROBE ADJUST square-wave signal.
- 8. Select CH 2 VERTICAL MODE and repeat steps 6 and 7.
- 9. Disconnect the probes from the instrument.

Timing Checks

The time measurement cursors may be used to check the horizontal deflection system.

- 1. Preset instrument controls and obtain a baseline trace and set the A SEC/DIV switch to 0.1 ms. Vertically center the baseline trace.
- 2. Press the TIME MEASUREMENTS button to call up the Time Measurement Mode menu on the crt and select i← SEC→I function for measuring time difference by pressing the Menu Select button opposite menu label.
- 3. Align the reference cursor to the second vertical graticule line using the $\downarrow \leftarrow$ OR DELAY control (both cursors are positioned together).
- 4. Adjust the \rightarrow control for a reading of 800.0 μ s
- 5. Check that the cursors are eight divisions apart.
- 6. Press the CLEAR DISPLAY button to remove the cursors from the display.



BASIC APPLICATIONS

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Introduction

The TEKTRONIX 2247A Oscilloscope provides an accurate and flexible measurement system. After becoming familiar with the controls, indicators, menus, and capabilities of the instrument, you can develop convenient methods for making special measurements for your own applications. The measurements given in this section are examples of typical applications that may assist in developing efficient techniques for your specific measurements. A brief description of how the graticule markings are used in making measurements is given in Section 3 of this manual.

When a procedure calls for "Initial Setup" or "Auto Setup Function," refer to the "OPERATOR CHECKS AND ADJUSTMENTS" Section 4. Certain signals such as video or aperiodic signals (non-repeating) and signals containing many unrelated frequency components may require more trigger signal conditioning and/or holdoff to obtain the best display.

CH 1/CH 2 Voltmeter Measurements

The CH 1/CH 2 Voltmeter measurements are continuous measurements of the DC, +PEAK, -PEAK, or PK-PK values of an applied signal. The measurement value is displayed in the crt readout. Measurement tracking and/or ground tracking cursors may be displayed to give the user instant feedback about where on the applied signal the measurement is being made and the location of ground level.

NOTE

A maximum of eight waveforms are allowed to be displayed when making Voltmeter measurements of DC, +Peak, -Peak, or Peak-to-Peak measurements while in Horizontal ALT Mode.

The ADD mode waveforms will not be displayed while making voltage measurements if Vertical Channels 1 through 4 are being displayed with their Delayed waveforms (Horiz ALT Mode selected).

GATED modes of +PEAK, -PEAK, and PK-PK measurements may be used to define the area of the measurement on the displayed waveform. The position and width of the gated region is displayed as an intensified zone on the A trace of the waveform display. Position of the gated region on the waveform is controlled by the \leftarrow OR DELAY control, and width of the gated region is controlled by the \rightarrow control. Some features of the CH 1/CH 2 Voltmeter function are:

- a. Measures CH 1 or CH 2 while viewing either channel. (Select the measurement source channel using the SET MEAS'MT CHANNEL menu.)
- b. Measures signal levels (DC values and peaks) in SGL SEQ (singlesequence) Trigger MODE continuously. (Use CONFIGURE function in the Service Menu to get menus and readouts to remain on between single sequence triggers.)
- c. Finds peaks of signal applied, not only just the displayed portions of the waveform.
- d. Defines a portion of the waveform (GATED measurements especially useful for making measurements on a multi-level signal) on which to make the selected measurement. (Use page 2 of the VOLTMETER menu to select a GATED-measurement mode.)

NOTE

Very narrow-gated measurements at 20 ns per div sweep speed are impractical due to imprecise definition of the intensified zone at that sweep speed.

Peak Voltage Measurement

To make a +peak voltage measurement use the following procedure:

- 1. Apply the signal to be measured to CH 1 input connector.
- 2. Set:

VERTICAL MODE	CH 1
Horizontal MODE	Α

- 3. Press AUTO SETUP button.
- 4. Press the VOLTMETER CH1/CH2 button to call up the selection menu and select the +PEAK choice. Any of the page one choices may be selected as required for the waveform measurement wanted.

Depending on the way the CONFIGURE choices of the SERVICE menu have been made, the menu will either go off when the measurement selection is made or it will stay on. If the menu remains on, press the CLEAR DISPLAY button once to remove it from the display. See the SERVICE Menu discussion in Section 3 for further details.

NOTE

The TRACK MEASMT cursor may be displayed with the waveform. Pressing CLEAR DISPLAY in the initial setup removes the measurement tracking cursor from the display (and also cancels the measurement) but does not disable the feature once it has been enabled; the next time a CH 1/CH 2 Voltmeter measurement mode is called for, the measurement tracking cursor is again displayed.

5. Press the CURSOR VOLTS button and display page 2 of the menu by selecting the (TO AUTO TRACKING MENU) choice. Of the three features available in page 2, select both TRACK MEASMT and TRACK \dot{m} . Menu labels are UNDERLINED when the function is enabled. The TRACK \dot{m} cursor is especially useful for providing feedback to the user about dc offset of the signal from ground level.

NOTE

In this menu, the select buttons toggle the choices on and off with each press, and all three choices may be selected (but not all displayed together because only two cursors are allowed). Also, pressing CLEAR DISPLAY (as many as three times may be necessary) does turn off the TRACK TRIG LVL and TRACK m choices.

6. Press either MENU OFF (in the menu selection list) or CLEAR DISPLAY (once) to remove the AUTO TRACKING menu from the display.

NOTE

If VOLTMETER PK-PK measurement is selected, two TRACK MEASMT cursors are required; therefore, the TRACK m cursor will not be displayed.

7. See Figure 5-1. The test signal used for the example has a dc offset (as shown by the position of the TRACK \vec{m} cursor) and +PEAK value (peak ac + dc) as indicated by the voltage readout.

Gated Voltage Measurement

If you need to track the +PEAK, -PEAK, or PK-PK voltage of a selected portion of a waveform, that portion can be defined using the GATED MEASUREMENTS available in page 2 of the VOLTMETER menu. The general steps given in the previous Peak Voltage Measurement procedure are used for this function also. Set up all the controls and apply the signal to be measured in the same way; but, after pressing the VOLTMETER CH1/CH2 button, select the (TO GATED MEASMT MENU) choice. After that, follow these additional steps to make the gated measurement.

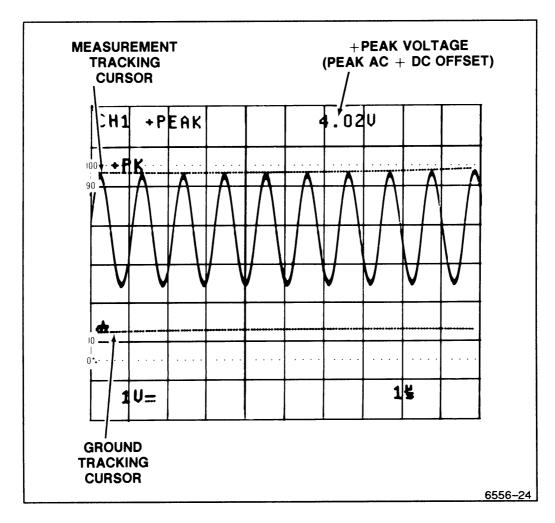


Figure 5-1. +PEAK voltage measurement and tracking cursors.

1. Select GATED +PEAK measurement mode. The menu will be removed (if configured to do so), and any enabled tracking cursors will be displayed. If none are enabled in page 2 of the CURSOR VOLTS menu, none will be displayed.

NOTE

Only two of the possible three available selections may be displayed (on a priority basis). TRACK MEASMT has the highest priority, followed by TRACK TRIG LVL and TRACK m in that order. Also the TRACK TRIG LVL cursors may only be displayed on the Trigger SOURCE signal. The TRACK MEASMT cursor may be directed to either CH 1 or CH 2 input signal without regard to the trigger signal SOURCE.

2. Adjust the B INTEN and A INTEN controls to provide a good viewing contrast of the intensified zone that appears on the A Sweep trace.

NOTE

If the zone does not appear, it may be positioned out of the viewing area (but not past the end of the A Sweep trace). Turn the \leftarrow OR DELAY control counterclockwise to move the gate zone closer to the beginning of sweep.

- 3. Use the I← OR DELAY control to position the intensified zone to the area of interest on the waveform to be tracked. (See Figure 5-2.)
- 4. The width of the gated zone is controlled by the \rightarrow control. Adjust the width to define the gated measurement zone.
- 5. The voltage value that appears in the readout is the +PEAK voltage that occurs within the zone.

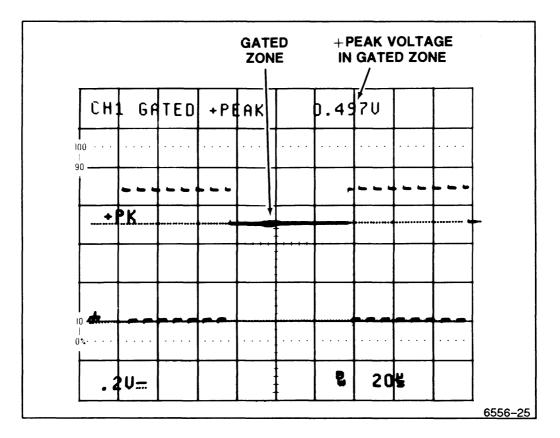


Figure 5-2. Gated voltage measurement.

Voltage Measurement Cursors

Voltage cursors can be used to measure signals displayed on CH 1 or CH 2. Voltage measurements using cursors may be done on the CH 3, the CH 4, or the ADD waveform by setting the VOLTS/DIV switch setting of the selected measurement channel to the same scale factor as the signal to be measured. However, the measurement accuracy on the CH 3 or CH 4 input signals will be less accurate than on the CH 1 or CH 2 input signals. Volts cursors are also available for making measurements in both the A Horizontal MODE and the X-Y Horizontal MODE.

Voltage Difference

Use the following procedure steps as a guideline in making voltage difference measurements using the positionable cursors.

1. Apply the signal to the input connector(s).

NOTE

For triggering to be set up properly when the AUTO SETUP button is pressed, connect the trigger-source signal to the lowest numbered channel that will be turned on.

2. Set:

VERTICAL MODE	As desired
Horizontal MODE	A or X-Y

- 3. Press AUTO SETUP button.
- Press the CURSOR VOLTS button to display the measurement selection menu and select the I← VOLTS→I cursors. The voltage cursors are initialized to the peak-to-peak levels of the lowest numbered displayed channel of either CH 1 or CH 2 (see Figure 5-3).

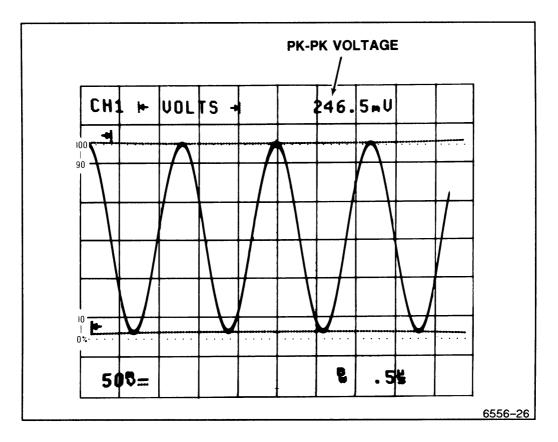


Figure 5-3. Voltage difference measurement using cursors.

NOTE

Voltage cursors are initialized to levels seen by the peak detector circuitry. Noise and other signals riding on the signal to be measured will cause a slight displacement of the cursors from the displayed waveform peaks, and above 50 MHz the bandwidth rolloff of the trigger circuit will affect the initial cursor positions on the waveform.

- 5. For a peak-to-peak voltage measurement, slightly reposition the cursors as necessary to precisely align them with the peak amplitudes of the waveform, and the work is done. The I← OR DELAY control positions both cursors together (keeping the original spacing), and the →I control positions the independent cursor. Then, simply read the measurement value displayed in the top line of the readout.
- To make voltage difference measurements between any other locations on the waveform, simply move the |← cursor to the new point of interest and then position the independent →| cursor to the second point on the waveform and read the voltage difference.

Ground-Referenced Voltage

Voltage measurements using ground as a reference are made using the /h VOLTS \rightarrow | cursors. The ground tracking cursor is fixed at the ground level of the applied signal and the independent cursor above or below ground as necessary to measure the voltage at the cursor position. Use the following procedure steps to set up to measure ground-referenced voltages.

- 1. Apply the signal to the input connector(s).
- 2. Set:

VERTICAL MODE	As desired
Horizontal MODE	А
CH 1/CH 2 COUPLING	DC

- 3. Press AUTO SETUP button.
- 4. Press the CURSOR VOLTS button to display the measurement selection menu and select the *m* VOLTS →| cursors. The independent cursor is initialized to the +PEAK of the input waveform.

5. Position the independent cursor using the →| control to the measurement point on the waveform and read out the value of the cursor position (shown in Figure 5-4). (The |← OR DELAY control has no effect.)

NOTE

The test signal used for illustration purposes in Figure 5-4 is a video test signal. For triggering on a video waveform, select TV LINE Trigger COUPLING and negative (\frown) Trigger SLOPE; for other signal types, no change of COUPLING or SLOPE is required.

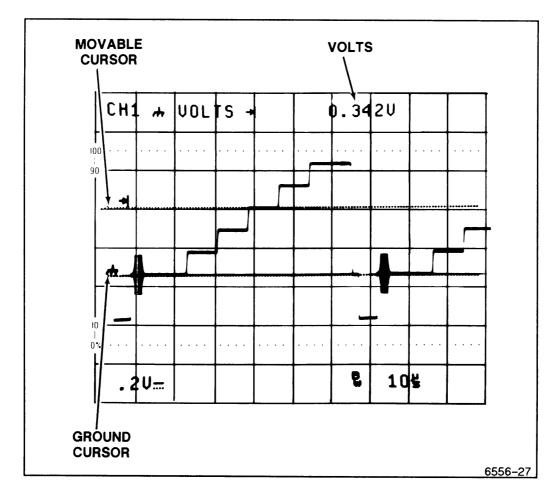


Figure 5-4. Voltage measurement.

Time Measurement Cursors

Time measurement cursors may be used on any of the input waveforms in the A Horizontal MODE. (Time measurements are also available in ALT and B Horizontal modes; see "Time Delay Measurement" in this section.) The units of the time cursors may be selected to provide some automatic calculations for the user. The units of the \leftarrow SEC \rightarrow cursors are time (s, ms, μ s, and ns), the \leftarrow 1/SEC \rightarrow cursors have units of frequency (Hz, KHz, and MHz), and the \leftarrow PHASE \rightarrow cursor units are in degrees and scaled to a 360 degree reference set by the user.

Time Difference

Use the following procedure steps as a guideline in making time difference measurements using the $|\leftarrow$ SEC \rightarrow | cursors. As with the $|\leftarrow$ VOLTS \rightarrow | cursors, the $|\leftarrow$ OR DELAY control positions both cursors together, and the \rightarrow | control positions the independent cursor.

- 1. Apply the signal to the input connector(s).
- 2. Set:

VERTICAL MODE	as desired
Horizontal MODE	Α

- 3. Press AUTO SETUP button.
- 4. Select a SEC/DIV setting that provides the fewest number of cycles of the applied waveform necessary to display the measurement points of interest. This is to improve the accuracy of cursor placement for the measurement.
- 5. Press TIME button and select \leftarrow SEC \rightarrow from menu.

NOTE

The independent cursor cannot be positioned in front of the reference cursor.

6. Use the i← OR DELAY control to position the reference cursor to the point on the waveform to be measured from. Use the → control to position the independent cursor to the second point of interest. Then, read the time difference value in the top line of the crt readout.

Propagation Delay

Propagation delay is an automatic measurement of the time difference between trigger events on two different channels. Use the setup for making time-difference measurements as a guideline and select the PROPDLY menu item from the Time measurements menu. If desired, the trigger level may be adjusted by selecting the B Trigger and adjusting the Trigger LEVEL control.

Rise Time Measurements

Rise time and fall time measurements can be made automatically by selecting the appropriate menu item in the Time measurements menu. Use the procedure for making time-difference measurements to get a stable display on the instrument. Then go to the RISE/FALL menu and select the desired trigger level and select RISE. The instrument will prompt you to increase the V/div level, if required, for it to make the automatic rise time measurement.

Phase Measurements

Making a phase measurement is done by first setting a reference for the full 360 degree waveform period. Use the following procedure as a guide.

- 1. Apply the reference waveform to the CH 1 input connector (any channel may be used, but CH 1 and CH 2 provide the most signal-scaling possibilities). Use the standard 10X attenuator probe supplied with the instrument to make the signal connections as they produce very little signal loading to a circuit under test and produce matched delays. For phase measurements, external loading of a circuit and different delays in the signal connection paths will produce incorrect results.
- 2. Select CH 1 for display using the VERTICAL MODE buttons and set the Input COUPLING for CH 1 and CH 2 to DC. AC may be used if the signals to be measured are riding on a dc voltage, but set both inputs to the same coupling. AC coupling produces some signal phase shift, especially at lower frequencies.
- 3. Set the CH 1 VOLTS/DIV control to display the reference waveform with about five divisions of amplitude. Vertically center the waveform.
- 4. Set the A SEC/DIV setting (in A Horizontal MODE) to display at least one complete reference waveform period and no more than two (if possible). An excessive number of cycles of the reference waveform in

the display reduces the users' ability to make an accurate reference setting. (Triggering on the negative slope of the sine wave may position the waveform correctly within the graticule area for ease in measurement when viewing a single cycle of the reference signal.)

- 5. Press the TIME button to display the Cursor measurement choices.
- 6. Select |← PHASE →|. A second-level phase-measurement menu is then displayed with three choices: |← PHASE →| to continue the phase measurement, |← SET 360°→| to set the 360 degree reference, and 360° TRACKS A TRIG PERIOD, which is an alternative to using |← SET 360°→|. When 360° TRACKS A TRIG PERIOD is selected, the phase measurement will alternate between a C/T measurement of the A trig period and the delta Time measurement.
- 7. Assume the present reference setting is not correct (if it were, selecting |← PHASE →| again continues the measurement using the present reference value). Press |← SET 360°→| to activate the reference setting function. The position of the displayed cursors when |← PHASE →| is again selected defines the full waveform period (360 degrees).
- 8. Position the first vertical cursor to the point that the reference waveform crosses the center horizontal graticule line in the positive direction (see Figure 5–5A). The Horizontal POSITION control may be used as necessary to center the waveform period in the viewing area.
- Position the deita cursor to the second positive crossing of the center horizontal graticule line by the reference waveform as shown in Figure 5-5A.
- 10. Select (← PHASE →) to continue with the phase measurement; the reference value will then be saved.
- 11. Apply the phase-shifted, sine-wave signal to be measured to the CH 2 input connector using a 10X attenuator probe, and turn CH 2 VERTICAL MODE on to display the signal.
- 12. Set the VOLTS/DIV and VOLTS/DIV VAR controls to match the amplitude of the phase-shifted signal to that of the reference waveform as shown in Figure 5-5B. Use the VERTICAL POSITION control as necessary to align the two waveforms vertically.
- 13. Reposition the second cursor to the first positive crossing of the phaseshifted signal, and read the phase difference.

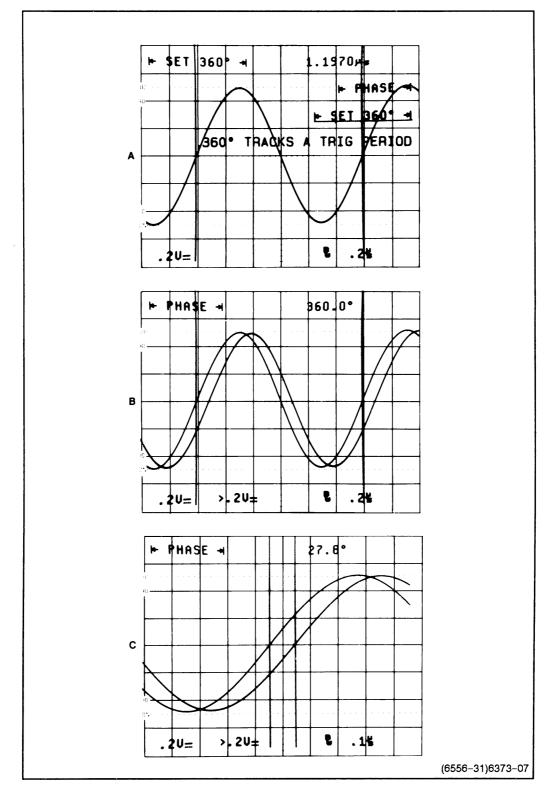


Figure 5-5. Making a phase difference measurement.

NOTE

For increased resolution of the phase measurement, the sweep many be increased and both cursors repositioned to the measurement points (see Figure 5–5C). The X10 MAG feature may also be used in a similar manner by placing the measurement points at the center vertical graticule line before pressing the X10 MAG button (you may want to reduce the A SECIDIV setting prior to turning on the X10 MAG feature).

Frequency and Period Measurements

The 2247A has an eight-digit frequency counter/timer built in to make accurate frequency and period measurements quickly and easily. Use the procedure for making time-difference measurements to get a stable display. Then press the COUNTER/TIMER button and select the desired measurement from the menu. The frequency (or period) will be displayed in the upper right corner of the crt.

If you need to make a frequency or period measurement of a selected portion of a complex waveform, you can make a gated measurement. Set up the instrument as before to get a stable display. Then use the following additional procedure:

- 1. In the GATED MEASMT menu select the desired measurement.
- 2. Adjust the B INTEN and A INTEN controls to provide a good viewing contrast of the intensified zone that appears on the A Sweep trace.
- 3. Use the I← OR DELAY control to position the intensified zone to the area of interest on the waveform to be tracked.
- 4. The width of the gated zone is controlled by the→| control. Adjust the width to define the gated measurement zone.
- 5. The frequency (or period) value that appears in the upper right corner of the crt is the value that occurs within the zone.

Time Delay Measurement

When using ALT Horizontal Mode, the TIME measurement mode provides two intensified zones on the A trace. There are also two associated B

delayed traces matching the intensified zones. A direct readout of the delay difference between the two zones is displayed in the top line of crt readout. Use the following procedure steps as a guideline for making delta-time delay-time measurements.

1. Apply the signals that measurements are to be made on to the vertical input connectors. Turn on the VERTICAL MODE channels needed to display the signals.

NOTE

Probes are the most convenient for in-circuit testing, and coaxial cables are the most convenient when using signal generators as the source of the test signals. Use correct terminations to match the output impedance of any signal generator used. The CH 1 and CH 2 vertical channels provide the widest range of signal conditioning, and the CH 3 and CH 4 vertical channels are most useful for digital signal levels.

2. Use a VOLTS/DIV setting that produces a usable vertical display amplitude for viewing ease; use an A SEC/DIV setting that produces two to five repetitions or cycles of the signal across the graticule area.

NOTE

When viewing multiple traces, it is best to limit the vertical amplitude to about two divisions so that good trace separation may be obtained in the display.

- 3. Switch the Horizontal MODE to ALT. Advance the SEC/DIV setting at least one position to obtain a faster B SEC/DIV setting.
- 4. Set the B Trigger MODE to RUNS AFTER.
- 5. Press the TIME button, then select the (← SEC →) menu choice. This produces two intensified zones on the A Sweep trace and two alternate B Delay Sweeps. Use the TRACE SEP and VERTICAL POSITION controls to position the B Delay Sweeps vertically in the graticule area for ease of viewing the separate traces.

6. Use the SET MEAS'MT CHANNEL menu choices to select the desired channels to make the time measurements on.

NOTE

When making delay measurements between two different signals for time or phase difference, the SET MEAS'MT CHANNEL choices must be set to the correct measurement source channel to obtain the desired measurement results. BOTH delays must be set to the same channel source for making period, pulse width, or rise-time and fall-time measurements. If only a single channel is selected for display, both delays will default to that channel. If a channel is selected as a measurement source, it will be turned on if not already on; but it will not be turned off when deselected as a measurement source. Extra display channels must be turned off using the VERTICAL MODE buttons. If a channel is displayed but not selected as a measurement source, that waveform trace will not be intensified, and no alternate B Delayed trace will be displayed for that channel.

- Set the I← OR DELAY control so that the reference-delay intensified zone is positioned at the first point of interest (point A, Figure 5-6) and the B sweep display of that point is at the center vertical graticule line.
- 8. Set the -> control so that the delta-delay intensified zone is positioned at the second point of interest (point B, Figure 5-6) and the B sweep display of that point is at the center graticule line. The time difference between the two points of interest is displayed at the top of the screen.

Once the measurement points are identified, the A Intensified Sweep traces may be removed from the display for ease in viewing the B Sweep traces by switching to B Delayed Horizontal MODE. In B Horizontal MODE, exact placement of the two delays may be obtained by positioning one trace over the other and then aligning the measurement point using the \rightarrow control. Additional resolution may be obtained by advancing the B SEC/DIV switch setting to further expand the B Sweep traces.

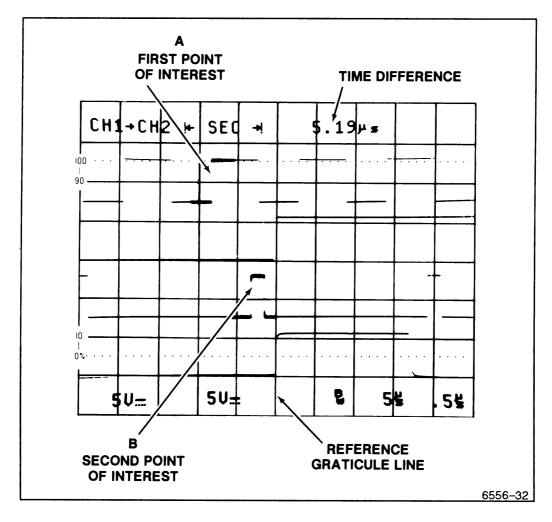


Figure 5-6. Time difference between the two delays.

Track Trigger Level Cursors

For most general purpose applications, the AUTO LEVEL Trigger MODE provides the user with the easiest method to obtain stable waveform triggering. When information regarding the actual trigger level setting is needed to set special triggering levels for NORM or SGL SEQ triggering, the user may use the TRACKING CURSORS features of the oscilloscope. The TRACK TRIG LVL cursors provide both a visual indication of location and a numeric readout of the Trigger LEVEL control setting. In ALT Horizontal MODE (with the A Intensified and the B Delayed traces both displayed) the A and the B TRACK TRIG LVL cursors will be displayed (see Figure 5-7). The A Trigger LEVEL may be set when the trigger controls are directed to the A Trigger system (by the A/B SELECT switch), and the B Trigger LEVEL may be set when the trigger controls are directed to the B Trigger system.

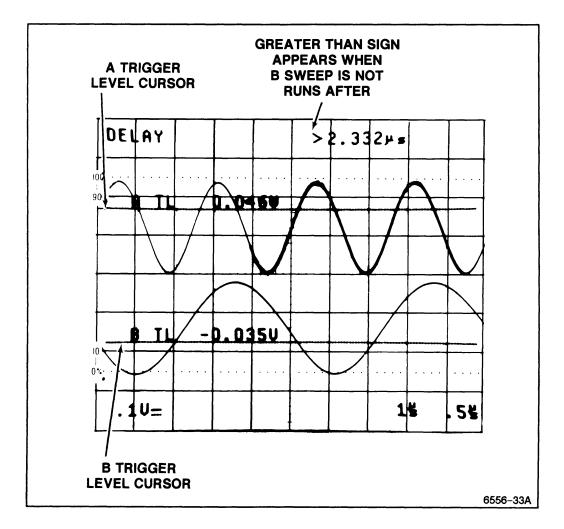


Figure 5-7. A and B Track Trig LvI cursors.

The Trigger LEVEL cursor will be displayed when enabled if the following conditions exist:

- a. The Trigger SOURCE is either CH 1 or CH 2 (selected directly or with VERT SOURCE).
- b. The Trigger SOURCE channel is displayed.
- c. The Trigger CPLG is DC or NOISE REJ.

- d. The Trigger mode is AUTO LEVEL, AUTO, NORM, RUNS AFTER or SGL SEG.
- e. TRACK MEASMT has not been selected or no measurements are active.

Additionally, the A Trigger LEVEL cursor is displayed in A and ALT Horizontal MODE, and the B Trigger LEVEL cursor is displayed in ALT or B Horizontal MODE (both displayed in ALT if conditions are met).

The labels for the Trigger Level cursors are:

A TL	A trigger level
B TL	B trigger level
B Δ TL	B delta trigger level
CHx TL	B CHx trigger level
CHy TL	B CHy trigger level
START TL	B start trigger level
STOP TL	B stop trigger level
10% TL	Rise/fall 10% trigger level
20% TL	Rise/fall 20% trigger level
80% TL	Rise/fall 80% trigger level
90% TL	Rise/fall 90% trigger level

The A and B Trigger LEVEL readouts include the sign (if minus), the integer and decimal fractional value of the level, and the units when a cursor is displayed. For example:

A TL 3.25 mV

NOTE

In the AUTO LEVEL trigger mode when no waveform is displayed, the trigger-level cursor will be positioned at the level at which triggering would occur.

The A and B Trigger Level Cursors are not guaranteed to reach the waveform if the Horizontal POSITION control is set fully clockwise. Also, since the Trigger LEVEL cursor may be located anywhere within the viewing area (and beyond), the labels for those cursors may overlap each other or the +PK, -PK, and DC or TRACK \dot{m} cursor labels in the displays.

The trigger cursor channel is determined from the Trigger source as indicated in Table 5-1.

A or B Trigger Source	A or B Cursor Channel
VERT	Lowest-numbered channel displayed (CH 1 or CH 2)
СН 1	CH 1
CH 2	СН 2
СН 3	Not used
СН 4	Not used
LINE	Not used

Table 5-1		
Trigger	Cursor	Channel

To enable the TRACK TRIG LVL cursors, press the CURSOR VOLTS button to call up page one of the menu. The last selection in the menu is "TO AUTO TRACKING MENU." Press the menu select button for that choice to display page 2 with the tracking cursor choices. All of the choices, TRACK MEASMT, TRACK TRIG LVL, and TRACK m, may be underlined, but they cannot all be displayed at the same time. Only two cursors at a time are permitted. If enabled, but not displayed in a particular waveform, omitted cursors will be displayed when a higher priority cursor is turned off. TRACK MEASMT cursors take priority over the TRACK TRIG LVL cursors. TRACK TRIG LVL cursors take priority over TRACK m cursors. The cursors displayed when a CURSOR VOLTS measurement is active take priority over all the Auto Tracking Cursors.

NOTE

The CLEAR DISPLAY button will turn off the TRACK TRIG LVL and TRACK m cursors if pressed the appropriate number of times. To enable either or both of these, it is necessary to re-enter the Cursor Volts menu and reselect them.

The TRACK MEASMT cursors are also turned off by the CLEAR DISPLAY button, but the function is not turned off; the TRACK MEASMT cursor(s) will be displayed again when a CH 1/CH 2 Voltmeter measurement is called up.

Setting Trigger Level

The trigger level readout supplied by the TRACK TRIG LVL cursor may be used to set a specific trigger level for triggering on a displayed waveform. As an example, assume the following conditions:

- a. The signal to be examined is a mix of two different signal levels (see Figure 5-8).
- b. It is necessary to trigger on the larger amplitude signals to make a closer examination of their waveshape and take pulse width and/or rise time measurements.

To set the Trigger LEVEL to the appropriate level with no signal applied (or with GND input coupling) use the TRACK \not{m} cursor feature. (The TRACK \not{m} cursor menu choice is reached through the same menu path as the TRACK TRIG LVL cursor.) The ground cursor provides feedback to the user so that the ground level may be positioned without the need for a ground baseline trace.

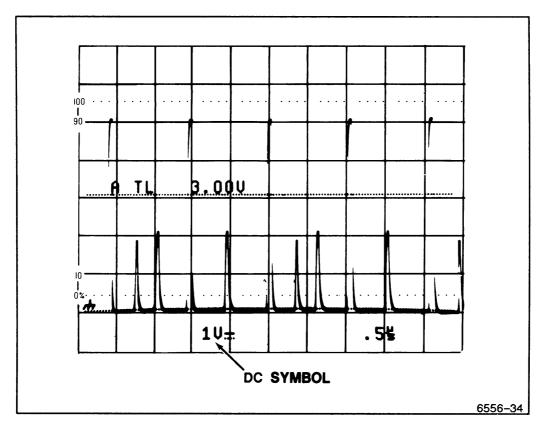


Figure 5-8. Setting a specific trigger level.

Set the VOLTS/DIV control so that the displayed signal will have a good viewing amplitude. For the assumed signal shown in Figure 5-8, a setting of 1 V/div will produce a four to five division display amplitude. Position the ground cursor (using the VERTICAL POSITION control) at about three graticule divisions below the center graticule line. (For negative-going signals, two divisions above the center graticule would about center the display; and for bipolar signals, centering the ground trace is appropriate.)

Zeroing the Trigger LEVEL control may be useful if the cursor is positioned out of the viewing area. Simply switch the Input COUPLING of the selected channel to GND and switch the Trigger MODE to AUTO LEVEL. Once zeroed, set the Trigger MODE to NORM so that the Trigger LEVEL you set will be maintained. (If AUTO LEVEL is left on, the Trigger LEVEL will continue to follow the applied signal; ground in this case.) Use the Trigger LEVEL control to position the trigger level cursor to about 3 V (measured from the ground cursor). For the assumed signal, this level is ample to avoid triggering on the lower amplitude signals in the display. For other waveforms, the user must determine what trigger level is needed to obtain triggering on a specific waveform amplitude.

Apply the signal to the appropriate input channel connector and set the Input COUPLING to DC. The waveform display will now appear (assuming the A INTENSITY is set to a viewing level), and it will be triggered on the larger amplitude pulses of the signal.

Once triggering is obtained, the A SEC/DIV setting may be set to a faster sweep speed to expand the triggering pulse for making any measurements wanted.

Use of the Add Mode

With the VERTICAL MODE set to ADD, the resulting waveform is the algebraic sum of the signals applied to the Channel 1 and Channel 2 inputs (CH 1 + CH 2). A plus symbol (+) appears in the readout between the CH 1 and CH 2 VOLTS/DIV setting readout to indicate that ADD is active. If the CH 2 INVERT feature is turned on (INVERT button lit), the waveform displayed is the difference between the signals applied to the Channel 1 and Channel 2 inputs. Neither the CH 1 nor CH 2 waveform needs to be displayed to obtain the ADD trace, but any or ALL vertical input channels may be displayed at the same time if wanted by the user.

When the VOLTS/DIV switches of CH 1 and CH 2 are both set to the same setting, the total deflection factor in the ADD mode is equal to the deflection factor indicated by either VOLTS/DIV readout. The \downarrow VOLTS \rightarrow I

cursors may be used to make voltage measurements on the ADD trace if either CH 1 or CH 2 is displayed along with the ADD trace (and, of course, both CH 1 and CH 2 at the same VOLTS/DIV setting). If any voltage measurement function is active, turning off CH 1 and CH 2 to display the ADD trace by itself causes the message "MEASMT SOURCE: CH 1 OR 2 ONLY" to appear and cancels the measurement. If calling for a voltage measurement with ADD displayed and neither CH 1 nor CH 2 displayed, the CH 1 VERTICAL MODE is turned on and the measurement is initialized to the signal applied to the CH 1 input.

Two common uses for ADD mode are: (1) providing a dc offset to bring an ac signal riding on top of a large dc voltage within the graticule viewing area and (2) canceling out a large line-frequency signal component to view some small feature riding on the waveform in greater detail using common-mode rejection.

The following general precautions should be observed when using ADD mode.

- a. Do not exceed the input-voltage rating of the oscilloscope or probe.
- b. Do not apply signals that exceed the equivalent of about eight times the VOLTS/DIV switch settings, since large voltages may distort the display. For example, with a VOLTS/DIV setting of 0.5 V, the voltage applied to that channel should not exceed 4 V.
- c. Use CH 1 and CH 2 POSITION control settings which most nearly position the signal on each channel to mid-screen, when viewed separately. This ensures the greatest dynamic range for ADD mode signal displays.
- d. To have similar responses for both channels, use the same input COUPLING for both CH 1 and CH 2.

The following procedure shows how to eliminate an unwanted ac inputpower frequency signal component from the displayed signal.

- a. Perform the "Initial Setup" in "OPERATOR CHECKS AND ADJUST-MENTS" Section 4, and center the baseline trace vertically.
- b. Apply the signal of interest containing the unwanted line-frequency component to the CH 1 input connector.
- c. Apply a line-frequency signal to the CH 2 input connector. To maximize cancellation, the signal applied to the CH 2 input must be exactly in phase (or exactly 180° out of phase) with the frequency component to be canceled from the CH 1 signal.

- d. Select CH 1 and CH 2 VERTICAL MODE.
- e. Set TRIGGER SOURCE switch to VERT.
- f. Set both VOLTS/DIV switches to produce displays of about two or three divisions in amplitude.
- g. Adjust the CH 2 VOLTS/DIV switch and VAR control so that the CH 2 display is about the same amplitude as the component to be canceled in the CH 1 waveform (see Figure 5-9A).

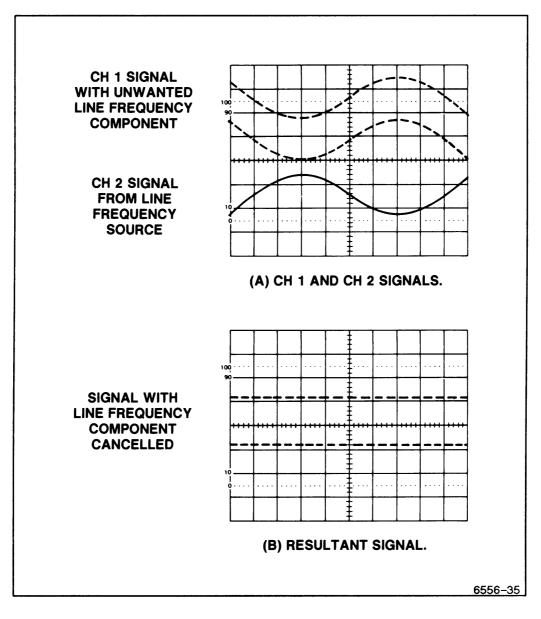


Figure 5-9. Eliminating common-mode signals.

- h. Select ADD, and then turn on CH 2 INVERT (unless cancellation signal is already 180° out of phase). Turn off the CH 1 and CH 2 displays and slightly readjust the CH 2 VOLTS/DIV VAR control for maximum cancellation of the line-frequency component (see Figure 5-9B).
- i. The SEC/DIV setting may be set to a faster sweep speed to expand the waveform, and the display amplitude may be increased by advancing both VOLTS/DIV switches and readjusting the VOLTS/ DIV VAR controls as necessary to maintain cancellation of the undesired signal component.

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SECTION 6

PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

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Introduction

Electrical characteristics in Table 6–1 apply when the 2247A has been calibrated at an ambient temperature between +20°C and +30°C, has warmed up at least 20 minutes, and is operating in an ambient temperature between -10°C and +55°C (unless otherwise noted).

Specifications for non-counter/timer functions with digital readout are valid only when the ambient temperature is within $\pm 10^{\circ}$ C of the temperature at the time of the last SELF CAL. For maximum performance, a recent SELF CAL is recommended.

Items listed in the "Performance Requirements" column are verifiable qualitative or quantitative limits that define the measurement capabilities of the instrument.

Environmental Specifications of the 2247A are in Table 6–2, and Mechanical Specifications are in Table 6–3.

Recommended Calibration Schedule

To ensure accurate measurements, check the performance of this instrument every 2000 hours of operation (once each year if used infrequently). When components are replaced, affected circuits may have to be readjusted.

CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
VERTICAL DEFLE	CTION SYSTEM — CH 1 AND CH 2
Deflection Factor	
Range	2 mV/div to 5 V/div in 1-2-5 sequence. ^a
Accuracy (includes ADD MODE and CH 2 INVERT)	
15°C to 35°C	Within ±2%.
-10°C to 15°C and 35°C to 55°C	Within ±3%.ª
Variable Range	Increases deflection factor by at least 2.5:1.
Frequency Response (-3 dB bandwidth)	
–10°C to 35°C	
5 mV to 5 V/div	Dc to 100 MHz (at the input BNC and at the probe tip).
2 mV	Dc to 90 MHz (at the input BNC and at the probe tip).
35°C to 55°C	Dc to 90 MHz (at the input BNC and at the probe tip). ^a
AC Coupled Lower -3 dB Point	
1X Probe	10 Hz or less.
10X Probe	1 Hz or less.
Step Response (5-division step) Rise Time	
–10°C to 35°C	
5 mV to 5 V/div	3.5 ns or less (calculated). ^a
2 mV/div	3.9 ns or less (calculated). ^a
35 ° C to 55° C	3.9 ns or less (calculated). ^a

CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS	
Delay Match (CH 1 to CH 2)	Less than 200 ps difference.	
Common Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR)	At least 10:1 at 50 MHz for signals of eight divisions or less with VOLTS/DIV VAR adjusted for best CMRR at 50 kHz.	
Channel Isolation (attenuation of deselected channel)	10 MHz	100 MHz
2 mV/div to 0.5 V/div	50 db or more	34 dB or more
	Channel isolation input signal.	tested with eight-division
Trace Shift as VAR VOLTS/DIV is Turned	1 division or less	
Invert Trace Shift	1 division or less.	
Trace Shift Between VOLTS/DIV Switch Positions	0.2 division or less.	
Trace Shift Between GND and DC input Coupling		
10°C to 35°C	Less than 0.5 m	V.
35°C to 55°C	Less than 2 mV. ^a	
Input Characteristics		
Resistance	$1 \text{ M}\Omega \pm 1.0\%^{a}$	
Capacitance	20 pF ±1 pF. ^a	
Capacitance Match Between Any Two VOLTS/DIV Settings	±0.5 pF. ^a	
Maximum Input Volts	400 V (dc + pea or less. ^a (See F	k ac); 800 V p-p at 10 kHz Figure 6-1.)

CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
VERTICAL DEFLE	CTION SYSTEM CH 3 AND CH 4
Deflection Factor	
Range	0.1 V per division and 0.5 V per division.
Accuracy	
15°C to 35°C	Within ±2%.
-10°C to 55°C	Within ±3%.ª
Frequency Response (-3 dB bandwidth)	
–10°C to 35°C	Dc to 100 MHz (at the input BNC and at the probe tip).
35°C to 55°C	Dc to 90 MHz (at the input BNC and at the probe tip). ^a
Step Response (5-division step)	
Rise Time	
-10°C to 35°C	3.5 ns or less (calculated). ^a
35°C to 55°C	3.9 ns or less (calculated). ^a
Delay Match (CH 3 to CH 4)	Less than 200 ps difference.
Trace Shift Between VOLTS/DIV Settings	1 division or less.
Channel Isolation	34 dB or more at 100 MHz.
(attenuation of deselected channel)	Channel isolation tested with eight-division input signal.
Input Characteristics	
Resistance	1 M Ω ±1.0%. ^a
Capacitance	20 pF ±1 pF.ª
Maximum Input Volts 🛆	400 V (dc + peak ac); 800 V p-p at 10 kHz or less. ^a (See Figure 6-1.)

CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
VERTICAL DEFLECTION SYSTEM — ALL CHANNELS	
Bandwidth Limit (-3 dB bandwidth)	20 MHz ±15%.
Low-Frequency Linearity (relative to center screen)	Within ±5%. Linearity is measured by positioning a two- division test signal anywhere on screen and noting the amplitude change.
Position Range	At least ±11 divisions from graticule center.
TRACE SEP Control Position Range	At least ±4 divisions.
CHOP Mode Clock Rate	625 kHz ±10%.ª
Delay Match (CH 1 or CH 2 to CH 3 or CH 4)	Less than 200 ps difference.

HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION SYSTEM

Sweep Range		
A Sweep	0.5 s/div to 20 ns/div in a 1-2-5 sequence. ^a	
	X10 magnifier ext to 2 ns/div.	ends maximum sweep speed
B Sweep		ns/div in a 1-2-5 sequence. ^a ends maximum sweep speed
Accuracy	Unmagnified	Magnified
15°C to 35°C	± 2%	±3%
-10°C to 15°C and 35 °C to 55°C	<u>+</u> 3% ^a	<u>+</u> 4% ^a
	Sweep Accuracy applies over the center divisions. Excludes the first 1/4 division 25 ns from the start of the magnified sw and anything beyond the 100th magnified division.	

CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
HORIZONTAL DEFLECTION SYSTEM (cont)	
Sweep Linearity (relative to center two displayed divisions)	±5%. Sweep Linearity applies over the center eight divisions. Excludes the first 1/4 division or 25 ns from the start of the magnified sweep and anything beyond the 100th magnified division.
POSITION Control Range	
Normal Displays	Able to move the start of the sweep to the right of the center vertical graticule; able to move a time mark corresponding to the end of the tenth division of an unmagnified sweep to the left of the center graticule.
X-Y Displays	At least ±13 divisions. ^a
X10 Magnifier	Expands the normal sweep by ten times around that portion of the sweep positioned at the center vertical graticule line. ^a
Registration (X10 to X1)	0.5 division or less shift.
Variable Control Range	Continuously variable between calibrated SEC/DIV settings. Extends both the A and B sweep time per division by at least a factor of 2.5.
Sweep Length	Greater than 10 divisions.
Delay Time	
Delay Control Range	Less than 0.1 division to 10 times the A SEC/DIV switch setting. Maximum value does not exceed end of the A Sweep.
Delay Accuracy, A Sweep Trigger Point to Start of B Sweep	\pm (0.5% of reading + 5% of 1 division of the A Sweep +25 ns).
Jitter	1 part in 20,000, or less, peak-to-peak, during a two-second time interval.
Delta Time	
Delta Control Range	0 to greater than 9.9 divisions to the right of setting of DELAY control, but maximum value does not exceed end of the A Sweep.

CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
A AND B TRIGGER	
Sensitivity—CH 1 through CH 4: AUTO LEVEL, AUTO, NORM, and SGL SEQ	Trigger sensitivity is defined as the minimum peak-to-peak sine-wave trigger signal amplitude required to show the test signal with horizontal jitter of less than 3.0% of one period (p-p viewed over two seconds), with Trigger LEVEL control set at mid- level, but not at control extremes.
COUPLING	
DC	0.35 division from dc to 25 MHz, increasing to 1.0 division at 150 MHz (100 MHz in AUTO LEVEL).
NOISE REJECT	1.4 division from dc to 25 MHz; increasing to 2.2 divisions at 100 MHz.
	0.5 division or less will not trigger.
HF REJECT	0.35 division from dc to 50 kHz; attenuates signals above upper -3 dB cutoff frequency of 70 kHz.
LF REJECT	0.35 division from 100 kHz to 25 MHz, increasing to 1.0 division at 150 MHz (100 MHz in AUTO LEVEL); attenuates signals below the lower -3 dB cutoff frequency of 50 kHz.
AC	0.35 division from 50 Hz to 25 MHz, increasing to 1.0 division at 150 MHz; (100 MHz in AUTO LEVEL); attenuates signals below the lower -3 dB cutoff frequency of 20 Hz.
TV LINE, TV FIELD	0.5 division of composite sync will achieve a stable display.
Channel Isolation (attenuation of deselected channel)	
CH 1 or CH 2 to Any Other Channel	20 dB or more at 100 MHz. ^a
CH 3 or CH 4 to Any Other Channel	30 dB or more at 100 MHz. ^a

CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
Free Run Enable Frequency	
AUTO and AUTO LEVEL	The sweep will free run if trigger source frequency is less than 10 Hz.ª
	In AUTO LEVEL, if the trigger source frequency is ≤ 25 Hz, the range of the Trigger LEVEL control may be reduced.
LEVEL Control Range	
AUTO, NORM, and SGL SEQ	± 20 divisions referred to the appropriate vertical input.
	This range is sufficient to allow triggering at any point on a displayed waveform for all modes except ADD. In ADD, the com- bined range of the two position controls exceeds the trigger level range, making it possible (though unlikely) to pull a signal on screen for display but fail to trigger on it due to insufficient trigger level range.
AUTO LEVEL	Does not exceed the peak-to-peak amplitude of the trigger signal that was present when the AUTO LEVEL limits were set. ^a
TRIGGER LEVEL READOUT Accuracy	±(0.3% of reading + 10% of one vertical division). ^a
HOLDOFF Control Range	Increases A Sweep holdoff time by at least a factor of 10. ^a

VOLTMETER AND CURSOR FUNCTIONS

VOLTMETER FUNCTIONS	
DC VOLTS	
Accuracy	\pm (0.5% of reading + 2% of one vertical division + 250 μV).
Normal Mode Rejection Ratio	Greater than 50 dB at 50 or 60 Hz.

PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
\pm (2.0% of reading + 10% of one vertical division + 1 mV).
+0.5 dB/-3 dB \pm 1 mV. Follows the trigger system frequency response curve.
\pm (2.0% of reading + 10% of one vertical division + 0.3 mV).
(0.2 division + 50 ns) or less.
\pm (2.0% of reading + 15% of one vertical division + 1.5 mV).
+0.5 dB/-3 dB \pm 1.5 mV. Follows the trigger system frequency response curve.
\pm (2.0% of reading + 10% of one vertical division + 0.5 mV).
(0.2 division + 50 ns) or less.

CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
URSOR FUNCTIONS	
l← SEC→l (manually positioned cursors)	
Accuracy	
A Horizontal Mode	\pm (0.5% of reading + 2% of one horizontal division).
B Horizontal Mode	<u>+</u> (3.0% of reading + 2% of one horizontal division).
← 1/SEC → (manually positioned cursors)	
Accuracy	Readout calculated from - SEC → cursor positions.
(← VOLTS → (manually positioned cursors)	
Accuracy	<u>+</u> (1.0% of reading + 2% of one vertical division + high-frequency display errors).
ሐ VOLTS→I (manually positioned cursor)	
Accuracy	<u>+</u> (1.0% of reading + 2% of one vertical division + high-frequency display errors).
← PHASE→ (manually positioned cursors)	
Accuracy	Readout calculated from ← SEC → cursor positions.
TRACK MEASUREMENT	
Position Accuracy (cursor position on waveform versus digitally displayed measurement value)	Within ±0.05 vertical division.
TRACK TRIG LEVEL	
Position Accuracy (cursor position on waveform versus digitally displayed trigger level value)	Within ±0.05 vertical division.

CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
TRACK GROUND	
Position Accuracy (cursor position on waveform versus baseline displayed with grounded input)	Within ±0.05 vertical division.
Delay Accuracy, A Sweep Trigger Point to Start of B Sweep	\pm (0.5% of reading + 5.0% of one division of the A Sweep + 25 ns).
	UNTER/TIMER (C/T) efinitions at end of this section)
Time Base	

Time Base	
Frequency ^a	200 MHz.
Internal Oscillator	
Short-term error ^a	
+15°C to +35°C	±1 X 10 ⁻⁵ (10 ppm).
-10°C to +15°C and +35°C to +55°C	±5 X 10 ⁻⁵ (50 ppm).
Long-term drift ^a	< 2 ppm change per year.
External Oscillator	C/T automatically senses the applied external input signal, determines whether it is 1, 5, or 10 MHz (each can be $\pm 2\%$), and multiplies it by 200, 40, or 20 respec- tively to derive the 200 MHz timing signal. Indication is given in readout when external timebase is being used.

CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
Frequency	
Range	
C/T TRIG TIMEOUT Enabled, or B Trigger MODE in AUTO LEVEL ^a	< 4 Hz to > 100 MHz.
C/T TRIG TIMEOUT Disabled, and B Trigger MODE not in AUTO LEVEL ^a	0.01 Hz to > 100 MHz. Displays "< 0.01 Hz" if underranged.
Non-gated Mode	
Resolution (Hz) ^a	$\frac{1.4 \times TJE \times F^2}{N} \pm LSD$
Accuracy (Hz)	Resolution ± (F X TBE)
Gated Mode Resolution (Hz) ^a	$\pm \frac{1.4 \text{ X TJE X F}^2}{N_g X \sqrt{G}} \pm \text{LSD}$
Freq Gating Error (Hz) ^a	<u>0.5 ns</u> X F² Ng X F²
Accuracy (Hz)	Resolution ± (F X TBE) ± freq gating error.
LSD (Hz) ^a	F ² N X 2 X 10 ⁸
	No more than 8 digits displayed; minimum LSD displayed is 10 nHz.

CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
Period	
Range	
C/T TRIG TIMEOUT Enabled, or B Trigger MODE in AUTO LEVEL ^a	> 250 ms to < 10 ns.
C/T TRIG TIMEOUT Disabled, and B Trigger MODE not in AUTO LEVEL ^a	100 s to < 10 ns. Displays ">100s" if overranged.
Non-gated Mode	
Resolution (seconds) ^a	± 1.4 X TJE N ± LSD
Accuracy (seconds)	Resolution <u>+</u> (P X TBE)
Gated Mode Resolution (seconds) ^a	± <u>1.4 X TJE</u> ± LSD Ng X √G
Time interval Gating Error (seconds) ^a	<u>0.5 ns</u> Ng
Accuracy (seconds)	Resolution ± (P X TBE) ± time interval gating error.
LSD (seconds) ^a	<u>5 ns</u> N
	No more than 8 digits displayed; minimum LSD displayed is 100 attosec.

CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
Width	
Range C/T TRIG TIMEOUT Enabled, or B Trigger MODE in AUTO LEVEL ^a	> 250 ms to < 5 ns.
C/T TRIG TIMEOUT Disabled, and B Trigger MODE not in AUTO LEVEL ^a	100 s to < 5 ns. Displays ">100s" if overranged.
Non-gated Mode Resolution (seconds) ^a	$\frac{t}{\sqrt{N}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} X TJE \text{ at start point}$ $\frac{t}{\sqrt{N}} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{N}} X TJE \text{ at stop point}$ $\frac{t}{\sqrt{N}} = LSD$
Accuracy (seconds)	Resolution ± (W X TBE) ± hysteresis error ± start point slew error ± stop point slew error ± 2 ns.
Gated Mode Resolution (seconds) ^a	$\pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{N_g X G}}$ X TJE at start point
	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{N_g X G}}$ X TJE at stop point $\frac{1}{\sqrt{N_g X G}}$ LSD

^aPerformance Requirement not checked in manual.

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CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS	
Width (cont) Gated Mode (cont) Accuracy (seconds)	Resolution ± (W X TBE) ± hysteresis error ± time interval gating error ± start point slew error ± stop point slew error ± 2 ns.	
Hysteresis Error (seconds) ^a	HYS slew rate of stop edge at trigger point (div/sec)	
Start Point Slew Error (seconds)ª	TLE slew rate of start edge at trigger point (div/sec)	
Stop Point Slew Error (seconds)ª	TLE slew rate of stop edge at trigger point (div/sec)	
LSD (seconds) ^a	$\frac{5 \text{ ns}}{\sqrt{N}}$ No more than 8 digits displayed; minimum LSD displayed is 1 picosec.	
Totalize		
Range ^a	0 to 9999999999. Displays "> 999999999" on overrange.	

CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS	
Gated Events		
Range ^a	0.000001 to 999999999.0	
	Displays "> 999999999" on overrange.	
Resolution, When Gate Is Synchronous to B Trigger Signal ^a	LSD	
Resolution, When Gate Is Not Synchronous to B Trigger Signal ^a	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{G}}$ + LSD	
LSD ^a	$\frac{1}{G}$	
	No more than 10 digits displayed.	
Accuracy	Same as resolution.	
Frequency Ratio		
Range ^a	.0000001 to 99999999	
	Displays "> 99999999" on overrange.	
Resolution ^a	\pm R X $\frac{1.4 \times TJE_1 \times F_1}{N_1}$	
	\pm R X $\frac{1.4 \text{ X TJE}_2 \text{ X F}_2}{N_2} \pm$ LSD	
LSD ^a	$\frac{R}{2 \times 10^8} X \left(\frac{F_1}{N_1} + \frac{F_2}{N_2}\right)$	
	No more than 8 digits displayed; minimum LSD displayed is .00000001.	
Accuracy	Resolution ± (R X TBE).	

CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
Delta Time (k− SEC →)	C/T is used when horizontal mode is ALT. C/T may also be used when horizontal mode is B.
Range ^a	0 to greater than ±5 s.
B Runs After Delay Mode	
Accuracy (seconds) ^a	±1.0% of one division of A sweep.
B Triggered After Delay Mode	
Resolution ^a (seconds)	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{N_{d}}} = X \text{TJE at start point}$ $\frac{1}{\sqrt{N_{d}}} = X \text{TJE at stop point}$
	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{N_d}}$ X TJE at stop point
	± LSD
LSD (seconds) ^a	$\frac{5 \text{ ns}}{\sqrt{N_d}}$
	No more than 8 digits displayed; minimum LSD displayed is 1 picosec.
Accuracy (seconds)	Resolution ± (T X TBE) ± channel delay mismatch ^b ± start point slew error ± stop point slew error ± 100 ps.
One-Over-Delta Time (C/T is used when horizontal mode is ALT or B. C/T may also be used when horizontal mode is B.
Range ^a	< 0.2 Hz to 10 GHz.
	Displays ">10GHz" on overrange.
B Triggered After Delay Mode	
Resolution (Hz) ^a	$\pm F_{e^2} X$ (delta-time resolution)
Accuracy (Hz)	± Fe ² X (delta-time resolution)

^aPerformance Requirement not checked in manual.

^bChannel delay mismatch is zero when start and stop points are on same channel.

CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS	
Phase		
A Horizontal Mode ^a	When 360° tracking is on, C/T will auto- matically measure A trig period, and use this result for the 360 degree reference. When 360° tracking is off, measurement uses the fixed reference value obtained with the	
ALT or B Modes	C/T is used to measure the time interval when horizontal mode is ALT. C/T may also be used when horizontal mode is B.	
Range ^a	0 to ± 99999999 degrees.	
	Displays "> 99999999°" on overrange.	
B Triggered After Delay		
360 Degree Tracking Off		
Resolution (in degrees) ^a	<u>+</u> <u>360 X (delta-time resolution)</u> (360 degree reference time)	
Accuracy (in degrees)	<u>± 360 X (delta-time accuracy)</u> (360 degree reference time)	
360 Degree Tracking On	Г Л	
Resolution (in degrees) ^a	$ \pm 360 \times \left[\frac{1.4 \times TJE_a}{N_a} + \frac{(\text{delta-time})}{(\text{resolution})} \right] $	
Accuracy (in degrees)	$ \pm 360 \times \left[\frac{1.4 \times TJE_a}{N_a} \pm (delta-time) \right] $	

CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS	
Rise/Fall	When measurement is first selected, or measurement is not in SET REF mode when reselected, the + and – peaks of the signal are measured. Then, the trig- ger levels are set and the rise/fall time measurement proceeds.	
Minimum Signal Amplitude for Successful Autotriggering ^a	4.0 divisions.	
Minimum Signal	25 Hz.	
Frequency for Successful Autotriggering ^a	If signal frequency is less than minimum, SET REF mode can be used to manually set trigger levels.	
Trigger Level Setting Error (after autotriggering) ^a	Peak measurement error + trigger level readout error (in divisions; see A AND B TRIGGER and VOLTMETER FUNCTIONS PK-PK VOLTS). Trigger level readout error in divisions; rise/fall time accuracy is specified with respect to the trigger levels selected by the user via SET REF mode, rather than the 10% and 90% points on the signal being measured.	
Trigger Level Setting Error (when SET REF mode is used) ^a		
Range ^a	0 to > 5 seconds.	
Resolution ^a	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{N_t}}$ X TJE at start point	
	$\pm \frac{1}{\sqrt{N_t}}$ X TJE at stop point	
	± LSD	

CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS		
Rise/Fall (cont) LSD (seconds) ^a	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{N_t}}$		
	No more than 8 digits displayed; minimum LSD displayed is 1 picosec.		
Accuracy	Resolution ± (T X TBE) ± start point slew error ± stop point slew error ± 2 ns.		
Start Point Slew Error ^a	Trigger level setting error Slew rate of signal at start point (div/sec)		
Stop Point Slew Error ^a	Trigger level setting error Slew rate of signal at stop point (div/sec)		
Propagation Delay			
Range ^a	0 to > \pm 5 seconds.		
Resolution ^a	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{N_{pd}}}$ X TJE at start point		
	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{N_{pd}}}$ X TJE at stop point		
	± LSD		
LSD (seconds) ^a	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{N_{pd}}}$		
	No more than 8 digits displayed; minimum LSD displayed is 1 picosec.		

CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS		
Propagation Delay (cont)		<u></u>	
Accuracy	± channel ± start poi	±(T X TBE) delay mismatch ^c nt slew error nt slew error	
Trigger Jitter Error	√(e	$\sqrt{(e_1)^2 + (e_2)^2}$	
(TJE) in seconds ^a	Slew rate of triggering edge (div/sec)		
Value of e ₁	RMS noise in signal applied at input BNC (in divisions)		
Value of e ₂ (in divisions RMS) ^a	BWL on	BWL off	
2 mV per division	.13	.33	
5 mV per division	.08	.16	
10 mV per division	.06	.11	
20 mV per division	.05	.08	
50 mV per division or higher	.04	.07	

^a Performance Requirement not checked in manual.

^cDelay mismatch between input channels can be nulled out with SET ZERO REF.

CHARACTERISTICS			PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS	
	COUNTER/TIMER DEFINITIONS			
F	=	Frequency of input, in Hz.		
Fe	=	Equivalent frequ	Equivalent frequency (1/T).	
F ₁	=	Frequency 1.	Frequency 1.	
F ₂	=	Frequency 2.	Frequency 2.	
HYS	=	B trigger sensiti	ivity, in divisions (see A and B TRIGGER.)	
LSD	=	Least significant	t digit.	
Ν	=	Number of input events averaged. For non-gated mode, N = F X (0.320 ±0.010 s) For gated mode, N = Ng X G (N is always ≥1)		
G	=	Number of gate (gate signal rep ± 0.010 s) ≥1 GATETIME = 0. mode. When a	intervals in one measurement. betition rate) X (GATETIME .320 s in AUTO RESOLution resolution magnifier is used, the ases as needed to obtain the	
Na	=		igger periods averaged iency) X (0.320 ±0.010 s))	
Nd	=	Number of delta	a-time intervals averaged in one measurement.	
	=	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	tion rate) X (GATETIME ±0.010 s) sweeps in one display sequence	
		resolution magn	603 sec in AUTO RESOLution mode. When a ifier is used, the gate time increases as in the extra resolution.	
		displayed; each	eps is found by counting number of channels channel with one intensified zone gets counted annel has both zones, this channel gets 3.	
Ng	=	Number of trigg	er events inside one gate interval \geq 1.	

CHARACTERISTICS		CTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
N _{pd} = =		Number of prop delay intervals averaged in one measurement (A sweep repetition rate) X (GATETIME ±0.010 s) Number of sweeps in one display sequence	
		GATETIME = 0. resolution magn	.603 sec in AUTO RESOLution mode. When a hifier is used, the gate time increases as in the extra resolution.
		displayed; if bot	eps is found by counting number of channels th START and STOP trigger are on one nannel gets counted twice.
Nt	=	 Number of transition time intervals (rise or fall) avera one measurement 	
	=	(A sweep repet	ition rate) X (GATETIME ±0.010 s)
=		Number of	sweeps in one display sequence
		resolution magr	.603 sec in AUTO RESOLution mode. When a hifier is used, the gate time increases as in the extra resolution.
		Number of swe displayed; the d	eps is found by counting number of channels channel being measured gets counted twice.
N ₁	=	Number of F_1 p	periods averaged.
N ₂	=	Number of F ₂ p	periods averaged.
Р	=	Period of input,	in seconds.
R	=	Ratio, F_1/F_2 .	
т	=	Time interval be	eing measured.
TBE	=	Total timebase	error.
TJE	- =	Trigger jitter error at trigger point.	
TJE ₁	=	Trigger jitter error associated with F ₁ .	
TJE ₂	=	Trigger jitter error associated with F ₂ .	
TJEa	=	Trigger jitter error of A trigger period measurement.	
TLE	=	B trigger level r TRIGGER).	readout error, in divisions (see A and B
W	=	Width of input, in seconds.	

CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
	X-Y OPERATION
Deflection Factors	Same as Vertical deflection system with the VOLTS/DIV variable controls in calibrated detent position. ^a
Accuracy	
X Axis 15°C to 35°C	Within ±3%.
−10 °C to 15°C and 35 °C to 55°C	Within ±4%. ^a
Horizontal (X-Axis) -3 dB Bandwidth	3 MHz or more.
Phase Match (DC Coupled)	±3 degrees from dc to 50 kHz.

EXTERNAL Z-AXIS INPUT

+1.8 volts or less.
+3.8 volts or less provides noticeable modu- lation of a normal intensity trace. Usable frequency range is dc to 10 MHz.
External Z-Axis signal does not affect the readout or the intensified zone intensity.
30 V (dc + peak ac); 30 V p-p ac at 1 kHz or less. ^a
Represents less than one LSTTL load. ^a

	r
CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
EXTERN	AL C/T REFERENCE INPUT
Input Impedance	10.1 K Ω ± 5%, AC coupled. ^a
Sensitivity	1 Volt pk-pk, duty factor from 40% to 60% measured at the DC average point on the waveform.
Maximum Input Voltage	35 Volts (dc + peak ac). ^a
Allowable Input	1, 5, or 10 MHz ±2%.
Frequencies	Counter/Timer automatically senses the applied external input signal, determines whether it is 1, 5, or 10 MHz, and multiplies it by 200, 40, or 20 respectively to derive the 200 MHz timing signal. Indication is given in readout when external timebase is being used.
PRC	DBE ADJUST OUTPUT
Overshoot (rising and falling edge)	0.1% or less.
Output Voltage on PROBE ADJUST Jack	0.5 V ±2% into 1 M Ω load.
Repetition Rate	1 kHz ±25%.
FRONT	PANEL SETUP MEMORY
Battery Life	5 years. ^a
Battery Type	3.0 V, 1200 mAH, Type BR-2/3AE2P, Lithium. ^a
	WARNING —To avoid personal injury, have battery replaced only by a qualified service person who understands proper handling and disposal procedures for Lithium batteries.

CHARACTERISTICS	PERFORMANCE REQUIREMENTS
,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	POWER SOURCE
Line Voltage Range	90 Vac to 250 Vac. ^a
Line Frequency	48 Hz to 445 Hz. ^a
Line Fuse	2 A, 250 V, slow blow. ^a
Maximum Power Consumption	100 Watts (155 VA). ^a
	CRT DISPLAY
Display Area	8 by 10 cm. ^a
Geometry	
Vertical	$\pm 1/2$ minor (0.1 div) at 8 by 8 cm centered area.
Horizontal	$\pm 1/2$ minor (0.1 div) at 8 by 10 cm centered area.
Trace Rotation Range	Adequate to align trace with center horizontal graticule line.
Standard Phosphor	P31. ^a
Y-Axis Orthogonality	0.1 division or less, over eight vertical divisions. No adjustment.
Nominal Accelerating Voltage	16 kV. ^a
	OPTION 15
CH 2 Signal Out	
Dynamic Range	± 7 divisions.
Deflection Factor	10 mV/div into 50 Ω ±10%.
	20 mV/div into 1 M Ω ±10%.
-3dB Bandwidth	DC to 25 MHz.
DC Offset (Adjusted)	< 0.5 div (measured at 2 mV/DIV).
A GATE Out	
Output Voltage	3.5 V to 5.25 V positive-going pulse starting at 0 V to 0.7 V.
Output Drive	Will supply 4 mA during HI state, will sink 20 mA during LO state (not tested in Per- formance Check).

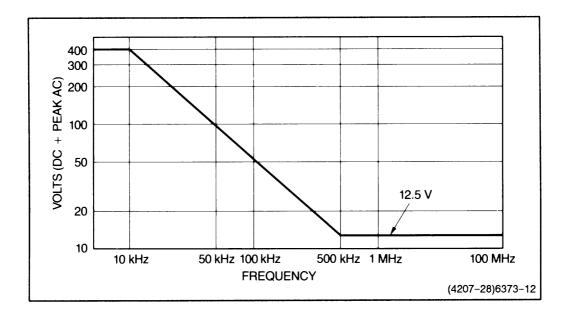


Figure 6-1. Maximum input voltage vs frequency derating curve for the CH 1, CH 2, CH 3, and CH 4 input connectors.

Table 6–2 Environmental Characteristics

CHARACTERISTICS	DESCRIPTION	
STANDARD INSTRUMENT		
Environmental Requirements	Instrument meets or exceeds the environmental requirements of MIL-T-28800D for Type III, Class 3, Style D equipment, as described below. ^a	
Temperature		
Operating	-10°C to +55°C (+14°F to +131°F).	
Non-operating	–51°C to +71°C (–60°F to +160°F).	
	Tested to MIL-T-28800D paragraphs 4.5.5.1.3 and 4.5.5.1.4, except in 4.5.5.1.3, steps 4 and 5 (-10°C operating test) are performed ahead of step 2 (-51°C non-operating test). Equipment shall remain off upon return to room ambient during step 6. Excessive conden- sation shall be removed before operating during step 7.	
Altitude		
Operating	To 4,570 m (15,000 ft). MaxImum operating temperature decreases 1°C per 1000 ft above 5000 ft.	
Non-Operating	To 15,240 m (50,000 ft).	
Humidity (Operating and Non-operating)	Five cycles (120 hours) referenced to MIL-T-28800D paragraph 4.5.5.1.2.2, for Type III, Class 3 instruments.	
	Non-operating and operating at 95%, -0% to +2% relative humidity. Operating at +30°C and +55°C for all modes of operation. Non-operating at +30°C to +60°C.	
Radiated and conducted Emission required per VDE 0871	Meets Category B.	

^aPerformance not checked in manual.

Table 6-2 (cont) Environmental Characteristics

CHARACTERISTICS	DESCRIPTION
Electrostatic Discharge	Withstands discharge of up to 20 kV. Test performed with probe containing a 500 pF capacitor with 1 k Ω resistance charged to the test voltage.
	Conforms to Tektronix Standard 062-2862-00.
Vibration (operating)	15 minutes along each of 3 major axes at a total displacement of 0.025 inch p-p (4 g at 55 Hz) with frequency varied from 10 Hz to 55 Hz in 1-minute sweeps. Hold from 10 minutes at 55 Hz in each of the three major axes. All major resonances must be above 55 Hz.
Bench Handling Test (cabinet on and cabinet off)	MIL-STD-810D, Method 516.3, Procedure VI (MIL-T-28800D, Paragraph 4.5.5.4.3).
Transportation	
Packaged Vibration Test	Meets the limits of the National Safe Transit Association test procedure 1A–B–1; excursion of 1 inch p–p at 4.63 Hz (1.1 g) for 30 minutes on the bottom and 30 minutes on the side (for a total of 60 minutes).
Package Drop Test	Meets the limits of the National Safe Transit Association test procedure 1A-B-2; 10 drops of 36 inches.

Table 6–3 Mechanical Characteristics

CHARACTERISTICS	DESCRIPTION
STAI	NDARD INSTRUMENT
Weight	
With Front Cover, Accessories, and Accessories Pouch (without manual)	8.9 kg (19.5 lb).
With Power Cord	7.9 kg (17.3 lb).
Shipping Weight (Domestic)	11.7 kg (25.8 lb).
Overall Dimensions	See Figure 6-2, Dimensional drawing.
Height	
With Feet and Accessories Pouch (empty)	Approx. 176.5 mm (6.95 in).
Without Accessories Pouch	164 mm (6.44 in).
Width (with handle)	362 mm (14.25 in).
Depth	
With Front Cover on	445.3 mm (17.53 in).
With Handle Extended	521 mm (20.53 in).
Cooling	Forced air circulation; no air filter.
Finish	Tek Blue, finish painted on pebble-grain aluminum cabinet.
Construction	Aluminum alloy chassis. Plastic-laminate front panel.

Table 6-3 (cont)Mechanical Characteristics

CHARACTERISTICS	DESCRIPTION
RACI	
Weight	
With Power Cord	10.0 kg (22.0 lb).
Shipping Weight	
Domestic, includes manual	14.2 kg (31.3 lb).
Overall Dimensions	See Figure 6-3, Dimensional drawing
Height	
Overall	168 mm (6.6 in).
Center of mounting rail to bottom of cabinet	89 mm (3.5 in).
From cabinet top or bottom to respective front- panel mounting holes	38 mm (1.5 in).
Between front- panel mounting holes	102 mm (4.0 in).
Width	
Overall	483 mm (19.0 in).
Between mounting hole centers	464 mm (18.3 in).
Between outer edges of mounting rails	427 mm (16.8 in).
Between handle centers	450 mm (17.7 in).

Table 6-3 (cont) Mechanical Characteristics

CHARACTERISTICS		DESCRIPTION
Overa	Il Dimensions (cont)	
De	pth	
	Overall	516 mm (20.35 in).
	Front panel to rear of mounting rail (inside)	465 mm (18.3 in).
	Front panel to rear of mounting rail (outside)	472 mm (18.6 in).
	Handles	44 mm (1.75 in).
Requir Dimen	ed Clearance sions	
	Height	≥ 178 mm (7 in).
	Width	≥ 448 mm (17–5/8 in).
	Depth	≥ 508 mm (20 in).
Cooling		Forced air circulation; no air filter.
Finish		Tek Blue finish painted on pebble-grain aluminum cabinet.
Construction		Aluminum alloy chassis, front-panel frame, and rear support. Plastic-laminate front panel.

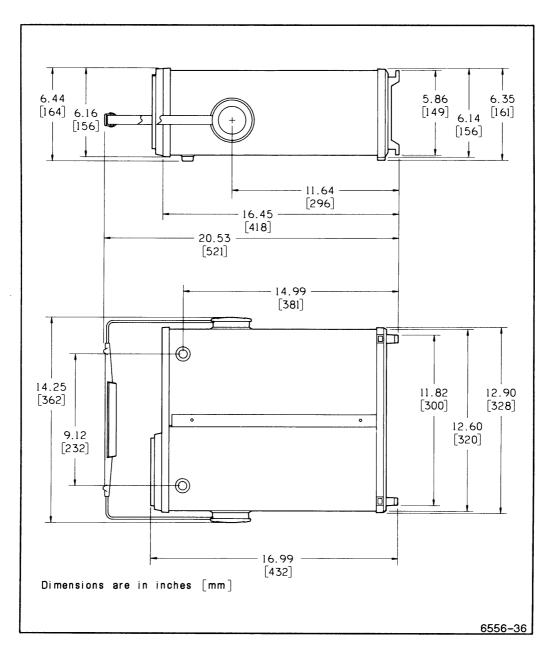


Figure 6-2. Dimensional drawing, standard cabinet.

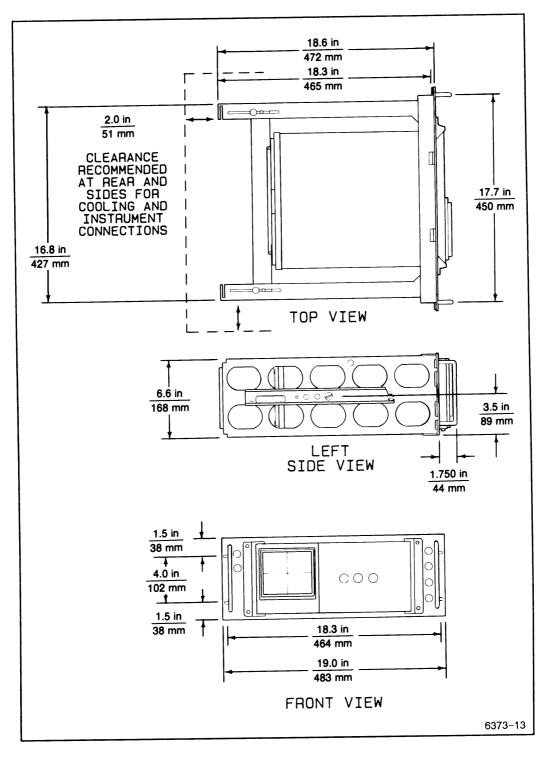


Figure 6-3. Dimensional drawing, rackmount cabinet (2240F1R).

SECTION 7

PERFORMANCE CHECK PROCEDURE

For the most complete, Accurate, and legible service manuals For obsolete test equipment



Introduction

This Performance Check Procedure verifies the Performance Requirements of the 2247A as listed in the Specification (section 6) and helps determine the need for readjustment. These checks may also be used as an acceptance test or as a troubleshooting aid.

You do not have to remove the wrap-around cabinet from the 2247A to do this procedure. All checks can be made with controls and connectors accessible from the outside.

Test Equipment Required

Table 7-1 lists all the test equipment required for both the Performance Check Procedure in this section and the Adjustment Procedure in Section 5. Test equipment specifications described are the minimum necessary to provide accurate results. For test equipment operating information, refer to the appropriate test equipment instruction manual.

When you use equipment other than that recommended, you may have to make some changes to the test setups. If the "Example of Test Equipment" given in Table 7-1 is not available, use the "Minimum Specification" column to determine if any other available test equipment might be adequate to do the check.

Performance Check Interval

To ensure instrument accuracy, check the performance of the 2247A after every 2000 hours of operation (or once each year if used infrequently). If the checks indicate a need for readjustment or repair, refer the instrument to a qualified service person.

Preparation

This procedure is divided into subsections to let you check individual sections of the instrument when it is not necessary to do the complete Performance Check. An Equipment Required block at the beginning of each subsection lists the equipment from Table 7-1 that is needed to do the checks in that subsection. The initial front-panel control settings at the beginning of each subsection prepare the instrument for the first step of the subsection. Do each of the steps in a subsection completely and in the order given, to ensure the correct control settings for steps that follow. To ensure performance accuracies stated in Table 6-1 (Electrical Characteristics), let the instrument warm up for 20 minutes and run the SELF CAL MEASUREMENTS routine.

To run the SELF CAL MEASUREMENTS routine:

Press the top and bottom menu-item select buttons to display the SERVICE MENU. Underline and select SELF CAL MEASUREMENTS. Press RUN to start the routine, then QUIT to return to the normal oscilloscope mode.

NOTE

Performance accuracies are ensured only when the SELF CAL MEASUREMENTS routine is done AFTER the 20-minute warmup.

Item and Description	Minimum Specification	Use	Example of Test Equipment
Leveled Sine-Wave Generator	Frequency: 250 kHz to above 150 MHz. Output am- plitude: variable from 10 mV to 5 V p-p. Output impedance: 50 Ω Amplitude accuracy: con- stant within 1.5% of reference frequency to 100 MHz.	Vertical, hori- zontal, trigger- ing, measure- ment bandwidth, and Z-Axis checks and adjustments. Counter/Timer checks.	TEKTRONIX SG 503 Leveled Sine-Wave Generator. ^a
Calibration Generator	Standard- amplitude signal levels (dc and square wave): 5 mV to 50 V. Accuracy: ± 0.25%. High-amplitude signal levels: 1 V to 60 V. Repetition rate: 1 kHz. Fast-rise signal level: 1 V. Repe- tition rate: 1 MHz. Rise time: 1 ns or less. Flatness: ± 0.5%.	Signal source for gain and transient re- sponse checks and adjustments.	TEKTRONIX PG 506 Calibration Generator. ^a
Time-Mark Generator	Markers: 5 ns to 2 s in a 1-2-5 sequence. Accuracy: <u>+</u> 0.00005%.	Counter/Timer and horizontal checks and adjustments. Display adjust- ment. Time cursor checks.	TEKTRONIX TG 501 Option 01 (Precision Time Base) Time-Mark Generator. ^a
Function Generator	Range: less than 1 Hz to 1 kHz; sinusoidal output; amplitude variable up to greater than 10 V p-p open circuit with dc offset adjust.	Low-frequency checks.	TEKTRONIX FG 502 Function Generator. ^a

Table 7–1 Test Equipment Required

^aRequires a TM500-series power Module.

Table 7-1 (cont)

Item and Description	Minimum Specification	Use	Example of Test Equipment
Coaxial Cable (2 required)	Impedance: 50 Ω . Length: 42 in. Connectors: BNC.	Signal inter- connection.	Tektronix Part Number 012-0057-01.
Precision Coaxial Cable (3 required)	Impedance: 50 Ω . Length: 36 in. Connectors: BNC.	Used with PG 506 Calibration Generator and SG 503 Sine- Wave Generator.	Tektronix Part Number 012-0482-00.
Termination (3 required)	Impedance: 50 Ω . Connectors: BNC.	Signal termi- nation.	Tektronix Part Number 011-0049-01.
10X Attenuator	Ratio: 10X. Impedance: 50 Ω . Connectors: BNC.	Triggering checks.	Tektronix Part Number 011-0059-02.
2X Attenuator	Ratio: 2X. Impedance: 50 Ω . Connectors: BNC.	Triggering checks.	Tektronix Part Number 011-0069-02.
Alignment Tool	Length: 1-in shaft. Bit size: 3/32 in. Low capacitance; insulated.	Adjust TRACE ROTATION pot. Adjust variable capacitors and resistors.	Tektronix Part Number 003-0675-00.
Test Oscilloscope	Bandwidth: 20 MHz.	Z-Axis response adjustment.	TEKTRONIX 2246A.
Dual-Input Coupler	Connectors: BNC female-to-dual- BNC male.	Signal inter- connection.	Tektronix Part Number 067-0525-01.
T-Connector	Connectors, BNC.	Signal inter- connection.	Tektronix Part Number 103-0030-00.
Precision Normalizer	Input Resistance: 1 M Ω ; Input Capacitance: 20 pF.	Input Capaci- tance adjust- ments.	Tektronix Part Number 067-1129-00.
TV Signal Generator	Provide Composite TV Video and Line Sync Signals.	Check TV Trigger circuit.	TEKTRONIX TSG-100 Test Signal Generator.

Item and Description	Minimum Specification	Use	Example of Test Equipment
Digital Multimeter (DMM)	Dc volts range: 0 to 140 V. Dc Voltage accuracy: ±0.15%. 4 1/2- digit display.	Power supply voltage checks and adjustments.	TEKTRONIX DM501A Digital Multimeter . ^a
Digital Delay	Count: 10 to 99,999 events. Sensitivity: 85 mV p-p at 30 MHz. Minimum Detect- able Pulse Width: 5 ns.	Counter/Timer checks.	TEKTRONIX DD 501 Digital Delay. ^a
BNC Coupling Capacitor	0.047 μF.	Voltmeter dc volts normal mode rejection ratio check.	TEKTRONIX Part Number 015-0221-00.

^aRequires a TM500-series power Module.

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DISPLAY

Equipment Required (See Table 7-1)

Time-mark generator

50 Ω BNC coaxial cable

50 Ω BNC termination

1. TRACE ROTATION

a. Set:

READOUT (Intensity) A INTEN Vertical MODE CH 1 VOLTS/DIV CH 1 COUPLING A/B SELECT **Trigger MODE** Trigger SOURCE Trigger CPLG **Trigger SLOPE** Trigger HOLDOFF Trigger LEVEL Horizontal MODE Horizontal POSITION A SEC/DIV Measurements FOCUS

SCOPE BW

For a viewable readout For a viewable trace CH 1 0.1 V AC A Trigger AUTO LEVEL VERT DC _/ (positive-going) Min 12 o'clock Α 12 o'clock 2 µs All off (press CLEAR **DISPLAY** three times) For best defined display Off

- b. Position trace vertically to the center graticule line.
- c. CHECK—trace rotation control range is adequate to align trace with center graticule line using a small straight-bladed alignment tool.
- d. ADJUST-trace parallel to center horizontal graticule line.

2. Geometry

- a. Connect time-mark generator (TG 501) to CH 1 via a 50 Ω BNC coaxial cable and a 50 Ω BNC termination.
- b. Set generator for 0.2 μ s time markers.
- c. Position the bottom of the CH 1 signal below the bottom graticule line. It may be necessary to increase the A intensity in order to see the time markers.
- d. CHECK—deviation of any vertical line within the center eight horizontal divisions does not exceed 0.1 division (half a minor division).
- e. Set CH 1 COUPLING to GND.
- f. Position trace slowly from the bottom graticule line to the top graticule line while making the following check.
- g. CHECK—bowing or tilt of baseline trace doesn't exceed 0.1 division (half a minor division) within the eight vertical divisions.
- h. Disconnect test signal from the 2247A.

VERTICAL

Equipment Required (See Table 7-1)

Leveled sine-wave generator

Calibration generator

Function generator

50 Ω precision BNC coaxial cable

50 Ω BNC termination

50 Ω BNC coaxial cable

Dual-input coupler

1. Input COUPLING Functional Check

a. Set:

READOUT (Intensity) A INTEN Vertical MODE CH 1 and CH 2 VOLTS/DIV CH 1 and CH 2 Input COUPLING A/B SELECT Trigger MODE Trigger SOURCE **Trigger CPLG Trigger SLOPE** Trigger LEVEL Trigger HOLDOFF Horizontal POSITION Horizontal MODE SEC/DIV FOCUS Measurements

SCOPE BW

CH 2 INVERT

For a viewable readout For a viewable trace CH 1 and CH 2 1 V DC A Trigger AUTO LEVEL VERT DC _/ (positive-going) 12 o'clock Min 12 o'clock Α 0.5 ms For best defined display All off (press CLEAR **DISPLAY** three times) Off Off

- b. Set Vertical MODE to CH 1 (CH 2 off).
- c. Connect function generator (FG 502) sine-wave output to the CH 1 input via a 50 Ω BNC coaxial cable and a 50 Ω BNC termination.

- d. Set function generator output for 1 kHz sine-wave signal of five divisions peak-to-peak with maximum positive dc offset.
- e. Position the bottom of the signal to the center horizontal graticule line.
- f. Set CH 1 Input COUPLING to AC.
- g. CHECK—display is roughly centered about the center horizontal graticule line.
- h. Move the test signal to the CH 2 input.
- i. Set CH 2 Vertical MODE to on (CH 1 off).
 - j. Repeat the procedure for CH 2.
 - k. Disconnect the test signal from the 2247A.
 - 2. CH 1 and CH 2 VOLTS/DIV Trace Shift
 - a. Set:

CH 1 and CH 2	
Vertical MODE	On
CH 1 and CH 2	
VOLTS/DIV	2 mV
CH 1 and CH 2	
Input COUPLING	GND

- b. Set Vertical MODE to CH 1 (CH 2 off).
- c. Position trace to center horizontal graticule line.
- d. Switch CH 1 VOLTS/DIV through all positions from 2 mV to 5 V.
- e. CHECK-trace shift does not exceed 0.2 division between steps.
- f. Set Vertical MODE to CH 2 (CH 1 off).
- g. Position CH 2 trace to the center horizontal graticule line.
- h. Switch CH 2 VOLTS/DIV through all positions from 2 mV to 5 V.
- i. CHECK—trace shift does not exceed 0.2 division between steps.

- 3. CH 3 and CH 4 VOLTS/DIV Trace Shift
- a. Set Vertical MODE to CH 3 (CH 2 off).
- b. Position trace to the center horizontal graticule line.
- c. Switch CH 3 VOLTS/DIV between 0.1 V and 0.5 V.
- d. CHECK-trace shift does not exceed one division.
- e. Set Vertical MODE to CH 4 (CH 3 off).
- f. Position trace to the center horizontal graticule line.
- g. Switch CH 4 VOLTS/DIV between 0.1 V and 0.5 V.
- h. CHECK-trace shift does not exceed one division.
- 4. CH 1 and CH 2 VAR VOLTS/DIV Trace Shift
- a. Set:

Vertical MODECH 1 (CH 4 off)CH 1 VOLTS/DIV2 mV

- b. Position trace to center graticule line.
- c. Set CH 1 VAR VOLTS/DIV fully ccw.
- d. CHECK-trace shift does not exceed one division.
- e. Set:

CH 1 VAR VOLTS/DIV	Detent
	(calibrated)
Vertical MODE	CH 2 (CH 1 off)
CH 2 VOLTS/DIV	2 mV

- f. Position trace to center graticule line.
- g. Set CH 2 VAR VOLTS/DIV fully ccw.
- h. CHECK-trace shift does not exceed one division.
- i. Set CH 2 VAR VOLTS/DIV to detent (calibrated) position.

- 5. CH 1 and CH 2 Input COUPLING Trace Shift
- a. Position trace to center graticule line.
- b. Set CH 2 Input COUPLING to DC.
- c. CHECK-trace shift does not exceed 0.25 division.
- d. Set:

Vertical MODE	CH 1 (CH 2 off)
CH 1 Input COUPLING	GND

- e. Position trace to center graticule line.
- f. Set CH 1 Input COUPLING to DC.
- g. CHECK-trace shift does not exceed 0.25 division.
- 6. CH 2 INVERT Trace Shift
- a. Set:

Vertical MODE	CH 2 (CH 1 off)
CH 2 Input COUPLING	GND

- b. Position trace to center horizontal graticule line.
- c. Set CH 2 INVERT On.
- d. CHECK-trace shift does not exceed one division.
- e. Set:

CH 2 INVERT	Off
CH 2 COUPLING	DC

- 7. CH 1 and CH 2 VAR VOLTS/DIV Range
- a. Set Vertical MODE to CH 1 (CH 2 off).
- b. Position CH 1 trace to the center horizontal graticule line.

c. Set:

CH 1 VOLTS/DIV	10 mV
CH 1 VAR VOLTS/DIV	Fully ccw

- d. Connect calibration generator (PG 506) Std Ampl output to the CH 1 input via 50 Ω precision BNC coaxial cable. Set generator Std Ampl output to 50 mV.
- e. CHECK-the signal amplitude is two divisions or less.
- f. Set:

CH 1 VAR VOLTS/DIV	Detent
	(calibrated)
Vertical MODE	CH 2 (CH 1 off)
CH 2 VOLTS/DIV	10 mV

- g. Position CH 2 trace to the center horizontal graticule line.
- h. Move the test signal to the CH 2 input.
- i. Set CH 2 VAR VOLTS/DIV fully ccw.
- j. Repeat the CHECK procedure for CH 2.
- k. Set CH 2 VAR VOLTS/DIV to detent (calibrated) position.
- 8. Low-Frequency Linearity Check
- a. Set:

Vertical MODECH 1 (CH 2 off)CH 1 VOLTS/DIV10 mVSCOPE BWOn

- b. Set calibration generator to Std Ampl output, 20 mV.
- c. Move the test signal to the CH 1 input.
- d. Position the top of the signal to the top graticule line.
- e. CHECK-the signal amplitude is between 1.9 and 2.1 divisions.

- f. Set bottom of the signal to bottom graticule line.
- g. CHECK-the signal amplitude is between 1.9 and 2.1 divisions.
- h. Repeat the procedure for CH 2.
- 9. CH 1 and CH 2 Vertical Deflection Accuracy
- a. Set CH 2 VOLTS/DIV to 2 mV.
- b. Set calibration generator to Std Ampl output, 10 mV.
- c. Position the trace two graticule lines below the center horizontal graticule line.
- d. CHECK—all positions of the VOLTS/DIV settings for correct signal-tograticule accuracy, using the settings in Table 7-2 for the checks.

VOLTS/DIV Setting	Std Ampi Setting	Deflection Accy (in divisions)
2 mV	10 mV	4.90 to 5.10
5 mV	20 mV	3.92 to 4.08
10 mV	50 mV	4.90 to 5.10
20 mV	100 mV	4.90 to 5.10
50 mV	200 mV	3.92 to 4.08
0.1 V	500 mV	4.90 to 5.10
0.2 V	1 V	4.90 to 5.10
0.5 V	2 V	3.92 to 4.08
1 V	5 V	4.90 to 5.10
2 V	10 V	4.90 to 5.10
5 🗸	20 V	3.92 to 4.08

Table 7-2Signal-to-Graticule Accuracy

- e. Set calibration generator to Std Ampl output, 10 mV.
- f. Move the test signal to the CH 1 input.
- g. Set:

Vertical MODE	CH 1 (CH 2 off)
CH 1 VOLTS/DIV	2 mV

- h. Position the trace two graticule lines below the center horizontal graticule line.
- i. Repeat CHECK procedure for CH 1.
- 10. CH 3 and CH 4 Vertical Deflection Accuracy
- a. Set:

Vertical MODE	CH 3 (CH 1 off)
CH 3 VOLTS/DIV	0.1 V

- b. Position the trace two graticule lines below the center horizontal graticule line.
- c. Move the test signal to the CH 3 input.
- d. Set the calibration generator to Std Ampl output, 0.5 V.
- e. CHECK-the signal amplitude is between 4.90 and 5.10 divisions.
- f. Move the test signal to the CH 4 input.
- g. Set:

Vertical MODE	CH 4 (CH 3 off)
CH 4 VOLTS/DIV	0.1 V

- h. Position the trace two graticule lines below the center horizontal graticule line.
- i. Repeat CHECK for CH 4.
- j. Set CH 4 VOLTS/DIV to 0.5 V.

- k. Set calibration generator to Std Ampl output, 2 V.
- I. CHECK—the signal amplitude is between 3.92 and 4.08 divisions.
- m. Set:

Vertical MODE	CH 3 (CH 4 off)
CH 3 VOLTS/DIV	0.5 V

- n. Move the test signal to the CH 3 input.
- o. Repeat CHECK for CH 3.
- p. Disconnect the test setup from the 2247A.
- 11. ADD Mode and CH 2 INVERT Deflection Accuracy
- a. Set:

Vertical MODE	ADD (all others
	off)
CH 1 and CH 2 VOLTS/DIV	0.1 V
CH 1 and CH 2 Input	
COUPLING	DC

- b. Connect calibration generator Std Ampl output to the CH 1 and CH 2 inputs via 50 Ω precision BNC coaxial cable and a BNC dual-input coupler.
- c. Set the calibration generator to Std Ampl output, 0.2 V.
- d. Position the ADD signal to the center of the crt graticule with the CH 1 and CH 2 POSITION controls.
- e. CHECK-that the ADD signal amplitude is between 3.92 and 4.08 divisions.
- f. Set CH 2 INVERT On.
- g. CHECK—the ADD signal amplitude is 0.08 division (less than half a minor graticule division) or less excluding trace width (sweep will free run).
- h. Disconnect the test setup from the 2247A.

12. Vertical POSITION Range (all channels)

a. Set:

A SEC/DIV	0.1 ms
Vertical MODE	CH 1 (ADD off)
CH 1 VOLTS/DIV	1 V
CH 2 INVERT	Off
SCOPE BW	Off
CH 1 and CH 2 Input	
COUPLING	AC

- b. Connect leveled sine-wave generator (SG 503) output to the CH 1 and CH 2 inputs via a 50 Ω BNC coaxial cable, a 50 Ω BNC termination, and a BNC dual-input coupler.
- c. Position trace to center horizontal graticule line.
- d. Set leveled sine-wave generator output for two-division signal at 50 kHz.
- e. Set:

CH 1 VOLTS/DIV	0.1 V
CH 1 POSITION	Fully cw

- f. CHECK—that the bottom of the waveform is at least one division above the center horizontal graticule line.
- g. Set CH 1 POSITION fully ccw.
- h. CHECK—that the top of the waveform is at least one division below the center horizontal graticule line.
- I. Set:

CH 1 POSITION Vertical MODE CH 2 POSITION 12 o'clock CH 2 (CH 1 off) Fully cw

- j. CHECK—that the bottom of the waveform is at least one division above the center horizontal graticule line.
- k. Set CH 2 POSITION fully ccw.

- I. CHECK—that the top of the waveform is at least one division below the center horizontal graticule line.
- m. Set CH 2 POSITION to 12 o'clock.
- n. Move the BNC dual-input coupler from the CH 1 and CH 2 inputs to the CH 3 and CH 4 inputs.
- o. Set:

Vertical MODE	CH 3 (CH 2 off)
CH 3 and CH 4	
VOLTS/DIV	0.1 V
CH 3 POSITION	Fully cw

- p. CHECK—that the bottom of the waveform is at least one division above the center graticule line.
- q. Set CH 3 POSITION fully ccw.
- r. CHECK—that the top of the waveform is at least one division below the center graticule line.
- s. Set:

CH 3 POSITION	12 o'clock
Vertical MODE	CH 4 (CH 3 off)

- t. Repeat the procedure for CH 4.
- u. Set CH 4 POSITION to 12 o'clock.
- v. Disconnect the test setup from the 2247A.
- 13. CH 1 to CH 2 Signal Delay Match
- a. Set:

Vertical MODE	CH 1 and CH 2 (CH 4 off)
CH 1 and CH 2	
Input COUPLING	DC
CH 1 and CH 2	
VOLTS/DIV	0.1 V
SEC/DIV	20 ns
Trigger SOURCE	CH 3

- b. Superimpose the CH 1 and CH 2 traces at the 100% graticule marking.
- c. Connect calibration generator (PG 506) Fast Rise, rising-edge signal to the CH 1 and CH 2 inputs via a 50 Ω precision BNC coaxial cable, a 50 Ω BNC termination, and a BNC dual-input coupler.
- d. Connect calibration generator Trig Out signal to the CH 3 input via a 50 Ω BNC coaxial cable and a 50 Ω BNC termination.
- e. Set the calibration generator to Fast Rise and adjust Pulse Amplitude for five divisions of signal amplitude at 1 MHz.
- f. Position the rising edges of the superimposed waveforms horizontally to the center vertical graticule line.

NOTE

It may be necessary to readjust the trigger level to display the rising-edge signal in the Delay Match steps. This can be done most easily by pressing the upper Trigger MODE button to cause the trigger level to be automatically readjusted.

- g. Set X10 MAG On (for 2 ns/div sweep speed).
- h. CHECK—that the leading edges of the two waveforms have less than 0.1 horizontal division separation at the center graticule line excluding trace width.
- 14. CH 1 to CH 4 Signal Delay Match
- a. Set Vertical MODE to CH 1 and CH 4 (CH 2 off).
- b. Move the CH 2 signal to the CH 4 input connector.
- c. Superimpose the CH 4 waveform on the CH 1 waveform.
- d. CHECK—that the leading edges of the two waveforms have less than 0.1 horizontal division separation at the center graticule line excluding trace width.

15. CH 3 to CH 4 Signal Delay Match

a. Set:

Vertical MODE	CH 3 and CH 4
	(CH 1 off)
Trigger SOURCE	CH 2

- b. Move the CH 3 signal to the CH 2 input and the CH 1 trigger signal to the CH 3 input.
- c. Superimpose CH 3 and CH 4 waveforms at the center graticule line.
- d. CHECK—that the leading edges of the two waveforms have less than 0.1 horizontal division separation at the center graticule line.
- e. Disconnect the test setup.

16. CH 1 and CH 2 Vertical Bandwidth

a. Set:

X10 MAG	Off
Vertical MODE	CH 1 (CH 3 and
	CH 4 off)
SEC/DIV	0.1 ms
CH 1 VOLTS/DIV	5 mV
CH 1 and CH 2 Input	
COUPLING	DC
Trigger SOURCE	VERT
Horizontal POSITION	12 o'clock

- b. Connect leveled sine-wave generator (SG 503) output to the CH 1 input via a 50 Ω precision BNC coaxial cable and a 50 Ω BNC termination.
- c. Set the leveled sine-wave generator output for a six-division signal amplitude at 50 kHz.
- d. Set the generator Frequency Range and Frequency Variable controls for a 90 MHz output signal.

- e. CHECK—the displayed signal amplitude is 4.2 divisions or more as the frequency is increased to 100 MHz.
- f. Repeat the frequency setup and CHECK procedure for VOLTS/DIV settings of 50 mV and 0.5 V.
- g. Move the test signal to the CH 2 input.
- h. Set:

Vertical MODECH 2 (CH 1 off)CH 2 VOLTS/DIV5 mV

- i. Repeat the complete Bandwidth check procedure for Channel 2.
- 17. CH 3 and CH 4 Vertical Bandwidth
- a. Set:

Vertical MODE	CH 3 (CH 2 off)
CH 3 and CH 4 VOLTS/DIV	0.1 V

- b. Connect leveled sine-wave generator (SG 503) output to the CH 3 input via a 50 Ω precision BNC coaxial cable and a 50 Ω BNC termination.
- c. Set the generator output for a six-division signal display at 50 kHz.
- d. Set the generator Frequency Range and Frequency Variable controls for a 90 MHz output frequency.
- e. CHECK—that the signal display amplitude is 4.2 divisions or more as the frequency is increased to 100 MHz.
- f. Repeat the procedure for 0.5 VOLTS/DIV setting.
- g. Move the test signal to the CH 4 input.
- h. Set Vertical MODE to CH 4
- i. Repeat the procedure for CH 4.

- 18. SCOPE BW (Bandwidth Limit) Accuracy
- a. Set:

Vertical MODE	CH 1 (CH 4 off)
CH 1 VOLTS/DIV	10 mV
SCOPE BW	On

- b. Move test signal from the CH 4 input to the CH 1 input.
- c. Set leveled sine-wave generator (SG 503) output for a six-division signal amplitude at 50 kHz.
- d. Increase the leveled sine-wave generator output frequency, using the Frequency Range and Frequency Variable controls, until a signal display amplitude of 4.2 divisions is obtained.
- e. CHECK—that the sine-wave generator output frequency is between 17 MHz and 23 MHz.
- f. Disconnect the test setup.

19. Common-Mode Rejection Ratio

- a. Connect leveled sine-wave generator (SG 503) output to the CH 1 and CH 2 input connectors via a 50 Ω precision BNC coaxial cable, a 50 Ω BNC termination, and a BNC dual-input coupler.
- b. Set the leveled sine-wave generator output for an eight-division signaldisplay amplitude at 50 kHz.
- c. Set:

Vertical MODE	ADD (CH 1 off)	
CH 2 VOLTS/DIV	10 mV	
CH 2 INVERT	On	
SCOPE BW	Off	

- d. Adjust CH 1 or CH 2 VAR VOLTS/DIV for smallest signal amplitude (as needed).
- e. Set the leveled sine-wave output frequency to 50 MHz.
- f. Set the Vertical MODE to CH 1 (ADD off).

- g. Set the leveled sine-wave output amplitude for an eight-division display.
- h. Set the Vertical MODE to ADD (CH 1 off).
- i. CHECK-the signal is less than 0.8 division in amplitude.
- j. Disconnect the test setup.
- 20. Channel Isolation
- a. Set:

Vertical MODE	CH 1 and CH 2 (ADD off)
CH 2 INVERT	Off
CH 1, CH 2, CH 3, and CH 4	
VOLTS/DIV	0.1 V
Trigger SOURCE	CH 1

- b. Connect the leveled sine-wave generator (SG 503) output to the CH 1 input via a 50 Ω precision BNC coaxial cable and a 50 Ω BNC termination.
- c. Set the leveled sine-wave generator (SG 503) output for a five-division signal display amplitude at 100 MHz.
- d. Set CH 2, CH 3, and CH 4 Vertical MODE On (CH 1 off).
- e. CHECK—display amplitude is 0.1 division or less, excluding trace width, on the CH 2, CH 3, and CH 4 traces.
- f. Move sine-wave generator signal to the CH 2 input.
- g. Set:

Vertical MODE	CH 1, CH 3, and
	CH 4 (CH 2 off)
Trigger SOURCE	CH 2

- h. CHECK-display amplitude is 0.1 division or less, excluding trace width, on the CH 1, CH 3, and CH 4 traces.
- i. Move sine-wave generator signal to the CH 3 input.

j. Set:

Vertical MODE	CH 1, CH 2, and
	CH 4 (CH 3 off)
Trigger SOURCE	CH 3

- k. CHECK—display amplitude is 0.1 division or less, excluding trace width, on the CH 1, CH 2, and CH 4 traces.
- I. Move sine-wave generator signal to the CH 4 input.
- m. Set:

Vertical MODE	CH 1, CH 2, and
	CH 3 (CH 4 off)
Trigger SOURCE	CH 4

- n. CHECK—display amplitude is 0.1 division or less, excluding trace width, on the CH 1, CH 2, and CH 3 traces.
- o. Disconnect the test setup.
- 21. AC-Coupled Lower -3 dB Point
- a. Set:

A SEC/DIV	10 ms
Vertical MODE	CH 1 (all others
	off)
Trigger SOURCE	VERT
Trigger MODE	NORM

- b. Connect function generator (FG 502) output to the CH 1 input via a 50 Ω BNC coaxial cable and a 50 Ω BNC termination.
- c. Set the function generator output controls to produce a six-division sine-wave display at 10 Hz (with no dc offset).
- d. Set CH 1 Input COUPLING to AC.
- e. CHECK-display amplitude is 4.2 division or more.
- f. Set Vertical MODE to CH 2 (CH 1 off).

- g. Repeat the procedure for CH 2.
- h. Disconnect the test equipment from the 2247A.

22. Vertical ALT and CHOP Modes

a. Set:

Vertical MODE	CH 1, CH 2, CH 3, and CH 4 on
CHOP Vertical MODE	Off (ALT mode)
CH 1 and CH 2	
VOLTS/DIV	10 mV
CH 3 and CH 4	
VOLTS/DIV	0.1 V
CH 1 and CH 2 Input	
COUPLING	DC
Horizontal MODE	Α
SEC/DIV	0.1 ms
Trigger MODE	AUTO LEVEL

- b. Position all traces for two divisions of separation with the CH 1 trace near the top; then in order down the graticule area with the CH 4 trace near the bottom.
- c. Set SEC/DIV to 10 ms.
- d. CHECK-that four traces are sweeping across the screen alternately.
- e. Set CHOP Vertical MODE On.
- f. CHECK-that four traces are sweeping across the screen simultaneously.

23. BEAM FIND Functional Check

- a. Push BEAM FIND in and hold.
- b. CHECK—the signal is visible and compressed fully within the graticule area as the horizontal and vertical position controls are rotated through their ranges.

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- c. Release the BEAM FIND button.
- d. Set all Vertical and Horizontal POSITION controls at the 12 o'clock position.

24. A and B Trace Separation

a. Set:

A SEC/DIV	1 ms
Vertical MODE	CH 1 (others
	off)
Horizontal MODE	ALT
B SEC/DIV	0.5 ms
A/B SELECT	В
B Trigger MODE	RUNS AFTER
TRACE SEP	Fully cw

- b. Position the CH 1 trace below the center horizontal graticule line to display the separated B trace.
- c. CHECK—for at least four divisions of upward trace separation between the B trace and the A trace.
- d. Set TRACE SEP fully ccw.
- e. Position the CH 1 trace above the center horizontal graticule line to display the separated B trace.
- f. CHECK—for at least four divisions downward trace separation of the B trace from the A trace.

TRIGGERING

Equipment Required (See Table 7-1)

Leveled sine-wave generator 50 Ω BNC coaxial cable 2X BNC attenuator Dual-Input coupler Function generator 10X BNC attenuator 50 Ω BNC termination TV signal generator

1. 500 Hz Trigger Sensitivity

a. Set:

READOUT (Intensity)	For a viewable readout
A INTEN	For a viewable trace
Vertical MODE	CH 1
CH 1 and CH 2 Input	
COUPLING	DC
CH 1 VOLTS/DIV	0.1 V
SCOPE BW	On
Horizontal MODE	А
A SEC/DIV	1 ms
A/B SELECT	A Trigger
Trigger MODE	AUTO LEVEL
Trigger SOURCE	VERT
Trigger CPLG	AC
Trigger SLOPE	_/ (positive- going)
Trigger HOLDOFF	Min
FOCUS	For best
	defined display
Measurements	All off (press
	CLEAR
	DISPLAY three
	times)
Horizontal POSITION	12 o'clock

- b. Connect function generator (FG 502) output to the CH 1 input via a 50 Ω BNC coaxial cable, and a 50 Ω BNC termination.
- c. Set function generator (FG 502) output to produce a 7.0 division sinewave display at 500 Hz.
- d. Add a 10X and a 2X BNC attenuator before the 50 Ω BNC termination (for a 0.35 division display).

NOTE

The Trigger LEVEL control may be used to obtain a stable display.

- e. CHECK—that the display is stably triggered with DC, HF REJ, and AC Trigger CPLG; and that the display will not trigger on NOISE REJ or LF REJ Trigger CPLG.
- f. Set:

A Trigger CPLG	DC
Horizontal MODE	В
A/B SELECT	B Trigger
B Trigger MODE	NORM
B Trigger SOURCE	VERT
B Trigger SLOPE	_/ (positive-
	going)
B SEC/DIV	0.5 ms
DELAY Time	?0.000
	(minimum
	delay time)
B INTEN	For viewable
	display

NOTE

It may be necessary to adjust the Trigger LEVEL control to obtain a display.

- g. CHECK—that using the Trigger LEVEL control, the display can be stably triggered in DC, HF REJ, and AC Trigger CPLG; and that the display cannot be triggered in NOISE REJ or LF REJ Trigger CPLG.
- h. Disconnect the test setup from the CH 1 input.

2. 500 kHz Trigger Sensitivity

a. Set:

SCOPE BW	Off
Horizontal MODE	Α
A/B SELECT	A Trigger
A SEC/DIV	2 µs

- b. Connect leveled sine-wave generator (SG 503) output to the CH 1 input via a 50 Ω BNC coaxial cable and a 50 Ω BNC termination.
- c. Set leveled sine-wave generator output to produce a 7.0 division sinewave display amplitude at 500 kHz.
- d. Add a 10X and a 2X BNC attenuator before the 50 Ω BNC termination (for a 0.35 division display amplitude).
- e. CHECK-that the display cannot be triggered in either HF REJ of NOISE REJ CPLG.
- f. Set:

Horizontal MODE	В
A/B SELECT	B Trigger
B SEC/DIV	1 µs

g. CHECK—that the display cannot be triggered in HF REJ or NOISE REJ CPLG by adjusting the Trigger LEVEL control.

3. 25 MHz Trigger Sensitivity

a. Set:

Horizontal MODE A/B SELECT A Trigger CPLG A SEC/DIV A A Trigger DC 50 ns

- b. Remove the 10X and 2X BNC attenuators from the signal path.
- c. Set leveled sine-wave generator output to produce a 7.0 division display amplitude at 25 MHz.

- d. Add a 10X and a 2X BNC attenuator before the 50 Ω BNC termination.
- e. CHECK—that the display is stably triggered in DC, LF REJ, and AC Trigger CPLG; the display is not triggered in NOISE REJ and HF REJ Trigger CPLG settings.
- f. Set:

A Trigger CPLG	DC
Horizontal MODE	В
A/B SELECT	B Trigger
B SEC/DIV	20 ns

- g. CHECK—that using the Trigger LEVEL control, the display can be stably triggered in DC, LF REJ, and AC Trigger CPLG; the display cannot be triggered in NOISE REJ and HF REJ Trigger CPLG settings.
- h. Set leveled sine-wave generator (SG 503) to produce a 1.4 division display at 25 MHz.
- i. CHECK—that the display can be stably triggered with NOISE REJ Trigger CPLG but does not trigger with HF REJ CPLG.
- j. Set:

Horizontal MODEAA/B SELECTA Trigger

- k. CHECK—that the display is stably triggered with NOISE REJ Trigger CPLG but does not trigger with HF REJ CPLG. (The Trigger LEVEL control may be adjusted to improve display stability in NOISE REJ CPLG.)
- 4. 150 MHz Trigger Sensitivity
- a. Set Trigger CPLG to DC.
- b. Set leveled sine-wave generator to produce a 1.0 division display at 150 MHz.
- c. CHECK—that the display is stably triggered in DC, LF REJ, and AC Trigger CPLG.

d. Set:

Horizontal MODEBA/B SELECTB Trigger

- e. CHECK—that using the Trigger LEVEL control the display can be stably triggered in DC, LF REJ, and AC Trigger CPLG.
- f. Set:

Horizontal MODE	A
Vertical MODE	CH 2 (CH 1 off)
CH 2, CH 3, and CH 4	
VOLTS/DIV	0.1 V
A/B SELECT	A Trigger
A Trigger CPLG	DC

- g. Move test signal from CH 1 to the CH 2 input.
- h. Set leveled sine-wave generator output to produce a 1.0 division display amplitude at 150 MHz.
- i. CHECK—that a stable display can be obtained. (The Trigger LEVEL control may be adjusted to improve the display stability.)
- j. Repeat the procedure for CH 3 and CH 4 (turn on the appropriate Vertical MODE and move the test signal as required).
- k. Move test signal to the CH 1 input.
- I. Set Vertical MODE to CH 1 (others off).
- m. Remove the 2X BNC attenuator from the test signal path.
- n. Set leveled sine-wave generator output for a 2.2division display amplitude at 100 MHz.
- o. CHECK—that the display is stably triggered with NOISE REJ Trigger CPLG but is not triggered with HF REJ Trigger CPLG.
- p. Set leveled sine-wave generator output for a 0.5-division display amplitude at 100 MHz.
- q. CHECK-that the display is not triggered in NOISE REJ Trigger CPLG.

r. Set:

A Trigger CPLG	DC
Horizontal MODE	В
A/B SELECT	B Trigger

- s. Repeat 100 MHz NOISE REJ Trigger CPLG procedure for the B Trigger.
- 5. Single Sweep Mode
- a. Set:

Horizontal MODE	Α
A SEC/DIV	10 µs
A/B SELECT	A Trigger

- b. Remove the 10X BNC attenuator from the test signal path.
- c. Set leveled sine-wave generator output to produce a 7.0 division display amplitude at 50 kHz.
- d. Add a 10X and a 2X BNC attenuator before the 50 Ω BNC termination. (Display should stably trigger with AUTO LEVEL finding the correct trigger level setting.)
- e. Set:

A Trigger MODE	NORM
CH 1 Input COUPLING	GND
Trigger MODE	SGL SEQ

- f. CHECK-that the Trigger READY LED turns on and remains on.
- g. Set:

A INTEN	3/4 fully CW
CH 1 Input COUPLING	DC (see
	CHECK below)

h. CHECK—that the TRIG'D LED flashes, and the READY LED turns off after a single sweep and readout display occurs when the Input COUPLING switches to DC.

6. Trigger LEVEL Control Range

a. Set:

Trigger MODE	AUTO (not
	AUTO LEVEL)
Trigger LEVEL	Fully ccw
A INTEN	For a good
	viewing
	intensity

- b. Remove 10X and 2X BNC attenuators from the test signal path.
- c. Increase leveled sine-wave generator output level until a stably triggered display is just obtainable.
- d. Set Trigger LEVEL fully cw.
- e. Set leveled sine-wave generator output for a stable display (if necessary).
- f. Set CH 1 VOLTS/DIV to 1 V.
- g. CHECK—that the CH 1 signal display amplitude is four divisions or more (peak-to-peak). Note that the signal is not triggered.
- h. Disconnect the test setup from the 2247A.
- 7. TV Field Trigger Sensitivity
- a. Set:

Vertical MODE	CH 2 (CH 1 off)
CH 2 VOLTS/DIV	1 V
SEC/DIV	0.2 ms
Trigger MODE	TV FIELD
Trigger SLOPE	¬_ (negative-
	going)

- b. Connect TV signal generator (TSG-100) video output to the CH 2 input via a 50 Ω BNC cable.
- c. Set CH 2 VAR VOLTS/DIV control for a 0.5 division composite sync signal.

- d. CHECK-that a stable display is obtained.
- e. Set:

CH 2 INVERT Trigger SLOPE On _/ (positivegoing)

f. CHECK—that a stable display is obtained.

g. Set:

CH 2 INVERT	Off
Trigger SLOPE	¬_ (negative−
	going)

8. TV Line Trigger Sensitivity

a. Set:

A SEC/DIV	2 ms
Horizontal MODE	В
B SEC/DIV	20 µs
A/B SELECT	В
B Trigger MODE	TV LINE

- b. CHECK—that a stable display is obtained for various portions of the TV field as the K- OR DELAY control is rotated.
- c. Set CH 2 VAR VOLTS/DIV to the detent position (calibrated).
- d. Disconnect the TV signal generator from the 2247A.
- 9. Line Trigger Functional Check
- a. Set:

CH 2 VOLTS/DIV

CH 2 Input COUPLING Horizontal MODE A SEC/DIV Trigger MODE Trigger SOURCE Trigger CPLG 0.1 V (without a 10X probe attached) DC A 5 ms AUTO LEVEL LINE DC

- b. Connect a 10X probe to the CH 2 input connector.
- c. Attach the probe tip to a length of wire at least four inches long. Hold the wire near the middle portion of the instrument power cord.
- d. CHECK—that the display can be triggered in both _/ (positive-going) and _ (negative-going) slopes.
- e. Disconnect the test setup.

HORIZONTAL

Equipment Required (See Table 7-1)

Time-mark generator

50 Ω BNC coaxial cable

50 Ω BNC termination

1. A and B Sweep Length

a. Set:

READOUT (Intensity)	For a viewable readout
A INTEN	For a viewable trace
Vertical MODE	CH 1
CH 1 and CH 2	
Input COUPLING	DC
CH 1 VOLTS/DIV	0.5 V
Horizontal MODE	Α
A SEC/DIV	2 ms
Horizontal POSITION	12 o'clock
A/B SELECT	A Trigger
Trigger MODE	AUTO LEVEL
Trigger SOURCE	VERT
Trigger CPLG	AC
Trigger SLOPE	_/ (positive- going)
Trigger HOLDOFF	Min
Trigger LEVEL	12 o'clock
Measurements	All off (press
	CLEAR
	DISPLAY three
	times)
FOCUS	For best
	defined display

b. Connect time-mark generator (TG 501) to the CH 1 input via a 50 Ω BNC coaxial cable and a 50 Ω BNC termination.

- c. Set generator for 2 ms time markers.
- d. CHECK-sweep length of the A trace is greater than 10 divisions.
- e. Set:

Horizontal MODE	В
B SEC/DIV	1 ms
A/B SELECT	B Trigger
Trigger MODE	RUNS AFTER
← OR DELAY Control	ccw to the
	lowest DELAY
	readout value
B INTEN	For a visible
	display

f. CHECK—the Delay Time readout is ?0.000 ms, and the B Sweep length is greater than 10 divisions.

2. Horizontal POSITION Range

a. Set:

Horizontal MODE Horizontal POSITION A Fully cw

- b. CHECK—that the start of trace positions past the center vertical graticule line.
- c. Set Horizontal POSITION fully ccw.
- d. CHECK—that the 11th time marker is positioned to the left of the center vertical graticule line.

3. VAR SEC/DIV Range

a. Set:

SEC/DIV	1 ms
SEC/DIV VAR	Fully ccw
Horizontal POSITION	12 o'clock

b. Set time-mark generator for 5 ms time markers.

- c. CHECK-the time-mark spacing is equal to or less than two divisions.
- d. Set SEC/DIV VAR fully cw (calibrated detent).
- 4. Magnifier Registration
- a. Set X10 MAG on.
- b. Position the rising edge of a time marker to the center vertical graticule line.
- c. Set X10 MAG off.
- d. CHECK-for less than 0.5 division horizontal trace shift.
- 5. A and B Timing Accuracy and Linearity
- a. Set A SEC/DIV to 20 ns.
- b. Set time-mark generator for 20 ns time markers.
- c. Position the time marker peaks vertically to the center horizontal graticule line (allows use of the minor division graticule markings as an aid in making the accuracy checks).

NOTE

For the fastest sweep speeds, where the time marker peaks are rounded and not well defined, greater resolution can be achieved by vertically centering the display and using the points where the rising edges of the time markers cross the center horizontal graticule line as a reference.

- d. Position the second time marker to the second vertical graticule line.
- e. CHECK—that the tenth time marker is within 0.16 division (left or right) of the tenth graticule line.
- f. CHECK—that the spacing of time markers over any two-division interval within the center eight divisions does not deviate from the value measured at the center two divisions by more than 0.1 division.
- g. Repeat the procedure for all other SEC/DIV settings. Use the SEC/DIV and Time Mark Generator settings in the column labeled X1 given in Table 7-3, Settings for Timing Accuracy Checks.

- h. Set SEC/DIV to 20 ns.
- i. Set time-mark generator for 20 ns time markers.
- j. Set:

Horizontal MODE B INTEN B For a viewable display

- k. Repeat the CHECK procedure for all the B SEC/DIV settings.
- 6. A and B Magnified Timing Accuracy and Linearity
- a. Set time-mark generator for 5 ns time markers.
- b. Set:

Horizontal MODE A SEC/DIV Horizontal MODE B SEC/DIV X10 MAG

CH 1 VOLTS/DIV

A 20 ns B 20 ns On (for 2 ns/div sweep speed) 0.5 V (use 0.2 V for the 5 ns time markers if necessary)

c. Set the Horizontal POSITION control to 12 o'clock and then align the rising edge of the nearest time marker to the second vertical graticule line (center the display vertically).

NOTE

For the fastest sweep speeds, where the time marker peaks are rounded and not well defined, greater resolution can be achieved by vertically centering the display and using the points where the rising edges of the time markers cross the center horizontal graticule line as a reference.

d. CHECK—that the rising edge of the fourth displayed time marker crosses the center horizontal graticule line at between 8.27 divisions and 8.73 divisions from the left-most graticule line.

SEC/DIV Setting Time-Mark Setting		rk Setting	
X1	X10 MAG	X1	X10 MAG
20 ns	2 ns	20 ns	5 ns
50 ns	5 ns	50 ns	5 ns
0.1 μs	10 ns	0.1 ns	10 ns
0.2 µs	20 ns	0.2 μs	20 ns
0.5 µs	50 ns	0.5 µs	50 ns
1 µs	0.1 μs	1 µs	0.1 μs
2 µs	0.2 µs	2 μs	0.2 µs
5 µs	0.5 μs	5 µs	0.5 μs
10 µs	1 μs	10 μs	1 μs
20 µs	2 µs	20 µs	2 µs
50 µs	5 µs	50 µs	5 µ s
0.1 ms	10 µs	0.1 ms	10 µs
0.2 ms	20 µs	0.2 ms	20 µs
0.5 ms	50 µs	0.5 ms	50 µs
1 ms	0.1 ms	1 ms	0.1 ms
2 ms	0.2 ms	2 ms	0.2 ms
5 ms	0.5 ms	5 ms	0.5 ms
A Sweep only			
10 ms	1 ms	10 ms	1 ms
20 ms	2 ms	20 ms	2 ms
50 ms	5 ms	50 ms	5 ms
0.1 s	10 ms	0.1 s	10 ms
0.2 s	20 ms	0.2 s	20 ms
0.5 s	50 ms	0.5 s	50 ms

Table 7-3Settings for Timing Accuracy Checks

- e. CHECK—that the spacing of the time markers over any 2.5-division interval within the center eight divisions does not deviate from the value measured at the center 2.5 divisions by more than 0.12 division. Use the fifth vertical graticule line as a starting point for the measurement at the center 2.5 divisions. Exclude the first 1/4 division or 25 ns and any portion of the sweep past the 100th magnified division.
- f. Set SEC/DIV to 5 ns.
- g. Set the Horizontal POSITION control to 12 o'clock and then align the nearest time marker to the second vertical graticule line.
- h. CHECK—that the tenth displayed time marker is within 0.24 division (left or right) of the tenth graticule line.
- CHECK—that the spacing of the time markers over any two-division interval within the center eight divisions does not deviate from the value measured at the center two divisions by more than 0.1 division. Exclude the first 1/4 division or 25 ns and any portion of the sweep past the 100th magnified division.
- j. Repeat the timing and linearity checks for all SEC/DIV settings between 10 ns and 0.5 ms. Use the SEC/DIV and Time-Mark Generator X10 MAG settings given in Table 7-3.
- k. Set:

Horizontal MODE SEC/DIV

A 2 ns (with X10 MAG on)

- I. Set time-mark generator for 5 ns time markers.
- m. Repeat the magnified timing accuracy and linearity checks for the A Sweep at all magnified SEC/DIV settings.
- 7. Delay Time Jitter
- a. Set:

X10 MAG	Off
A SEC/DIV	1 ms
Horizontal MODE	ALT
SEC/DIV	0.5 µs

- b. Set time-mark generator for 1 ms time markers.
- c. Position the intensified dot to the leading edge of the 10th time marker to display the rising edge on the B Trace (using the I← OR DELAY control). It may be necessary to reduce the A intensity level to observe the intensified dot.
- d. Set:

Horizontal MODE B INTEN B Fully cw (maximum intensity)

- e. CHECK—that the jitter on the leading edge does not exceed one division over a two-second interval. Disregard slow drift.
- 8. Delay Time Accuracy
- a. Set:

Horizontal MODE	ALT
B SEC/DIV	10 µs
TRACE SEP	Fully ccw
	(maximum
	downward
	position)
CH 1 POSITION	To display both
	the ALT
	and the B
	Delayed Traces

- b. Position the intensified dot to full left position (counterclockwise rotation of the ← OR DELAY control).
- c. Align the leading edge of the time marker displayed on the B trace to the left-most (first) graticule line, using only the Horizontal POSITION control.
- d. CHECK-that the readout is ?0.000 ms.
- e. Position the intensified zone to the second time marker and align the leading edge of the time marker displayed on the B trace to the leftmost (first) graticule line, using only the K→ OR DELAY control. Using the Readout Accuracy Limits given in Table 7-4, check the delay time accuracy.
- f. Repeat the procedure for the third through tenth time markers.

Time Marker	Readout Accuracy Limits
1st	? 0.000 ms
2nd	0.945 ms to 1.055 ms
3rd	1.940 ms to 2.060 ms
4th	2.935 ms to 3.065 ms
5th	3.930 ms to 4.070 ms
6th	4.925 ms to 5.075 ms
7th	5.920 ms to 6.080 ms
8th	6.915 ms to 7.085 ms
9th	7.910 ms to 8.090 ms
10th	8.905 ms to 9.095 ms

Table 7-4 Delay Time Accuracy

9. Delay Time Position Range

- a. Set time-mark generator for 0.1 ms.
- b. Set:

A SEC/DIV	1 ms
B SEC/DIV	5 µs
K- OR DELAY control	ccw to ?0.000

- c. CHECK—that the intensified dot is positioned at or before the second time marker.
- d. Turn the K- OR DELAY control clockwise until the delay readout stops Increasing (largest number).
- e. CHECK—that the intensified dot is positioned at or after the 99th time marker (located at a Delay Time of 9.9 ms).
- f. Disconnect the time-mark generator from the 2247A.

- 10. X-Axis Gain Accuracy
- a. Set:

Horizontal MODE	X-Y
Vertical MODE	CH 2 (CH 1 off)
CH 1 and CH 2	
VOLTS/DIV	10 mV
CH 1 Input COUPLING	DC
CH 2 Input COUPLING	GND

- b. Connect calibration generator Std Ampl output to the CH 1 input via a 50 Ω precision BNC coaxial cable.
- c. Set calibration generator for Std Ampl output, 50 mV.
- d. CHECK—X-Axis amplitude is between 4.85 and 5.15 horizontal divisions.
- e. Disconnect calibration generator.
- 11. X-Y Phase Difference
- a. Set:

Horizontal MODE	A
Vertical MODE	CH 1 (CH 2 off)
CH 1 Input COUPLING	DC

- b. Connect leveled sine-wave generator output to the CH 1 input via a 50 Ω BNC coaxial cable and a 50 Ω BNC termination.
- c. Set leveled sine-wave generator output for six divisions of signal display amplitude at 50 kHz.
- d. Set:

Horizontal MODE	X-Y
CH 1 Input COUPLING	GND

e. Position dot to graticule center.

- f. Set CH 1 Input COUPLING to DC.
- g. CHECK—ellipse opening at the center is 0.3 division or less, measured horizontally.
- 12. X-Axis Bandwidth
- a. Set Vertical MODE to CH 2 (CH 1 off).
- b. Set leveled sine-wave generator output for six divisions of horizontal display amplitude at 50 kHz.
- c. Set leveled sine-wave output to 3 MHz.
- d. CHECK-X-Axis display is 4.2 horizontal divisions or more.
- e. Disconnect the test equipment from the 2247A.

MEASUREMENT CURSORS

Equipment Required (See Table 7-1)

Time-mark generator 50 Ω BNC coaxial cable

Calibration generator 50 Ω BNC termination

- 1. I SEC → and I 1/SEC → Cursor Accuracy
- a. Set:

READOUT (Intensity)	For a viewable readout
A INTEN	For a viewable
	trace
Vertical MODE	CH 1
CH 1 VOLTS/DIV	0.5 V
CH 1 and CH 2	
Input COUPLING	DC
Horizontal MODE	Α
A SEC/DIV	1 ms
A/B SELECT	A Trigger
Trigger MODE	AUTO LEVEL
Trigger CPLG	DC
Trigger SOURCE	VERT
Trigger SLOPE	_/ (positive-
	going)
Trigger HOLDOFF	MIN
CH 2 INVERT	Off
SCOPE BW	Off
FOCUS	For best
	defined display

NOTE

Before performing this check, go to CONFIGURE in the SERVICE MENU and select NO for INITIALIZE TIME CURSORS/ DELAYS?

b. Connect time-mark generator (TG 501) output via a 50 Ω BNC coaxial cable and a 50 Ω BNC termination to the CH 1 input.

- c. Set time-mark generator for 1 ms time markers.
- d. Position first time marker horizontally to the first vertical graticule line (left-most edge of the graticule).
- e. Press TIME button to display the TIME menu.
- f. Press \leftarrow SEC \rightarrow menu button to turn on time cursors.
- g. Position the reference cursor to the second time marker and the delta cursor to the tenth time marker.
- h. CHECK---that the readout is 7.940 ms to 8.060 ms.
- i. Press the TIME button to display the TIME menu.
- j. Set I← 1/SEC → on.
- k. Reposition the reference cursor to the second time marker and the delta cursor to the tenth time marker.
- I. CHECK—that the readout is 124 Hz to 126 Hz.
- 2. ← PHASE → Cursor Accuracy
- a. Press the TIME button to display the TIME menu.
- b. Press K PHASE -> menu selection to display the menu choices.
- c. Set I← SET 360°→I on.
- d. Position the first time marker to first graticule line. Then position the Reference cursor to the leading edge of the second time marker and the delta cursor to the leading edge of the tenth time marker.
- e. Set \← PHASE → l on.
- f. Position delta cursor to the leading edge of the sixth time marker.
- g. CHECK-that the readout is between 177.9 and 182.1 degrees.
- h. Disconnect time-mark generator.

- 3. ← VOLTS → Cursor Accuracy
- a. Set:

CH 1 VOLTS/DIV	0.1 V
SEC/DIV	0.5 ms

- b. Select CURSOR VOLTS menu, then select ⊬ VOLTS →.
- c. Connect calibration generator (PG 506) output to the CH 1 input via a 50 Ω precision BNC coaxial cable.
- d. Set calibration generator to Std Ampl 0.5 V.
- e. Position bottom of the signal to the second horizontal graticule line from the bottom.
- f. Position the reference cursor to the bottom of the signal and the delta cursor to the top of the signal (both cursors move with the I← OR DELAY control).
- g. CHECK-that the readout is between 0.493 V and 0.507 V.
- 4. m VOLTS→I Cursor Accuracy
- a. Select CURSOR VOLTS menu, then select m VOLTS \rightarrow .
- b. Position the → control to align the delta cursor with the top of the waveform.
- c. CHECK—that the readout is between 0.493 V and 0.507 V and none of the cursors move when the (← OR DELAY control is rotated.
- 5. Tracking Cursors Position Accuracy
- a. Press CLEAR DISPLAY twice.
- b. Press the CURSOR VOLTS button to display the CURSOR VOLTS menu. Press the (TO AUTO TRACKING MENU) button. Press the TRACK TRIG LVL and TRACK *m* buttons so that those functions are underlined. Press the (MENU OFF) button to clear the menus.
- c. Set Trigger MODE to AUTO (not AUTO LEVEL).
- d. Adjust Trigger LEVEL control to align trigger level cursor with the bottom of the signal.

- e. CHECK—the readout is 0.000 V \pm 0.005 V and the GND cursor is aligned with the bottom of the signal.
- f. Set trigger level cursor to align with the top of the signal.
- g. CHECK-the readout is between 0.475 V and 0.525 V.
- h. Press CLEAR DISPLAY.
- j. Disconnect test equipment if ending here.

CH 1/CH 2 VOLTMETER

Equipment Required (See Table 7-1)

Calibration generator

50 Ω BNC coaxial cable 50 Ω BNC termination

Function generator

Leveled sine-wave generator

BNC coupling capacitor

- 1. DC Volts Accuracy
- a. Set:

READOUT (Intensity)

A INTEN

Vertical MODE CH 1 VOLTS/DIV CH 2 INVERT SCOPE BW CH 1 Input COUPLING Horizontal MODE A SEC/DIV A/B SELECT Trigger MODE Trigger CPLG Trigger SOURCE Trigger SLOPE

Horizontal POSITION

For a viewable readout For a viewable trace CH 1 50 mV Off Off GND Α 1 ms A Trigger **AUTO LEVEL** DC VERT _/ (positivegoing) MIN For best

defined display

12 o'clock

- b. Press the VOLTMETER button and then press DC on the VOLTMETER menu.
- c. CHECK-ground readout is 0.0 mV ±1.2 mV.
- d. Set calibration generator (PG 506) internal Square Wave/DC switch to DC.

FOCUS

NOTE

The PG 506 must be removed from the TM power supply to make the change to dc output from the generator. Turn the power off before removing or inserting any plug-in from the TM power supply

- e. Connect the calibration generator Std Ampl output to the CH 1 input via a 50 Ω precision BNC coaxial cable.
- f. Set calibration generator for Std Ampl output of 50 mV dc.
- g. Set:

CH 1 VOLTS/DIV	10 mV
CH 1 Input COUPLING	DC

- h. CHECK-the readout is between 49.0 mV and 51.0 mV.
- i. Set CH 1 VOLTS/DIV to 0.1 V.
- j. Set calibration generator for Std Ampl output of 0.5 V,
- k. CHECK-the readout is between 0.495 V and 0.505 V.
- I. Set CH 1 VOLTS/DIV to 1 V.
- m. Set calibration generator for Std Ampl output of 5 V.
- n. CHECK-the readout is between 4.95 V and 5.05 V.
- o. Disconnect Std Ampl signal from the CH 1 input.

2. DC Volts Normal Mode Rejection Ratio

- a. Set SEC/DIV to 5 ms.
- b. Connect function generator (FG 502) output to the CH 1 input via a 50 Ω BNC coaxial cable and a BNC coupling capacitor.
- c. Set function generator for a six-division sine-wave display amplitude at 50 Hz (with CH 1 VOLTS/DIV at 1 V).
- d. Set CH 1 VOLTS/DIV to 0.2 V.

- e. CHECK—that the readout is less than ± 0.010 V.
- f. Disconnect the function generator signal from the 2247A.
- 3. +Peak, -Peak, Peak-to-Peak Volts Accuracy
- a. Set:

Vertical MODE	CH 2 (CH 1 off)
CH 2 VOLTS/DIV	10 mV
CH 2 Input COUPLING	DC

- b. Press the VOLTMETER button and then press +PEAK on the VOLT-METER menu.
- c. Set the calibration generator (PG 506) internal Square Wave/DC Switch for a square-wave output signal.

NOTE

It is necessary to remove the PG 506 from the TM power supply module to set the internal Square Wave/DC switch to square-wave output.

- d. Connect calibration generator Std Ampl output to the CH 2 input via a 50 Ω precision BNC coaxial cable.
- e. Set calibration generator for Std Ampl output of 50 mV.
- f. CHECK—that the readout is between 47.0 mV and 53.0 mV.
- g. Set SCOPE BW on.
- h. CHECK-the readout is between 47.7 mV and 52.3 mV.
- i. Set CH 2 INVERT on and select -PEAK from the VOLTMETER menu.
- j. CHECK-the readout is between -47.7 mV and -52.3 mV.
- k. Set SCOPE BW off.
- I. CHECK-the readout is between -47.0 mV and -53.0 mV.

- m. Select PK-PK from the VOLTMETER menu and set CH 2 INVERT off.
- n. CHECK-the readout is between 46.5 mV and 53.5 mV.
- o. Disconnect calibration generator.
- 4. 25 MHz +Peak, Peak, and Peak-to-Peak Volts Accuracy
- a. Connect leveled sine-wave generator (SG 503) output to the CH 2 Input via a 50 Ω BNC coaxial cable and a 50 Ω BNC termination.
- b. Set CH 2 VOLTS/DIV to 20 mV.
- c. Set leveled sine-wave generator output for a readout of 100.0 mV \pm 0.5 mV at 50 kHz.
- d. Set leveled sine-wave generator output for 25 MHz.
- e. CHECK-the readout is between 95.0 mV and 105.0 mV.
- f. Select -PEAK from the VOLTMETER menu.
- g. CHECK-the readout is between -46.0 mV and -54.0 mV.
- h. Select +PEAK from the VOLTMETER menu.
- i. CHECK-the readout is between 46.0 mV and 54.0 mV.
- 5. 100 MHz +Peak, -Peak, and Peak-to-Peak Volts Accuracy
- a. Set leveled sine-wave generator (SG 503) output frequency to 100 MHz.
- b. CHECK-the readout is between 34.4 mV and 54.0 mV.
- c. Select -PEAK from the VOLTMETER menu.
- d. CHECK-the readout is between -34.4 mV and -54.0 mV.
- e. Select PK-PK from the VOLTMETER menu.

- f. CHECK—the readout is between 69.7 mV and 107.0 mV.
- g. Disconnect the leveled sine-wave signal from the 2247A.

6. Gated Volts Accuracy

a. Set:

A SEC/DIV	0.5 ms
CH 2 VOLTS/DIV	10 mV

- b. Press the VOLTMETER button and then select (TO GATED MEASMT MENU) from the VOLTMETER menu. Select GATED +PEAK from the GATED MEASMT menu.
- c. Connect calibration generator (PG 506) Std Ampl output to the CH 2 input via a 50 Ω precision BNC coaxial cable. Set the generator to Std Ampl output, 50 mV.
- d. Set the → control for minimum intensified zone width (counterclockwise rotation).
- e. CHECK-that the width of the dot is less than 0.2 division.
- f. Set the intensified dot to a positive peak of the displayed waveform, using the k→ OR DELAY control.
- g. CHECK-the readout is between 47.0 mV and 53.0 mV.
- h. Set the Intensified dot to a negative peak of the displayed waveform.
- i. CHECK—the readout is 0.0 mV \pm 0.5 mV.
- j. Disconnect the test equipment from the 2247A.

COUNTER/TIMER

Equipment Required (See Table 7-1)

Time-mark generator

Digital delay

50 Ω BNC coaxial cables

50 Ω BNC termination

Leveled sine-wave generator

- Period 1.
- a. Set:

READOUT (Intensity)	For a viewable readout
A INTEN	For a viewable trace
VERTICAL MODE	CH 1
CH 1 VOLTS/DIV	0.5 V
CH 1 Input COUPLING	DC
Horizontal MODE	A
A SEC/DIV	1 μs
A/B SELECT	A Trigger
Horizontal POSITION	12 o'clock
TRIGGER MODE	AUTO LEVEL
TRIGGER SOURCE	VERT
TRIGGER CPLG	DC
TRIGGER SLOPE	_/ (positive-
	going)
TRIGGER HOLDOFF	MIN
TRIGGER LEVEL	12 o'clock
Measurements	All off (press
	CLEAR
	DISPLAY
	three times)
FOCUS	For best-defined display

- b. Connect time-mark generator (TG 501 Option 01) to the CH 1 input connector via a 50 Ω BNC coaxial cable and a 50 Ω BNC termination.

- c. Set the time-mark generator for 1 μ s time markers.
- d. CHECK—the time markers are between two and four divisions high on the 2247A crt.
- e. Press the CURSOR VOLTS button. Select (TO AUTO TRACKING MENU). Select TRACK TRIG LVL. Select (MENU OFF) to remove the menu.
- f. Press the COUNTER/TIMER button. Select PERIOD.

NOTE

For all of the following steps, the Trigger level cursor must be in the middle of the waveform.

- g. CHECK—the Trigger tracking cursor falls in the middle of the waveform. If not, set A/B SELECT to B and press the TRIGGER MODE

 the button. CHECK again.
- h. CHECK—for a readout between 0.999,989,9 μs (or 999.989,93 ns) and 1.000,010,1 μs.
- i. Disconnect the test equipment from the 2247A.
- 2. Width
- a. Set:

VERTICAL MODE	CH 2 (CH 1 off)
CH 2 VOLTS/DIV	0.5 V
CH 2 INVERT	Off
A SEC/DIV	20 ns
A/B SELECT	Α
A SLOPE	<u>_</u>
A TRIGGER MODE	AUTO LEVEL
A TRIGGER SOURCE	VERT
A TRIGGER CPLG	DC

b. Set the time-mark generator (TG 501 Option 01) to 0.1 μ s.

- c. Connect the time-mark generator Marker Out through a 50 Ω coaxial cable and a 50 Ω terminator to the digital delay (DD 501) Events Input. Connect the time-mark generator Trigger Out through a 50 Ω coaxial cable and a 50 Ω terminator to the digital delay Start Input. Connect the digital delay Dly'd Trig Out through a 50 Ω coaxial cable and a 50 Ω terminator to the CH 2 input connector.
- d. Set the digital delay Count to 00000, the Events Slope to +, and the Start Slope to +.
- e. Press the CURSOR VOLTS button. Select (TO AUTO TRACKING MENU). Check that TRACK TRIG LVL is underlined. (If it is not underlined, select TRACK TRIG LVL from the AUTO TRACKING menu.)
- f. Press the COUNTER/TIMER button. Select FREQ.
- g. Adjust the digital delay trigger levels so that all TRIG'D lights are on. Check for a frequency readout of approximately 10 MHz; if not, readjust the Events and/or Start trigger level on the digital delay until the readout is 10 MHz.
- h. Position the trace in the middle of the crt.
- i. Press the COUNTER/TIMER button. Select WIDTH.
- j. Set the digital delay Count to 09999. The trace should dim out. (Intensity may need to be readjusted to see the pulse.)
- k. Set the B Trigger SLOPE to $-\!\!\!/$.
- I. CHECK—the Trigger tracking cursor falls in the middle of the waveform; if not, push the B TRIGGER MODE ↑ button and CHECK again.
- m. WRITE DOWN—the readout (it should be about 20 ns) in μ s. (If the readout is 20 ns, write down 0.02 μ s.) Keep the readout in the 10 to 35 ns range by adjusting the digital delay trigger level slightly.
- n. Set the B SLOPE to \neg .
- o. WRITE DOWN—the readout in μ s. It should be about 999 μ s. ADD this to the readout noted in step m.

- p. CHECK—that the sum of the two readouts is between 999.986 and 1000.014 μs.
- q. Disconnect the test equipment from the 2247A.
- 3. Rise Time Accuracy
- a. Set:

VERTICAL MODE	CH 1 (CH 2 off)
CH 1 VOLTS/DIV	0.2 V
A SEC/DIV	0.2 μs
A SLOPE	_ _

- b. Connect sine-wave generator (SG 503) to the CH 1 Input connector via a 50 Ω cable and a 50 Ω terminator.
- c. Set the leveled sine-wave generator Frequency to 1 MHz and the Ampl. Multiplier to X1.
- d. Press the COUNTER/TIMER button. Select FREQ.
- e. Adjust the sine-wave generator for five divisions of signal.
- f. Adjust the sine-wave generator for 0.998,000,0 MHz (998.000.00 kHz) to 1.002,000,0 MHz readout on the crt.
- g. Press the TIME button. Select (TO RISE/FALL MENU). Select TRIG 10-90. Select RISE.
- h. CHECK-for a readout between 260.11 and 330.23 ns.

NOTE

A 1 MHz sinewave has a 10–90% rise time of 295.167 ns; 20–80% rise time is 204.833 ns.

- i. Move the sine-wave generator to the EXT COUNTER/TIMER TIME BASE INPUT on the Rear Panel of the 2247A.
- j. Press the COUNTER/TIMER button, and select FREQ.

k. CHECK—The "ct" readout in the right top corner of the crt has "ET" above it. (The readout may be flashing the message "FINDING PEAKS," "NO START," or "NO RISE." That is okay.)

NOTE

If the above check fails, try to readjust the sine-wave generator frequency closer to 1 MHz. See steps c through f.

I. Disconnect the test equipment from the 2247A.

EXTERNAL Z-AXIS, PROBE ADJUST AND AUTO SETUP FUNCTIONS

Equipment Required (See Table 7-1)

Calibration generator	BNC T-connector
Two 50 Ω BNC coaxial cables	Test oscilloscope
50 Ω Precision BNC coaxial cable	with a 10X probe

- 1. Check External Z-Axis Input
- a. Set:

READOUT (Intensity)	For a viewable readout
A INTEN	For a viewable
	trace
Vertical MODE	CH 1
CH 1 VOLTS/DIV	1 V
CH 2 INVERT	Off
SCOPE BW	Off
CH 1 Input COUPLING	DC
Horizontal MODE	Α
A SEC/DIV	0.5 ms
A/B SELECT	A Trigger
Trigger MODE	AUTO LEVEL
Trigger CPLG	DC
Trigger SOURCE	VERT
Trigger SLOPE	_/ (positive-
	going)
Trigger HOLDOFF	MIN
Measurements	All off (Press
	CLEAR
	DISPLAY three
500118	times)
FOCUS	For best
Harizantal POSITION	defined display
Horizontal POSITION	12 o'clock

- b. Connect calibration generator (PG 506) Std Ampl output to the CH 1 and the EXT Z-AXIS inputs via a 50 Ω precision BNC coaxial cable, a BNC T-connector, and two 50 Ω BNC coaxial cables. Set generator to Std Ampl output, 5 V.
- c. Set A INTEN to maximum intensity.
- d. CHECK—waveform display intensity starts decreasing at 1.8 V or less and the waveform is completely blanked out at 3.8 V.
- e. Set A INTEN to midrange.
- f. Disconnect the test equipment from the 2247A.
- 2. PROBE ADJUST Output
- a. Set:

CH 1 Vertical MODE	10 mV
SEC/DIV	0.2 ms

- b. Connect a 10X probe to the CH 1 input connector and connect the probe tip to the 2247A PROBE ADJUST output. (When using Tektronix coded probes the readout changes to .1V.)
- c. CHECK—for a 5-division vertical display of PROBE ADJUST squarewave signal (square-wave period is typically 1 ms, within 25%).
- 3. AUTO SETUP Functional Check
- a. Set:

CH 1 COUPLING	GND
CH 1 VOLTS/DIV	2 mV
A SEC/DIV	20 ns

- b. Press the AUTO SETUP button.
- c. Check that the Probe Adjust waveform is stably displayed on the upper half of the crt.

- 4. Run MAKE FACTORY SETTINGS Routine
- a. Press the top and bottom Menu-Select buttons to display the SERVICE MENU.
- b. Press the down-arrow menu button to underline the INTERNAL SETTINGS MENU.
- c. Press SELECT.
- d. Press the down-arrow menu button once and press RUN to run the MAKE FACTORY SETTINGS routine.
- e. When the routine is finished, press the CLEAR DISPLAY button to return to the normal oscilloscope mode.

OPTION 15

Equipment Required (See Table 7-1)

Calibration generator	Two 50 Ω Bl
Test oscilloscope	50 Ω precision
Leveled sine-wave generator	Two 50 Ω Bi

1. Signal Output

a. Set:

VERTICAL MODE
CH 1 and CH 2
CH 3 and CH 4
BW LIMIT
VOLTS/DIV
CH 1 and CH 2
Input Coupling
CH 1 and CH 2
A and B SEC/DIV
TRIGGER MODE
SOURCE
COUPLING

Two 50 Ω BNC coaxial cables 50 Ω precision BNC coaxial cable Two 50 Ω BNC termination

> Off (light off) Off (light off) 2 mV GND 1 ms AUTO LEVEL VERT NOISE REJ

On (light on)

- b. Push the CH 2 VERTICAL MODE button so that light is off.
- c. Connect the CH 2 signal from the rear-panel CH 2 SIGNAL OUT connector to the CH 1 OR X input connector via a 50 Ω BNC cable.
- d. Align the CH 1 trace to the center graticule line.
- e. Set CH 1 Input Coupling to DC.
- f. CHECK-Display amplitude to 4.5 to 5.5 divisions (neglect trace width).
- g. Connect a 1 kHz, 10 mV standard-amplitude signal from the Calibration Generator to the CH 2 Input Connector via a 50 Ω BNC cable.
- h. Set CH 2 Input Coupling to DC.

- i. Set CH 1 VOLTS/DIV to 20 mV.
- j. CHECK—Display amplitude to 4.5 to 5.5 divisions (neglect trace width).
- k. Connect a 50 Ω terminator to the CH 1 Input.
- I. Set CH 1 VOLTS/DIV to 10 mV.
- m. CHECK-Display amplitude to 4.5 to 5.5 divisions (neglect trace width).
- n. Set CH 2 VOLTS/DIV to 0.1 V.
- 0. Connect a 50 kHz signal from the Leveled Sine-Wave Generator to the CH 2 input connector via a 50 Ω precision BNC cable and a 50 Ω BNC termination.
- p. Adjust the generator output level to produce a 6-division CH 1 display.
- q. Increase the generator frequency to 25 MHz.
- r. CHECK-Display amplitude is 4.24 divisions or greater.
- s. Disconnect the test setup.

2. A GATE Output

a. Set:

SEC/DIV	0.1 ms
TRIGGER MODE	AUTO
HOLDOFF	Minimum (CCW)

- b. Connect a test oscilloscope to the A GATE OUT Connector from the rear-panel via 50 Ω BNC cable.
- c. CHECK—Test oscilloscope displays a signal with a high level between 2 V and 5.25 V and a low level between 0 V and 0.7 V.
- d. CHECK-Duration of the high level is greater than or equal to 0.2 ms.
- e. Set HOLDOFF Control to maximum (CW).

- f. CHECK—Duration of the high level is greater than or equal to 2 ms.
- g. Disconnect the test setup.

THIS COMPLETES THE PERFORMANCE CHECK PROCEDURE.



OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES

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OPTIONS AND ACCESSORIES

Introduction

This section lists the instrument options and accessories that were available at the time this manual was published. To obtain additional information about these and other options and accessories, refer to a current Tektronix Product Catalog or contact your local Tektronix Field Office or representative.

International Power Cords

Instruments are shipped with the detachable power-cord option as ordered by the customer. Descriptive information about the international powercord options is provided in the Preparation for Use subsection in Section 1. Order power cords only by option number and description. The power cords available for the 2247A are as follows:

Standard, North American 120 V, 60 Hz, 74 in. Option A1, Universal Euro 220 V, 50 Hz, 2.5 m Option A2, UK 240 V, 50 Hz, 2.5 m Option A3, Australian 240 V, 50 Hz, 2.5 m Option A4, North American 240 V, 50 Hz, 2.5 m Option A5, Switzerland 220 V, 50 Hz, 2.5 m

Option 15

The 2247A Option 15 oscilloscope provides two additional output signals from the rear of the instrument: a Channel 2 output signal and an A GATE output signal. The following paragraphs give a more detailed description of both of these outputs. Specifications and Performance Checks are integrated into the appropriate sections of this manual.

CH 2 Signal Output—Connector located on the rear-panel provides an output signal that is a normalized representation of the Channel 2 input signal. The output amplitude into a 1 M Ω load is approximately 20 mV per division of input signal. Into a 50 Ω load, the output amplitude is approximately 10 mV per division of input signal.

A GATE Output—Connector located on the rear-panel provides a TTL and CMOS compatible, positive-going gate signal that is HI during the A Sweep and LO when the A Sweep is not running.

Option 1R Rackmounted Instrument

When the 2247A Portable Oscilloscope is ordered with Option 1R, it is shipped in a configuration that permits easy installation into a 19-inch-wide equipment rack. Also, an optional rackmounting kit may be ordered to convert the standard 2247A to a rackmounted instrument. Installation instructions for rackmounting are provided in the documentation supplied with the rackmounting kit and the 1R Option.

Other Available Options

Option 02	Front Panel Cover and Accessory Pouch
Option 1C	C-5C Option 02 Camera
Option 1K	K212 Portable Instrument Cart
Option 17	P6408 Logic Probe included
Option 22	Two P6109 Option 1 10X voltage probes
Option 23	Two P6062B 1X/10X voltage probes, 6 feet

Part Number

Standard Accessories

The following standard accessories are provided with each instrument:

	Part Number
2 Probes, 10X, 1.5 meter	
with accessories	P6109 or equivalent
1 Power cord	As ordered
1 Power cord clamp	343-1213-00
1 Operators Manual	070-6373-01
1 Reference Guide	070-6688-01
1 CRT implosion shield,	
blue plastic (installed)	337-2775-00
1 Fuse, 2 A, 250 V, slow-blow	159-0023-00
1 Accessory pouch, ziploc	004-0130-00

Optional Accessories

The following optional accessories are recommended for use with the 2247A Oscilloscope:

Instrument Enhancements	Part Numbe	
Protective Front-Panel Cover	200-3232-00	
Attaching Accessories Pouch	016-0857-00	
Protective Waterproof Vinyl Cover	016-0848-00	
Clear Implosion Shield	337-2275-01	
Rackmounting kit	2240F1R	
DC Inverter Power Supply	1105	
2247A Service Manual	070-6367-01	

Transportation Aids

Carrying Strap	346-0199-00
Portable Instrument Cart	K212

Cameras

Low-Cost Scope Camera	C5 Option 02
Motorized Camera	C7 Options 03 and 30
High-Performance Camera	C30B Option 01

Probes

Active Probe	P6202A
Power Supply for Active Probe	1101A
Current Probes	P6021 (1.52 m);
	P6022 (1.52 m);
	A6302/AM503;
	A6303/AM503
Environmental Probe	P6008 (1.83 m)
High Voltage Probe	P6009 (2.74 m)
1X/10X Passive Probe	P6063B (1.83 m)
Subminiature 10X Probe	P6130 (2 m)
Ground Isolation Monitor	A6901
Isolator (for floating	
measurements)	A6902B

Viewing Hoods

Collapsible Viewing Hood	016-0592-00
Binocular Viewing Hood	016-0566-00
Polarized Collapsible Viewing Hood	016-0180-00

APPENDIX

AUTO-SETUP CONTROL SETTINGS FACTORY SETTINGS FACTORY STORED SETUPS

2247A Operators

For the most complete, Accurate, and legible service manuals For obsolete test equipment



Table A-1

AUTO SETUP Control Settings

FRONT PANEL CONTROL	AUTO SETUP ACTION	
SCOPE BW	Off.	
X10 MAG	Off.	
Horizontal POSITION	Midrange, if not within 1 division of midrange.	
	NOTE—The POSITION control does not affect trace position until moved through the point corre- sponding to the trace position set by AUTO SETUP.	
Horizontal MODE	A, if A or X-Y selected; ALT, if ALT or B selected.	
TRIGGER		
A/B SELECT	A, if A Horizontal MODE selected by AUTO SETUP; otherwise B.	
A MODE	AUTO LEVEL.	
B MODE	RUNS AFTER, if ALT or B selected by user; if single-channel Counter/Timer measurement or frequency ratio measurement, mode is set to AUTO LEVEL; otherwise as selected.	
A SOURCE	VERT.	
B SOURCE	VERT, if ALT or B selected by user; otherwise as selected.	
A CPLG	NOISE REJ, if SOURCE Volts/Div is set to 2 mV by AUTO SETUP; otherwise DC.	
B CPLG	If ALT or B selected by user: NOISE REJ, if SOURCE Volts/Div is set to 2 mV by AUTO SETUP; otherwise DC. If A hori- zontal mode: B CPLG will remain as selected by user.	
A SLOPE	As selected by user.	
B SLOPE	As selected by user.	
A LEVEL	Nominally midway between peaks of A SOURCE signal. Signal peaks must be \leq (10 volts X probe multiplier).	

Table A-1 (cont)

FRONT PANEL CONTROL	AUTO SETUP ACTION
TRIGGER (cont) B LEVEL	Nominally midway between peaks of B SOURCE signal, if ALT or B selected; if a Counter/Timer measurement in A hori- zontal is selected, level(s) reacquired; otherwise as selected by user.
CH 1 and CH 2 COUPLING (Channel turned on)	DC, if COUPLING set to GND or DC; otherwise AC.
VERTICAL MODE CH 1, CH 2, and ADD	CH 1 and CH 2, if ADD only was selected; otherwise only CH 1, CH 2, or both as selected by user.
CH 3 and CH 4	As selected by user.
CHOP/ALT	CHOP if A sweep is 0.1 ms/div or slower, ALT if 50 μs/div or faster.
CH 2 INVERT	Off.
VERTICAL POSITION	NOTE—The POSITION controls do not affect trace vertical position until moved through the point corresponding to the trace position set by AUTO SETUP. NOTE—The accuracy of POSITION controls only apply over a tem- perature range of 15°C to 35°C when the instrument is calibrated between 20°C and 30°C. Speci- fications are in addition to position errors caused by VARiable gain trace shift and input Gate current.
CH 1	If selected, ground level aligned with 3rd graticule line (± 0.5 div) from top; other-wise no action.
CH 2	If selected, ground level aligned with 5th graticule line (± 0.5 div) from top; otherwise no action.
СН 3	If selected, ground level aligned with 1st graticule line (± 0.8 div) from top; other-wise no action.

Table A-1 (cont)

·····	T
FRONT PANEL CONTROL	AUTO SETUP ACTION
VERTICAL POSITION (cont)	
СН 4	If selected, ground level aligned with 7th graticule line (± 0.8 div) from top; other-wise no action.
CH 1 and CH 2 VOLTS/DIV	Lowest value for which all waveform values are within approximately ± 2 divisions of ground. If rise or fall time measurement selected, highest value that will display approximately ≥ 4 divisions peak-to-peak, with the restriction that all waveform values must be within about 10 divisions of ground.
CH 3 and CH 4 VOLTS/DIV	0.5 V (times probe multiplier).
A SEC/DIV	One speed slower than the fastest speed that displays one complete cycle of the triggering signal within 11 horizontal divisions, within the range 20 ms/div to 20 ns/div.
	NOTE—Depending on input signal characteristics, if more than one complete cycle can be displayed at 20 ns/div, the A Sweep may be set to either 50 ns/div or 20 ns/div.
B SEC/DIV	20 ns if A SEC/DIV was set to 50 ns or 20 ns by AUTO SETUP; otherwise, two speeds faster than A SEC/DIV.
Menu Selection	As selected by user.
CURSORS/TIME POSITION	Measurement reinitialized.
A INTEN, B INTEN, READOUT	40% of maximum intensity if pot rotation is less than 28% from CCW stop; other- wise, as adjusted by user.
	A intensity is set to 30% if Horizontal Mode is ALT.
	NOTE—These controls do not affect display intensity until moved through the point corresponding to the intensity level set by the AUTO SETUP.

Table A-1 (cont)

FRONT PANEL CONTROL	AUTO SETUP ACTION	
TRACE SEP	Midrange if ALT or B selected by user; otherwise, as adjusted by user.	
	NOTE—The TRACE SEP control does not affect the trace separation until moved through the point corre- sponding to the trace position set by AUTO SETUP.	
HOLDOFF	As adjusted by user.	
CH 1 VAR, CH 2 VAR, SEC/DIV VAR	As adjusted by user.	

Table A-2

MIN SETUP Control Settings^a B020100 and above

FRONT-PANEL CONTROL	MIN SETUP ACTION
HORIZONTAL MODE	Changes to ALT if B selected.
TRIGGER	Nominally midway between peaks of A
A LEVEL	SOURCE signal. Signal peaks must be \leq (10 volts X probe multiplier).
B LEVEL	Nominally midway between peaks of B SOURCE signal. Signal peaks must be \leq (10 volts X probe multiplier).
CH 1 and CH 2 COUPLING (Channel turned on)	DC, if COUPLING set to GND or DC; otherwise AC.
VERTICAL MODE	
CH 1, CH 2, and ADD	CH 1 and CH 2, if ADD only was selected; otherwise only CH 1, or CH 2, or both as selected.
CH 1 and CH 2 VOLTS/DIV	Lowest value for which all waveform values are within ± 2 divisions of ground. ^b
	If Horizontal MODE is X-Y, CH 1 VOLTS/DIV is stepped down one additonal setting.
A SEC/DIV	One speed slower than the fastest speed that displays one complete cycle of the triggering signal, within the range 2 ms to 20 ns. ^c
	Depending on input signai characteristics, if more than one complete cycle can be displayed at 20 ns, the A sweep may be set to either 50 ns or 20 ns.
	5 ms, if TV FIELD selected; 10 $\mu s,$ if TV LINE selected.
B SEC/DIV	20 ns, if A SEC/DIV was set to 20 ns or 50 ns by MIN SETUP; otherwise two speeds faster than A SEC/DIV.
	10 μ s, if TV LINE selected.
CURSORS/TIME POSITION	Measurement reinitialized.

^a MIN SETUP only sets those controls listed. All other front panel controls remain as set by the user.

^b Trace and readout are displayed if channel is active when MIN SETUP button is pressed. ^c Sweep speed is set the same regardless of the setting of the X10 Horizontal MAG button.

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Table B-1

Factory Settings

Controls	Settings
VERTICAL MODE	CH 1 AND CH 2
CH 1, CH 2 INPUT COUPLING	DC
CH 1, 2, 3, 4 VOLTS/DIV	0.1 V
CH 2 INVERT	OFF
SCOPE BW	OFF
HORIZONTAL MODE	A
X10 MAG	OFF
A SEC/DIV	0.1 ms
B SEC/DIV	1 µs
A, B SLOPE	
A/B SELECT	A
A TRIGGER MODE	AUTO LEVEL
B TRIGGER MODE	RUNS AFTER
A and B TRIGGER SOURCE	СН 1
A and B TRIGGER COUPLING	DC
MEASUREMENTS	OFF

Table B-1 (cont)

Controls	Settings
TRACKING CURSORS	OFF
CONFIGURE Selections:	
INITIALIZE TIME CURSORS/DELAYS?	YES
PRESET TV TRIG SLOPE FOR -SYNC?	YES
All other CONFIGURE selections	NO

FACTORY STORED SETUPS

Setup #1: ADJUST FLAT TOP

CRT

A INTEN Level	25% of range
B INTEN Level	Mid range
READOUT	Mid range

VERTICAL

MODE CH 1/CH 2 COUPLING	CH 1 (all others off) DC
SCOPE BW	On
CH 2 INVERT	Off
CH 1/CH 2 VOLTS/DIV	10 mV*
CH 3/CH 4 VOLTS/DIV	.1 V*
CH 1/CH 2 VAR VOLTS/DIV	Calibrated (UNCAL off)
CH 1 POSITION	Ground level at 3rd graticule line
	below center screen
CH 2 POSITION	Ground level at 1st graticule line
	below center screen
CH 3 POSITION	Ground level at 1st graticule line
	above center screen

HORIZONTAL

CH 4 POSITION

MODE	Α
X10 MAG	Off
POSITION	Mid range
A SEC/DIV	.2 ms
B SEC/DIV	20 μs
SEC/DIV VAR	Calibrated (UNCAL off)
TRACE SEP	B sweep trace 2 divs below
	center graticule line

Ground level at 3rd

above center screen

graticule line

TRIGGER

HOLDOFF A LEVEL	MIN Set for stable display of a .5 V signal with VOLTS/DIV set to .1 V (10X probe attached)
B LEVEL	Set for stable display of a .5 V signal with VOLTS/DIV set to .1 V (10X probe attached)
A SLOPE	
B SLOPE	
A/B SELECT	A
A MODE	AUTO LEVEL
A SOURCE	CH 1
A COUPLING	DC
B MODE	RUNS AFTER
B SOURCE	None
B COUPLING	DC

MEASUREMENTS

No measurements turned on.

Setup #2: AUTO TO 100 MHz

CRT

A INTEN Level	25% of range
B INTEN Level	Mid range
READOUT	Mid range

VERTICAL

CH 1 (all others off)
DC
On
Off
20 mV*
10 mV*
.1 V*
Calibrated (UNCAL off)

CH 1 POSITION	Ground level at 3rd graticule line
	below center screen
CH 2 POSITION	Ground level at 1st
	graticule line
	below center screen
CH 3 POSITION	Ground level at 1st
	graticule line
	above center screen
CH 4 POSITION	Ground level at 3rd
	graticule line
	above center screen

HORIZONTAL

MODE	Α
X10 MAG	Off
POSITION	Mid range
A SEC/DIV	.2 ms
B SEC/DIV	20 µs
SEC/DIV VAR	Calibrated (UNCAL off)
TRACE SEP	B sweep trace 2 divs below center graticule line

TRIGGER

HOLDOFF MIN A LEVEL Set for stable display of a .5 V signal with VOLTS/DIV set to .1 V (10X probe attached) **B** LEVEL Set for stable display of a .5 V signal with VOLTS/DIV set to .1 V (10X probe attached) A SLOPE __ __ **B** SLOPE A/B SELECT Α A MODE AUTO LEVEL A SOURCE CH 1 A COUPLING DC **B** MODE **RUNS AFTER B SOURCE** None **B** COUPLING

DC

MEASUREMENTS

VOLTMETER CH 1/CH 2	PK-PK
Measurement Channel	CH 1
TRACK MEASMT Cursors	Enabled
TRACK TRIG LVL	Disabled
TRACK	Disabled

Setup #3: SELECTABLE TIME

CRT

A INTEN Level	25% of range
B INTEN Level	Mid range
READOUT	Mid range

VERTICAL

MODE	C
CH 1/CH 2 COUPLING	0
SCOPE BW	C
CH 2 INVERT	C
CH 1 VOLTS/DIV	2
CH 2 VOLTS/DIV	1
CH 3/CH 4/VOLTS/DIV	
CH 1/CH 2 VAR VOLTS/DIV	C
CH 1 POSITION	C
	,

CH 2 POSITION

CH 3 POSITION

CH 4 POSITION

CH 1 (all others off) DC On Off 20 mV* 10 mV* .1 V* Calibrated (UNCAL off) Ground level at 3rd graticule line below center screen Ground level at 1st graticule line below center screen Ground level at 1st graticule line above center screen Ground level at 3rd graticule line above center screen

HORIZONTAL

MODE	A
X10 MAG	Off
POSITION	Mid range

A SEC/DIV	.2 ms
B SEC/DIV	20 µs
SEC/DIV VAR	Calibrated (UNCAL off)
TRACE SEP	B sweep trace 2 divs below center graticule line

TRIGGER

HOLDOFF	MIN
A LEVEL	Set for stable display of
	a .5 V signal with
	VOLTS/DIV set to .1 V
	(10X probe attached)
B LEVEL	Set for stable display of
	a .5 V signal with
	VOLTS/DIV set to .1 V
	(10X probe attached)
A SLOPE	
B SLOPE	_ _
A/B SELECT	Α
A MODE	AUTO LEVEL
A SOURCE	CH 1
A COUPLING	DC
B MODE	RUNS AFTER
B SOURCE	None

MEASUREMENTS

B COUPLING

VOLTMETER CH 1/CH 2 Measurement Channel TRACK MEASMT Cursors TRACK TRIG LVL Cursors TRACK か Cursors Gated (intensified) Zone GATED +PEAK CH 1 Enabled Disabled Enabled Starts at 7th graticule line ends at 8th graticule line.

DC

Setup #4: MANUAL VOLTS

CRT

A INTEN Level B INTEN Level READOUT 25% of range Mid range Mid range

VERTICAL

MODE CH 1/CH 2 COUPLING SCOPE BW CH 2 INVERT CH 1/CH 2 VOLTS/DIV CH 3/CH 4 VOLTS/DIV CH 1/CH 2 VAR VOLTS/DIV CH 1 POSITION

CH 2 POSITION

CH 3 POSITION

CH 4 POSITION

HORIZONTAL

MODE	Α
X10 MAG	Off
POSITION	Mid range
A SEC/DIV	.2 ms
B SEC/DIV	20 µs
SEC/DIV VAR	Calibrated (UNCAL off)
TRACE SEP	B sweep trace 2 divs below

TRIGGER

HOLDOFF A LEVEL

B LEVEL

CH 1 (all others off) DC On Off 10 mV* .1 V* Calibrated (UNCAL off) Ground level at 3rd graticule line below center screen Ground level at 1st graticule line below center screen Ground level at 1st graticule line above center screen Ground level at 3rd graticule line above center screen

center graticule line

MIN Set for stable display of a .5 V signal with VOLTS/DIV set to .1 V (10X probe attached) Set for stable display of a .5 V signal with VOLTS/DIV set to .1 V (10X probe attached)

A SLOPE **B** SLOPE A/B SELECT A MODE A SOURCE A COUPLING **B MODE B SOURCE B** COUPLING

__ Δ AUTO LEVEL CH 1 DC **RUNS AFTER** None DC

MEASUREMENTS

CURSOR VOLTS Measurement Channel TRACK MEASMT Cursors TRACK TRIG LVL TRACK 巾 Cursors I← (reference cursor)

← VOLTS-> CH 1 Disabled Disabled Disabled Set to slightly above screen center. Set to slightly below screen center

 \rightarrow (delta cursor)

Setup #5: SET CURSORS

CRT

A INTEN Level	25% of range
B INTEN Level	Mid range
READOUT	Mid range

VERTICAL

MODE CH 1/CH 2 COUPLING SCOPE BW CH 2 INVERT CH 1/CH 2 VOLTS/DIV CH 3/CH 4 VOLTS/DIV CH 1/CH 2 VAR CH 1 POSITION

CH 1 (all others off) DC On Off 10 mV* .1 V* Calibrated (UNCAL off) Ground level at 3rd graticule line below center screen

CH 2 POSITION Ground level at 1st graticule line below center screen CH 3 POSITION Ground level at 1st araticule line above center screen **CH 4 POSITION** Ground level at 3rd

HORIZONTAL

MODE	Α
X10 MAG	Off
POSITION	Mid range
A SEC/DIV	.2 ms
B SEC/DIV	20 μs
SEC/DIV VAR	Calibrated (UNCAL off)
TRACE SEP	B sweep trace 2 divs below
	eester gratioule line

TRIGGER

HOLDOFF A LEVEL

B LEVEL

A SLOPE **B** SLOPE A/B SELECT A MODE A SOURCE A COUPLING **B MODE B SOURCE B** COUPLING

MEASUREMENTS

TIME

Measurement Channel TRACK MEASMT Cursors TRACK TRIG LVL Cursors graticule line above center screen

center graticule line

MIN Set for stable display of a .5 V signal with VOLTS/DIV set to .1 V (10X probe attached) Set for stable display of a .5 V signal with VOLTS/DIV set to .1 V (10X probe attached) ___ Α AUTO LEVEL CH 1 DC **RUNS AFTER** None DC

← 1/SEC → CH 1 Disabled Enabled

TRACK か Cursors Reference Cursor

Delta Cursor

Disabled Slightly left of center graticule line Slightly right of center graticule line

Setup #6: ADJUST CH 1 V/D

CRT

A INTEN Level	25% of range
B INTEN Level	Mid range
READOUT	Mid range

VERTICAL

MODE	CH 1 (all others off)
CH 1/CH 2 COUPLING	DC
SCOPE BW	On
CH 2 INVERT	Off
CH 1 VOLTS/DIV	100 mV*
CH 2 VOLTS/DIV	10 mV*
CH 3/CH 4 VOLTS/DIV	.1 V*
CH 1/CH 2 VAR	Calibrated (UNCAL off)
CH 1 POSITION	Ground level at 3rd
	graticule line below
	center screen
CH 2 POSITION	Ground level at 1st
	graticule line
	below center screen
CH 3 POSITION	Ground level at 1st
	graticule line
	above center screen
CH 4 POSITION	Ground level at 3rd
	graticule line
	above center screen

HORIZONTAL

MODE	А
X10 MAG	Off
POSITION	Mid range
A SEC/DIV	.2 ms
B SEC/DIV	20 µs

Calibrated (UNCAL off) SEC/DIV VAR B sweep trace 2 divs below TRACE SEP center graticule line TRIGGER MIN HOLDOFF Set for stable display of A LEVEL a .5 V signal with VOLTS/DIV set to .1 V (10X probe attached) Set for stable display of **B LEVEL** a .5 V signal with VOLTS/DIV set to .1 V (10X probe attached) A SLOPE $\boldsymbol{\mathcal{L}}$ \square **B** SLOPE Α A/B SELECT AUTO LEVEL A MODE CH 1 A SOURCE NOISE REJ A COUPLING **RUNS AFTER B MODE** None **B SOURCE** DC **B** COUPLING

MEASUREMENTS

TRACK MEASMT Cursors	Disabled
TRACK TRIG LVL Cursors	Enabled
TRACK In Cursors	Disabled

Setup #7: SELECT DELAY

CRT

A INTEN Level	25% of range
B INTEN Level	Mid range
READOUT	Mid range

VERTICAL

MODE	CH 1 (all others off)
CH 1/CH 2 COUPLING	DC
SCOPE BW	On
CH 2 INVERT	Off

50 mV* 10 mV*

Calibrated (UNCAL off)

Ground level at 3rd graticule line below center screen

Ground level at 1st

below center screen Ground level at 1st

above center screen

above center screen

center graticule line.

Ground level at 3rd

graticule line

graticule line

graticule line

.1 V*

CH 1 VOLTS/DIV CH 2 VOLTS/DIV CH 3/CH 4 VOLTS/DIV CH 1/CH 2 VAR VOLTS/DIV CH 1 POSITION

CH 2 POSITION

CH 3 POSITION

CH 4 POSITION

HORIZONTAL

MODE	ALT
X10 MAG	Off
POSITION	Mid range
A SEC/DIV	.2 ms
B SEC/DIV	20 μs
SEC/DIV VAR	Calibrated (UNCAL off)
TRACE SEP	Set so that B sweep
	trace is about 1.5
	divisions below the

TRIGGER

HOLDOFF	MIN
A LEVEL	Set at a level that will force
	an autolevel acquisition with
	almost any input signal.
B LEVEL	Same as A LEVEL
A SLOPE	
B SLOPE	_ _
A/B SELECT	Α
A MODE	AUTO LEVEL
A SOURCE	CH 1
A COUPLING	DC
B MODE	RUNS AFTER
B SOURCE	CH 1
BCOUPLING	DC

MEASUREMENTS

TRACK MEASMT Cursors	Disabled
TRACK TRIG LVL Cursors	Disabled
TRACK	Disabled

Setup #8: MATCH EDGES

CRT

A INTEN Level	25% of range
B INTEN Level	Mid range
READOUT	Mid range

VERTICAL

MODE	CH 1 (all others off)
CH 1/CH 2 COUPLING	DC
SCOPE BW	On
CH 2 INVERT	Off
CH 1 VOLTS/DIV	50 mV*
CH 2 VOLTS/DIV	10 mV*
CH 3/CH 4 VOLTS/DIV	.1 V*
CH 1 /CH 2 VAR	Calibrated (UNCAL off)
CH 1 POSITION	Ground level at 3rd
	graticule line below
	center screen
CH 2 POSITION	Ground level at 1st
	graticule line
	below center screen
CH 3 POSITION	Ground level at 1st
	graticule line
	above center screen
CH 4 POSITION	Ground level at 3rd
	graticule line
	above center screen

divisions below the center graticule line.

HORIZONTAL

MODE	ALT
X10 MAG	Off
POSITION	Mid range
A SEC/DIV	.2 ms
B SEC/DIV	20 µs
SEC/DIV VAR	Calibrated (UNCAL off)
TRACE SEP	Set so that B sweep
	trace is about 1.5

TRIGGER

HOLDOFF A LEVEL	MIN Set at a level that will force an autolevel acquisition with almost any input signal.
B LEVEL A SLOPE B SLOPE A/B SELECT A MODE A SOURCE A COUPLING B MODE B SOURCE B COUPLING	Same as A LEVEL A AUTO LEVEL CH 1 DC RUNS AFTER CH 1 DC

MEASUREMENTS

₭- SEC →
Disabled
Enabled
Disabled
CH 1
Starts at beginning of 3rd
division.
Starts at beginning of 8th

divislon.

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